



## Supporting Information

### **Friedel–Crafts Alkylation with Carbenium Ions Generated by Electrochemical Oxidation of Stannylmethyl Ethers**

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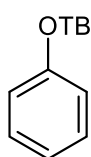
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### 1. Synthesis of starting materials

Nucleophiles were prepared according to known literature procedures from commercially available alcohols and amines.

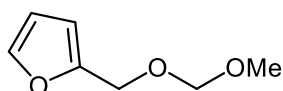
#### **Tert-butyl dimethyl(phenoxy)silane**



The compound was synthesized according to a literature procedure. <sup>[1]</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.88 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 9H), 0.20 (s, 6H).

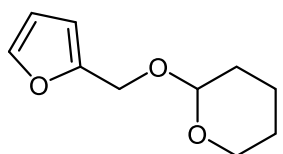
#### **2-((Methoxymethoxy)methyl)furan**



The compound was synthesized according to a literature procedure. <sup>[2]</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.42 (s, 1H), 6.34 (m, 2H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 3.40 (s, 3H).

#### **2-(Furan-2-ylmethoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran**

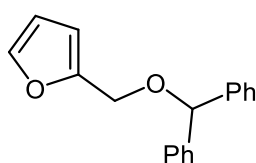


The compound was synthesized according to a literature procedure. <sup>[3]</sup>

Product has been reported in literature. <sup>[4]</sup>

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.40 (s, 1H), 6.33 (s, 2H), 4.71 (m, 1H), 4.66 (m, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H), 3.98 – 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.54 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.45 (m, 6H).

#### **2-((Benzhydryloxy)methyl)furan**



To a stirred solution of furfuryl alcohol (1.00 mL, 11.67 mmol) in dry DMF, sodium hydride (60% in oil, 0.70 g, 17.35 mmol) was added in portions under Ar at 0 °C. The solution was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Then, benzhydryl bromide (3.00 g, 12.15 mmol) was added in portions, and the solution was stirred overnight. Afterwards, the reaction mixture was quenched

with water and the aqueous layer was washed with EtOAc (2x), the combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and the solvent was evaporated in vacuum. The

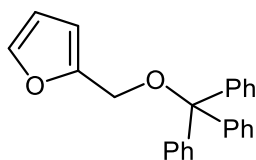
crude mixture was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 8:1), yielding 2.05 g (66%) of product as a yellow oil.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.42 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.21 (m, 11H including residual  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ), 6.34 (m, 1H), 6.30 (m, 1H), 5.46 (s, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  151.94, 142.93, 141.90, 128.55, 127.66, 127.36, 110.36, 109.58, 82.27, 62.71.

HR-MS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ : calcd. for  $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_2$   $[\text{M}-1]^+$  263.1072; found: 263.1076.

### 2-((Trityloxy)methyl)furan

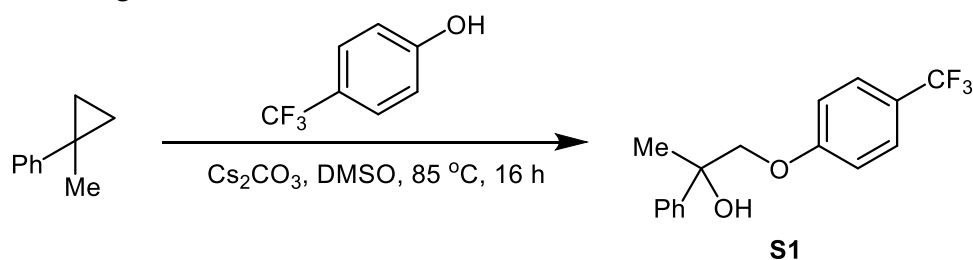


2-((Trityloxy)methyl)furan was synthesized according to a literature procedure<sup>[5]</sup> from furfuryl alcohol (0.50 mL, 5.78 mmol), trityl chloride (1.77 g, 6.36 mmol), triethylamine (1.37 mL, 9.83 mmol), and DMAP (56.5 mg, 0.46 mmol). Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 8:1) afforded 1.32 g (67%) of product as a white solid.

Product has been reported in literature.<sup>[6]</sup>

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.52 (d,  $J$  = 7.0 Hz, 6H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.37 – 7.18 (m, 13H including residual  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ), 6.34 (m, 1H), 6.25 (d,  $J$  = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H).

### Synthesis of starting alcohol S1



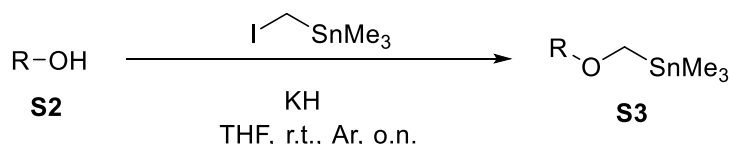
Synthesized according to a literature method<sup>[7]</sup> from 2-methyl-2-phenoxirane (1.45 g, 10.80 mmol), 4-(trifluoromethyl)phenol (1.84 g, 11.34 mmol), and cesium carbonate (3.87 g, 11.88 mmol). Purification by flash column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 4:1) afforded 1.21 g (38%) of product as a yellow oil.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.62 – 7.30 (m, 7H), 7.02 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 4.12 (d,  $J$  = 19.9 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (d,  $J$  = 15.0 Hz, 1H), 1.70 (s, 3H).

### Synthesis of stannylmethylethers

The synthesis of substrates **1b-d**, **1i**, **1k** has been described before.<sup>[8]</sup>

Substrates were synthesized according to the general procedure. Synthesis method was adapted from previous studies.<sup>[8]</sup>



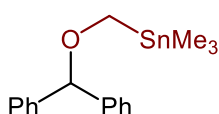
Oven-dried flask was charged with 30% KH suspension in oil (1.50 equiv) in dry THF under argon. Alcohol **S2** (1.00 equiv) was added to the suspension in portions and the solution was stirred for 10 min at room temperature. Afterwards, (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (1.10 equiv) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred overnight. Then, the excess KH was quenched by slow addition of water, the reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether and washed with water and brine. The

organic phase was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and the solvent was evaporated to afford a crude mixture which was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to obtain product **S3**.

**Note on handling trimethyltin compounds.** Organotin compounds are known to be very toxic for animals and humans. Organotin compounds can impact the CNS, cause damage to respiratory system, act as endocrine-disrupting chemicals. Volatile organotin compounds, including trimethyltin derivatives, can cause persistent headaches, epileptiform convulsions, narcosis, and respiratory paralysis.<sup>[9]</sup> Care should be taken when handling organotin compounds: they should be handled only in a fumehood in PPE by trained personnel.

After the electrolysis, solid trimethyltin derivatives form that are removed by silica gel which should be disposed as hazardous waste.<sup>[10]</sup>

### ((Benzhydryloxy)methyl)trimethylstannane (1a)



Prepared according to the general method from benzhydrol (5.00 g, 2.70 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.54 g, 4.05 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (0.90 g, 2.97 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 20:1) afforded 0.75

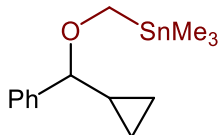
g (77%) of product as a colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 8H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 5.16 (s, 1H), 3.66 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>1</sup>H) = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 0.15 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>1</sup>H) = 26.0/27.2 Hz, 9H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 142.82, 128.41, 127.39, 127.12, 87.68 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>13</sup>C) = 24.4/25.4 Hz), 60.94 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>13</sup>C) = 206.6/215.5 Hz), -10.21 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>13</sup>C) = 157.6/165.4 Hz).

HR-MS (ESI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd. for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>19</sub>OSn [M-Me]<sup>+</sup> 347.0458; found: 347.0471.

### ((Cyclopropyl(phenyl)methoxy)methyl)trimethylstannane (1e)



Prepared according to the general method from α-cyclopropylbenzyl alcohol (0.67 g, 4.55 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.91 g, 6.82 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (2.16 g, 5.00 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/DCM 9:1) afforded 1.30 g

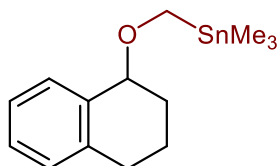
(88%) of product as a colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.40 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 3.67 – 3.49 (m, 3H), 1.10 (m, 1H), 0.57 (m, 1H), 0.52 – 0.37 (m, 2H), 0.28 (m, 1H), 0.11 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>1</sup>H) = 25.9/27.3, 9H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 142.71, 128.34, 127.46, 127.05, 88.95 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>13</sup>C) = 21.0/21.9 Hz), 60.73 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>13</sup>C) = 209.3/217.7 Hz), 17.92, 3.88, 2.07, -10.17 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>13</sup>C) = 156.3/163.6 Hz).

HR-MS (ESI-TOF) *m/z*: calcd. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>23</sub>OSn [M+1]<sup>+</sup> 327.0771; found: 327.0779.

### Trimethyl(((1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-yl)oxy)methyl)stannane (1f)



Prepared according to the general method from 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalen-1-ol (0.30 g, 2.00 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.40 g, 3.00 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (0.67 g, 2.20 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 10:1) afforded 0.47 g (73%) of product as a

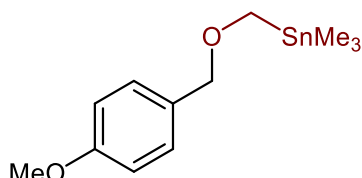
colourless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.39 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.24 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.00 (m, 1H), 4.25 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 3.89&3.70 (d&d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>1</sup>H) = 9.3/9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.77 – 3.63 (m, 1H), 2.89 – 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.07 – 1.91 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.65 (m, 1H), 0.27 – 0.05 (s, *J*(<sup>117/119</sup>Sn-<sup>1</sup>H) = 26.0/27.2 Hz, 9H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  137.65, 137.32, 129.22, 128.94, 127.39, 125.67, 79.24 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 22.7$  Hz), 59.90 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 209.8/219.2$  Hz), 57.72, 29.39, 27.45, 19.26, -10.17 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 156.2/163.3$  Hz).

HR-MS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ : calcd. for  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{19}\text{OSn} [\text{M}-\text{Me}]^+$  311.0458; found: 311.0456.

### (((4-Methoxybenzyl)oxy)methyl)trimethylstannane (1g)



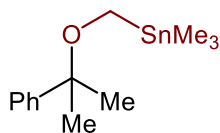
Prepared according to the general method from 4-methoxybenzyl alcohol (0.31 mL, 2.50 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.50 g, 3.75 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (0.84 g, 2.75 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 20:1) afforded 0.65 g (82%) of product as a colourless oil.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.25 (m, 2H), 6.88 (m, 2H), 4.37 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.71 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 8.3$  Hz, 2H), 0.15 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 26.0/27.3$  Hz, 9H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  159.20, 130.90, 129.31, 113.80, 62.21, 55.38 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 205.1/214.9$  Hz), -10.19 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 156.7/163.8$  Hz).

HR-MS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ : calcd. for  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_2\text{Sn} [\text{M}-\text{Me}]^+$  301.0251; found: 301.0253.

### Trimethyl(((2-phenylpropan-2-yl)oxy)methyl)stannane (1j)



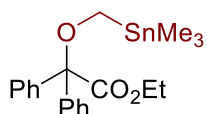
Prepared according to the general method from 2-phenyl-2-propanol (0.35 mL, 2.50 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.50 g, 3.75 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (0.84 g, 2.75 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 20:1) afforded 0.50 g (64 %) of product as a lightly yellow oil.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.40 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 3.30 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 11.2/11.6$  Hz, 2H), 1.49 (s, 6H), 0.11 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 26.0/27.2$  Hz, 9H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  146.92, 128.17, 126.73, 126.14, 78.27 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 23.8$  Hz), 53.39 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 217.0/227.2$  Hz), 27.85, -10.41 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 156.9/163.9$  Hz).

HR-MS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ : calcd. for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{19}\text{OSn} [\text{M}-\text{Me}]^+$  299.0458; found: 299.0464.

### Ethyl 2,2-diphenyl-2-((trimethylstannyl)methoxy)acetate (1l)



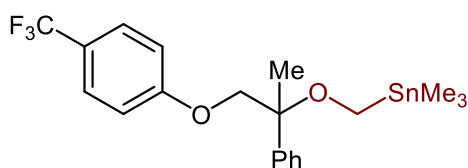
Prepared according to the general method from ethyl benzilate (0.28 g, 1.09 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.19 g, 1.4 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (0.37 g, 1.20 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/EtOAc 10:1) afforded 0.09 g

(18%) of product as a colourless oil.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.86 – 7.78 (m, 3H), 7.64 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.55 – 7.38 (m, 7H), 7.38 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 4.22 (q,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 2H), 3.35 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 11.5$  Hz, 2H), 1.43 (s, 2H), 1.22 (t,  $J = 7.1$  Hz, 3H), 0.27 – -0.05 (m,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 27.2$  Hz, 9H).

HR-MS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ : calcd. for  $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_3\text{Sn} [\text{M}-\text{Me}]^+$  419.0669; found: 419.0669.

### Trimethyl(((2-phenyl-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)propan-2-yl)oxy)methyl)stannane (1m)



Prepared according to the general method from 2-phenyl-1-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenoxy)propan-2-ol (1.00 g, 3.38 mmol), potassium hydride (30% in oil, 0.68 g, 5.06 mmol), and (iodomethyl)trimethylstannane (1.13 g, 3.71 mmol). Purification by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent petroleum ether/DCM 2:1) afforded 0.60 g (38%) of product as a colourless oil.

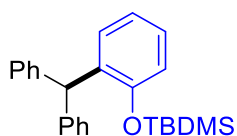
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.50 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.35 (m, 4H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d,  $J = 8.6$  Hz, 2H), 4.10 & 3.99 (d&d,  $J = 9.5$  Hz, 2H), 3.50 (d,  $J = 9.7$  Hz,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 10.0$  Hz, 1H), 3.28 (d,  $J = 9.8$  Hz,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 12.8$  Hz, 1H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 0.13 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^1\text{H}) = 26.0/27.2$  Hz, 9H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  161.8 (q,  $^5J_{\text{CF}} = 1.2$  Hz), 142.6, 128.4, 127.6, 127.0, 126.9 (q,  $^3J_{\text{CF}} = 3.8$  Hz), 124.6 (q,  $^1J_{\text{CF}} = 270.9$  Hz), 123.0 (q,  $^2J_{\text{CF}} = 33.6$  Hz), 115.0, 80.228 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^{13}\text{C}) = 24.1$  Hz), 75.9, 53.4, 20.00, -8.8 (s,  $J(^{117/119}\text{Sn}-^{13}\text{C}) = 158.5/165.0$  Hz).

$^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  -62.48.

### Side product

#### (2-Benzhydrylphenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane (5)



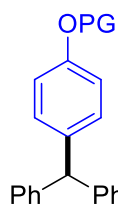
Isolated as a minor product in the synthesis of (4-benzhydrylphenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane (**3.1**). White solid, 1.5 mg (2%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  7.25 (m, 4H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.11 (m, 1H), 7.04 (m, 4H), 6.82 (s, 3H), 5.90 (s, 1H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.10 (s, 6H).

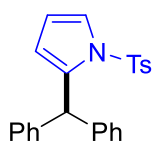
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (101 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  153.55, 144.16, 134.46, 131.13, 129.71, 128.23, 127.37, 126.15, 120.80, 50.06, 25.87, 18.36, -4.02.

HR-MS (ESI-TOF)  $m/z$ : calcd. for  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{31}\text{OSi}$   $[\text{M}+1]^+$  375.2144; found: 375.2134.

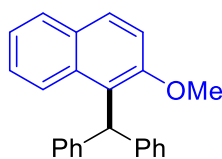
### Low yields (determined by qNMR)



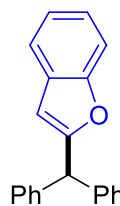
**3.28** PG = *t*Bu (25%)  
**3.29** PG = MOM (35%)



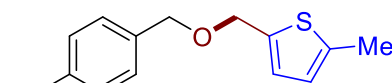
**3.30** (26%)



**3.40** (11%)



**3.41** (30%)



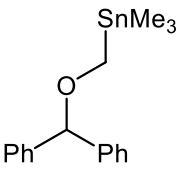
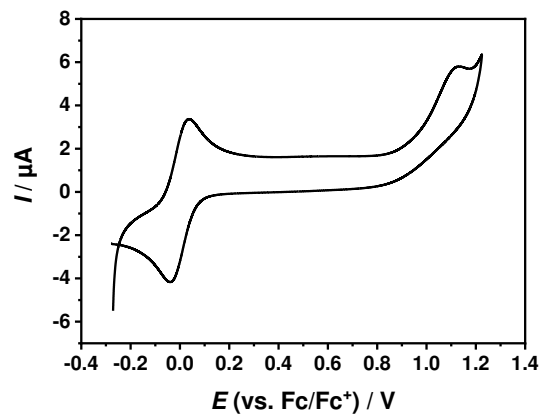
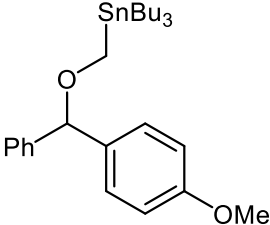
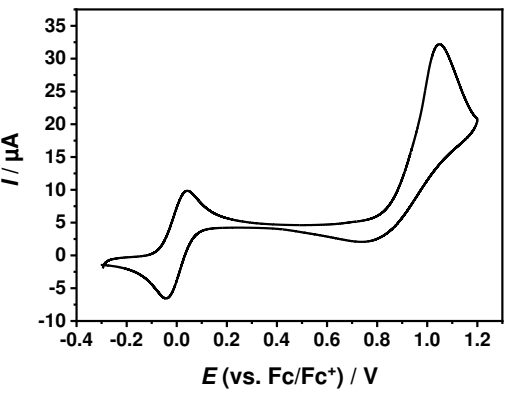
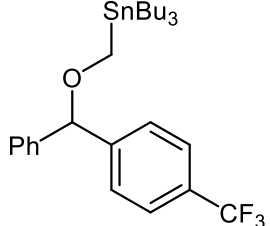
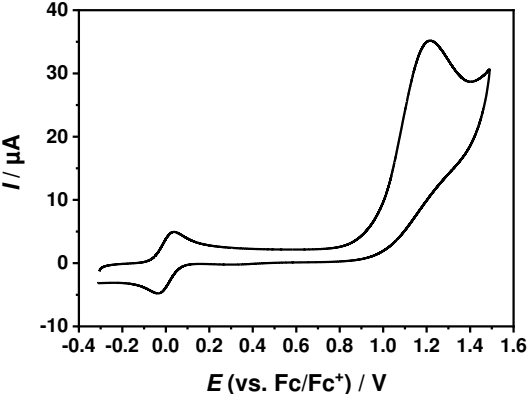
**3.42** (35%)

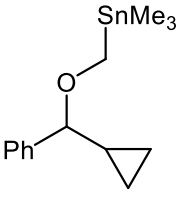
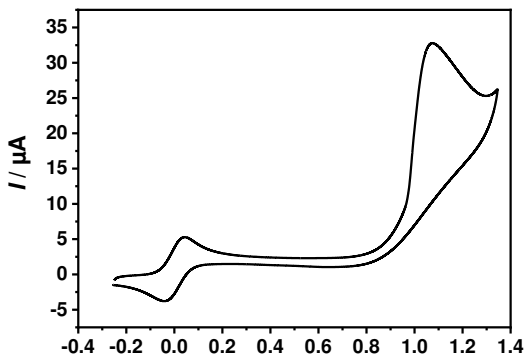
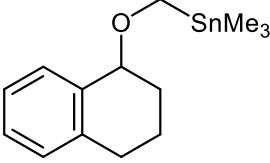
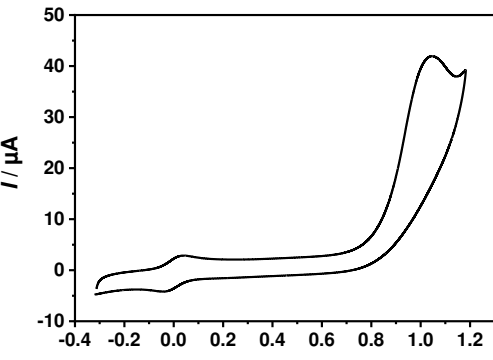
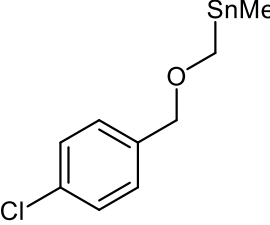
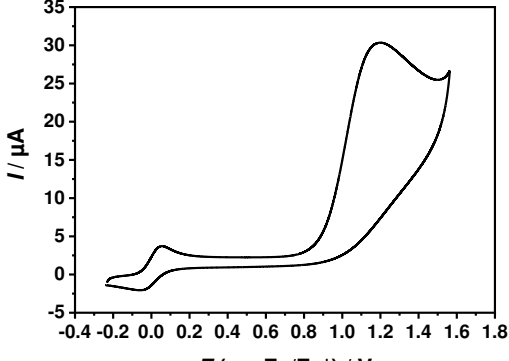
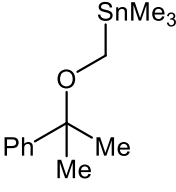
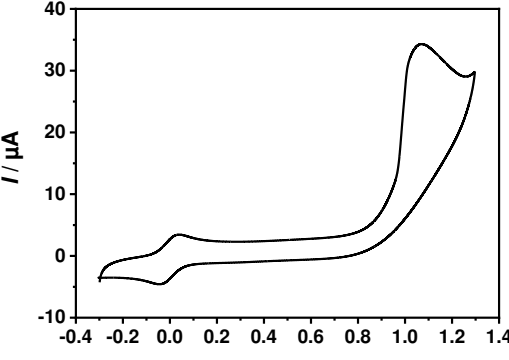
## 2. Electrochemical characterization of substrates

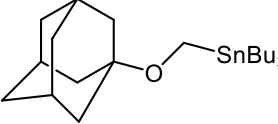
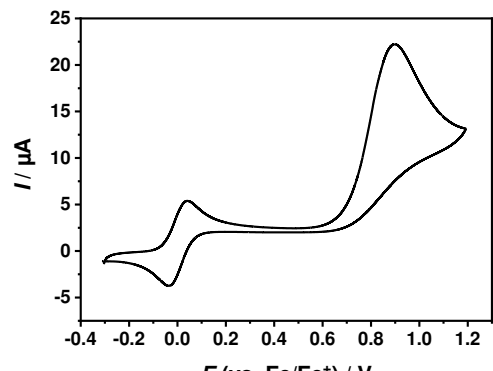
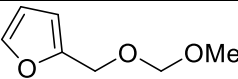
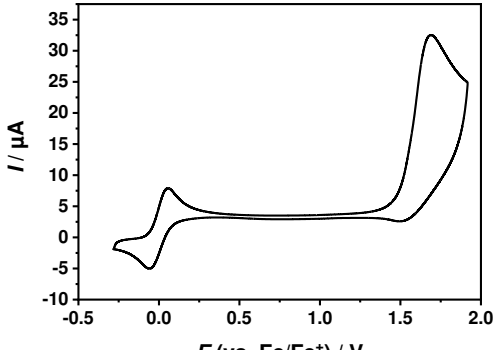
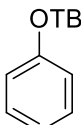
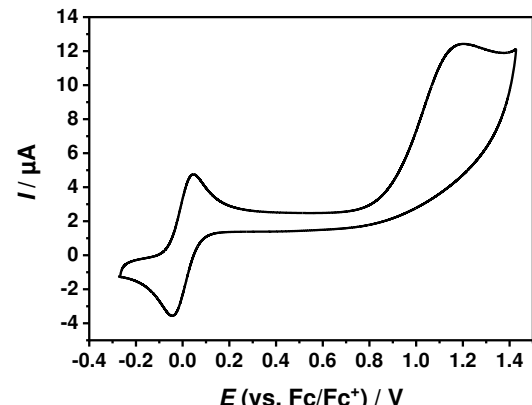
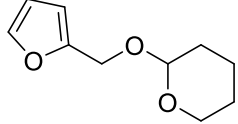
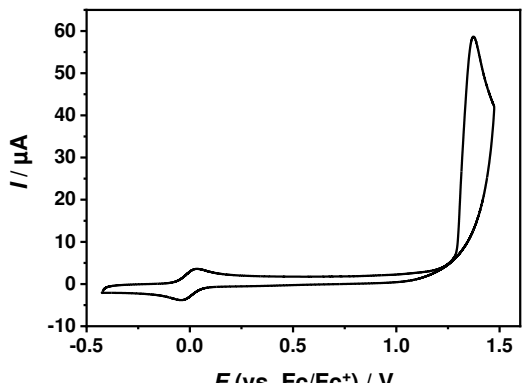
Cyclic voltammetry was performed for selected substrates in conditions close to those used for the Friedel-Crafts reaction: 0.1 M TBABF<sub>4</sub>/DCM+17vol% HFIP, 40 mg NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, working electrode: glassy carbon disc ( $\varnothing$ 3 mm), supporting electrode: Pt wire, reference electrode : Ag/AgCl, internal standard: ferrocene, scan rate 50 mV/s, substrate conc. 2 mM, potentiostat: Reference 600 (Gamry Instruments). Potentials are given vs. Fc/Fc<sup>+</sup> (unmeasured amount).

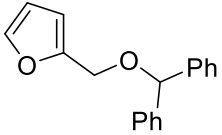
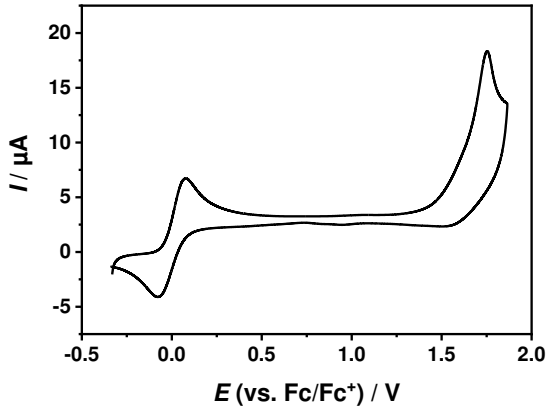
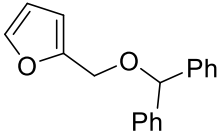
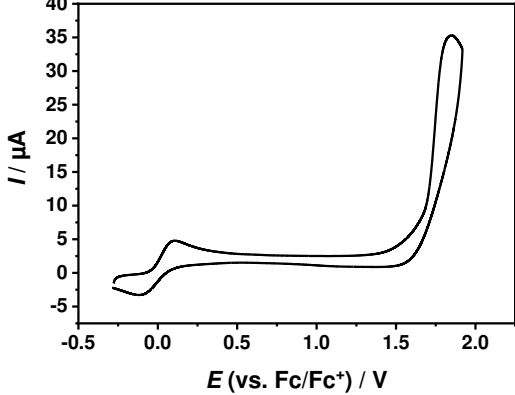
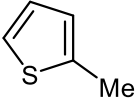
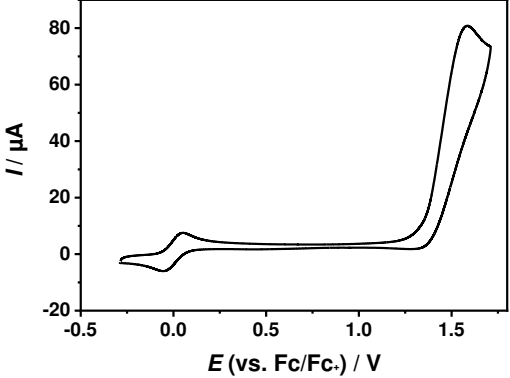
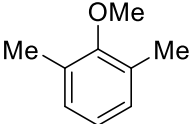
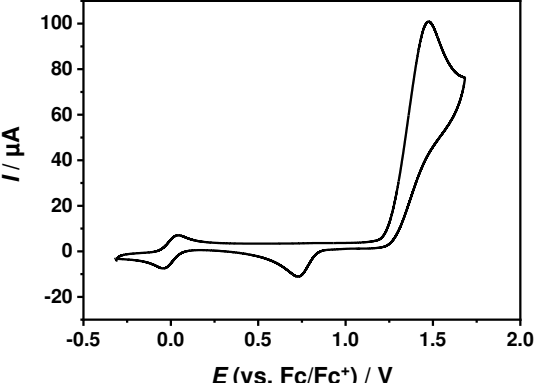
The results are given in Table 1.

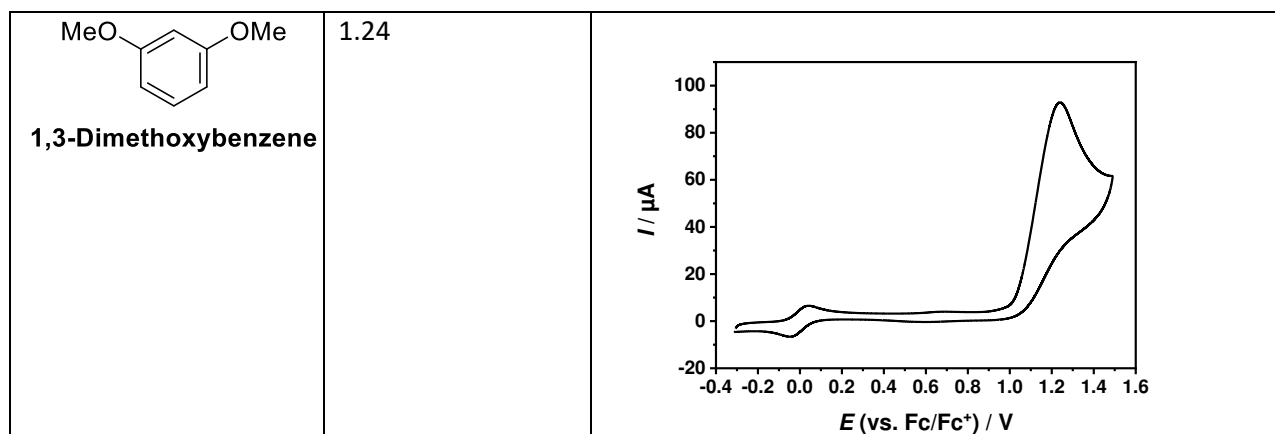
Table 1

Compound	$E^{\text{peak}}$ , V vs Fc/Fc <sup>+</sup> [11]	CV
 <b>1a</b>	1.12	
 <b>1b</b>	1.05	
 <b>1c</b>	1.22	

 <p><b>1e</b></p>	1.07	
 <p><b>1f</b></p>	1.04	
 <p><b>1h</b></p>	1.20	
 <p><b>1j</b></p>	1.07	

 <p><b>1n</b></p>	0.90	
 <p><b>2-((Methoxymethoxy)-methyl)furan</b></p>	1.69	
 <p><b>4</b></p>	1.2	
 <p><b>2-(Furan-2-ylmethoxy)-tetrahydro-2H-pyran</b></p>	1.37	

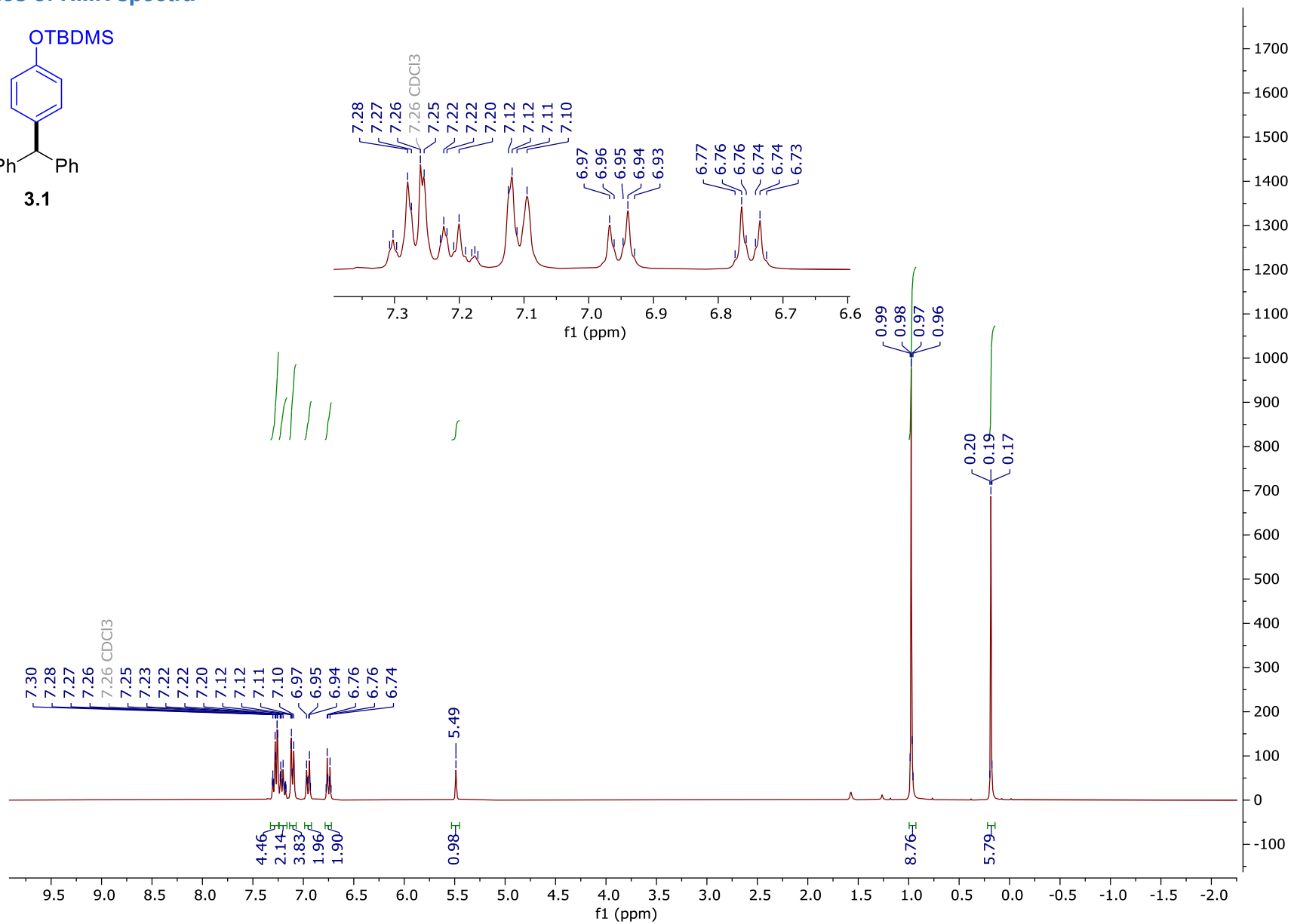
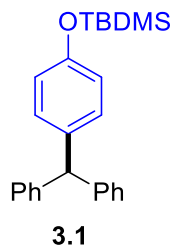
 <p><b>2-((Benzhydryloxy)-methyl)furan</b></p>	1.75	
 <p><b>2-((Benzhydryloxy)-methyl)furan</b></p>	1.85	
 <p><b>2-Methylthiophene</b></p>	1.59	
 <p><b>2,4-Dimethylanisole</b></p>	1.47	

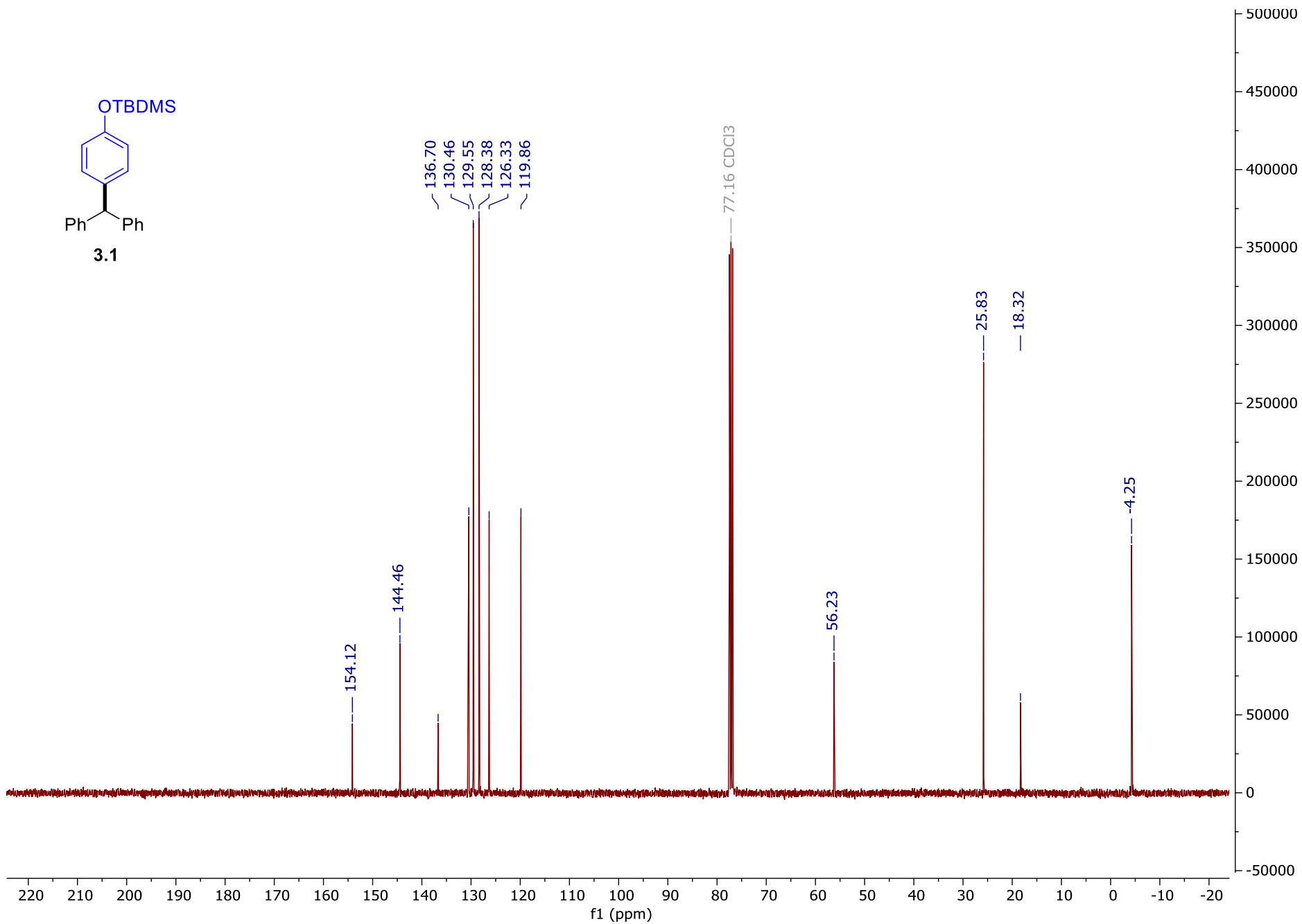
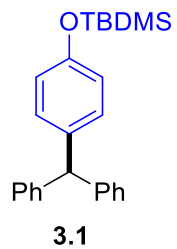


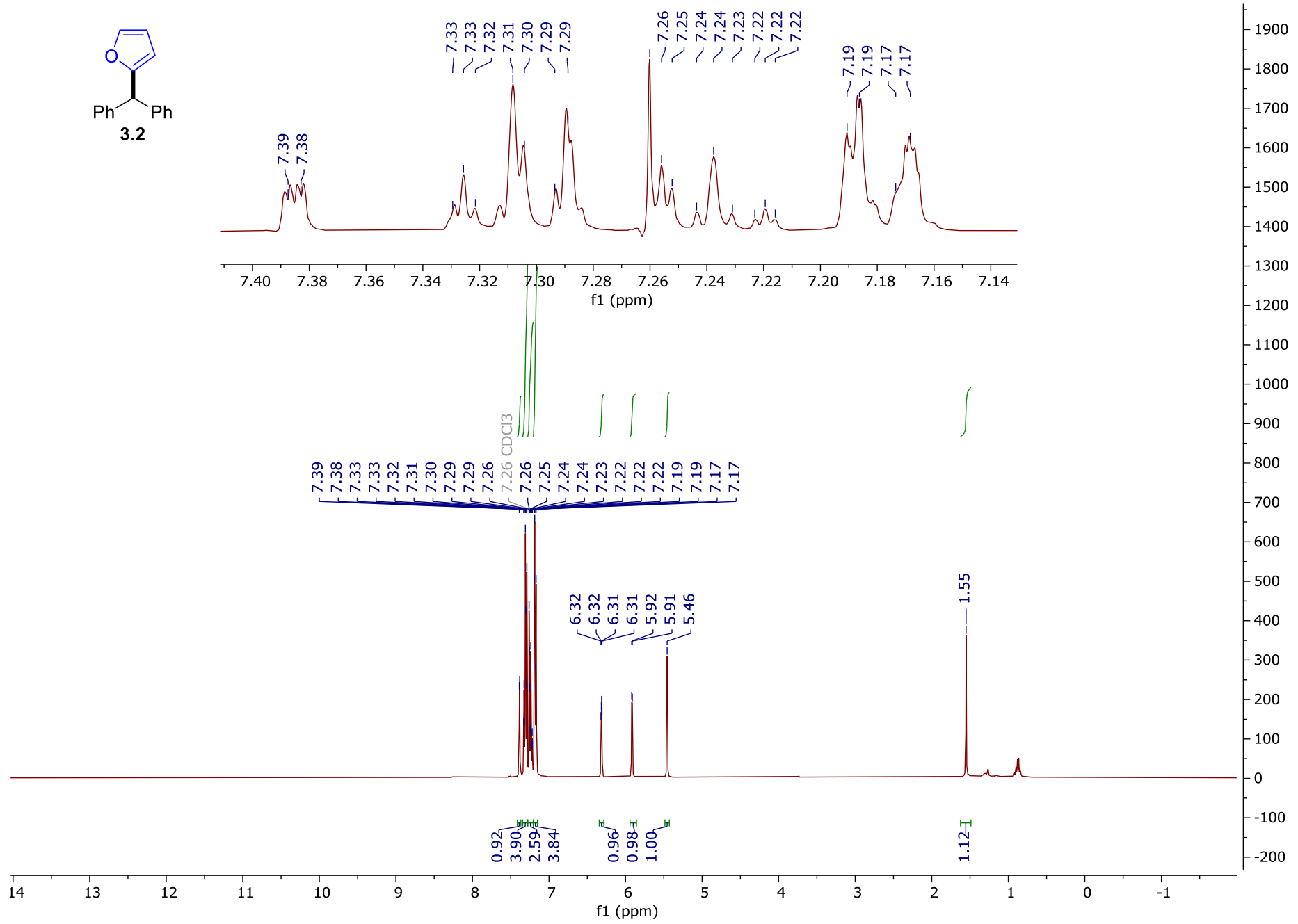
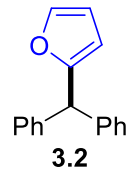
## References

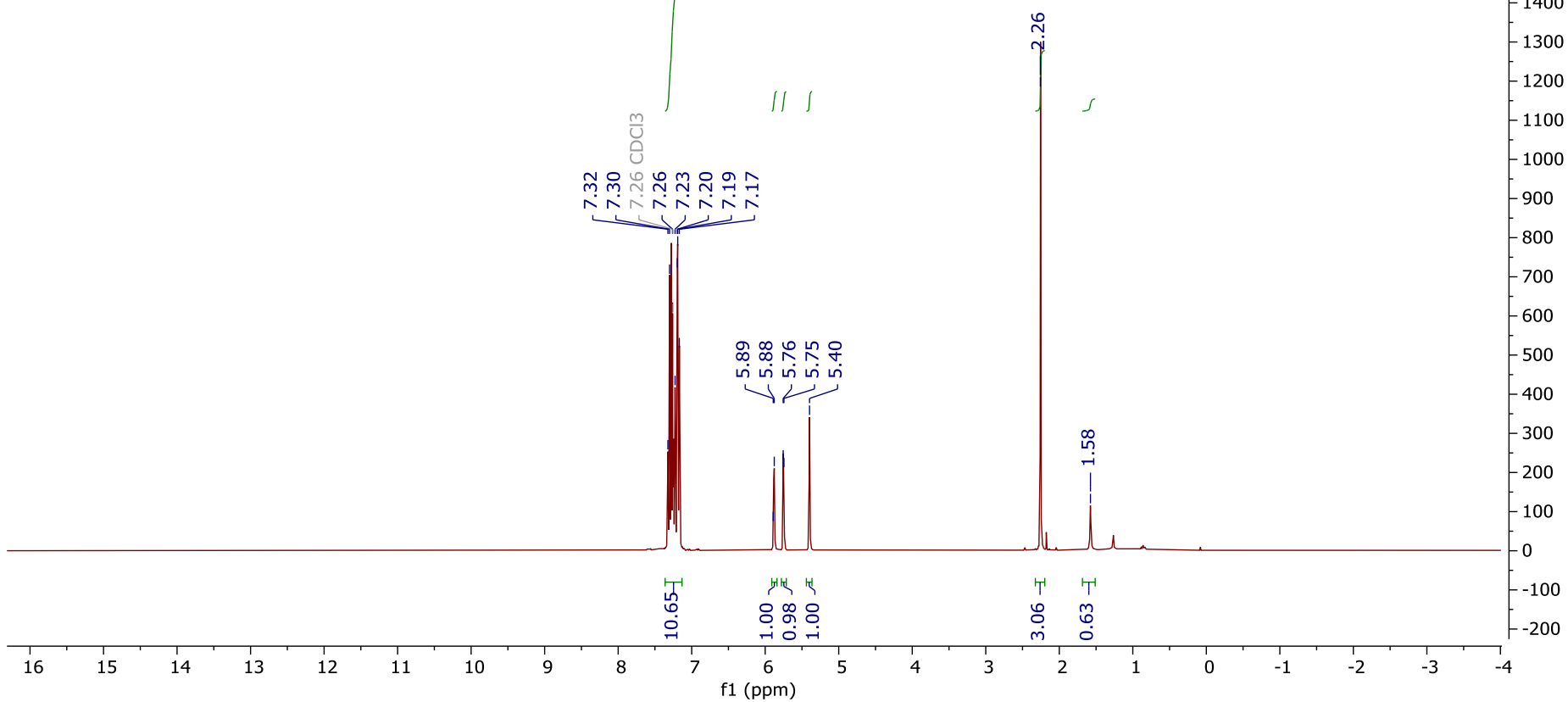
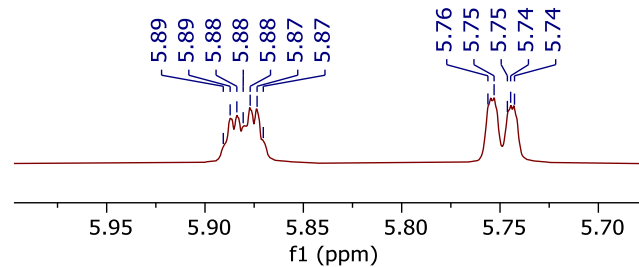
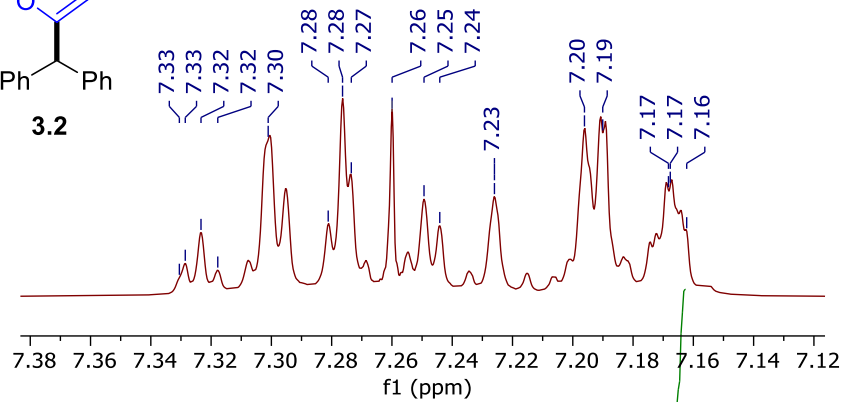
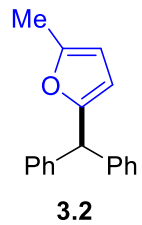
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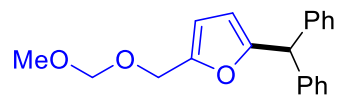
### 3. Copies of NMR spectra



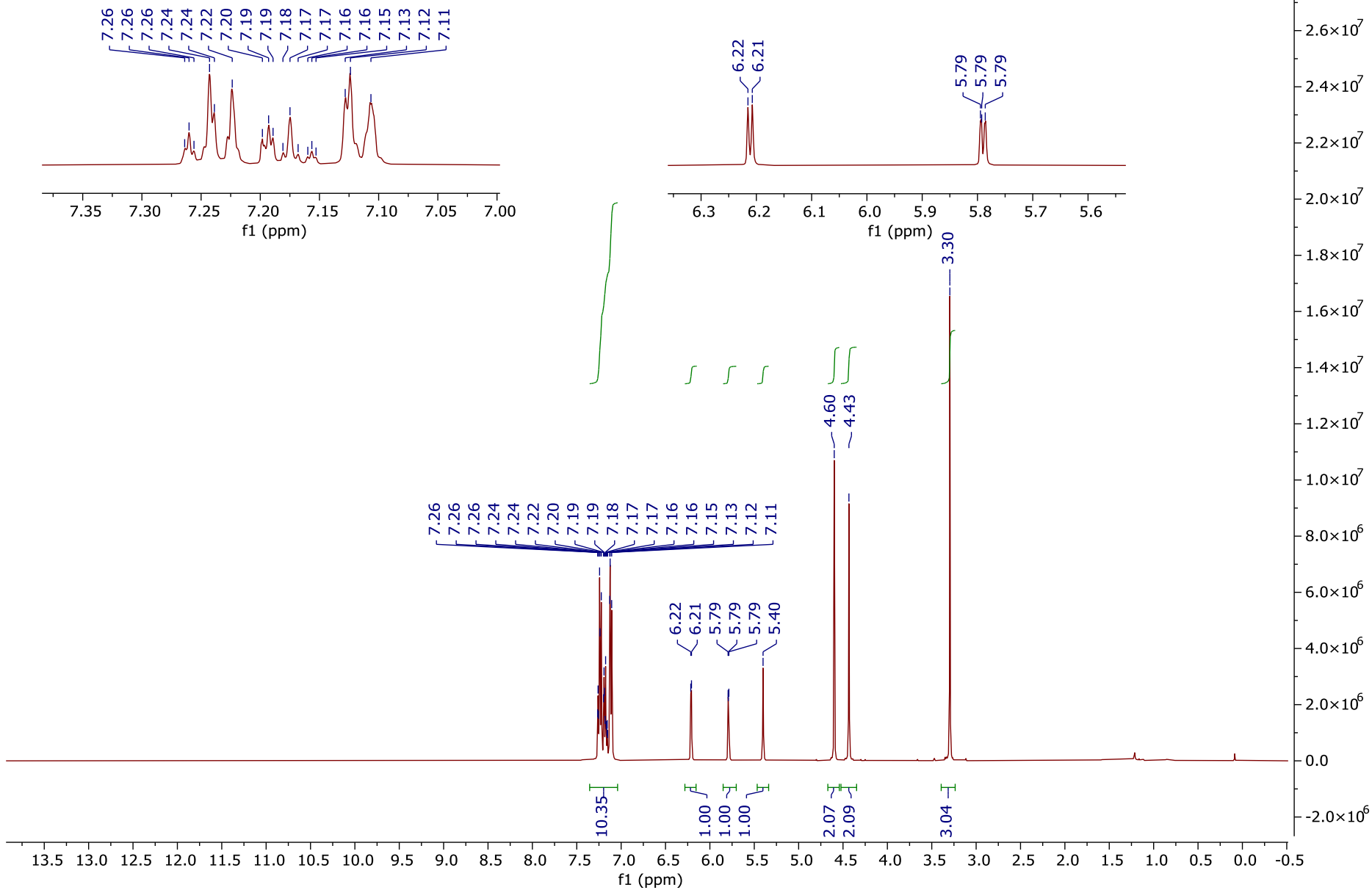


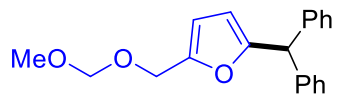




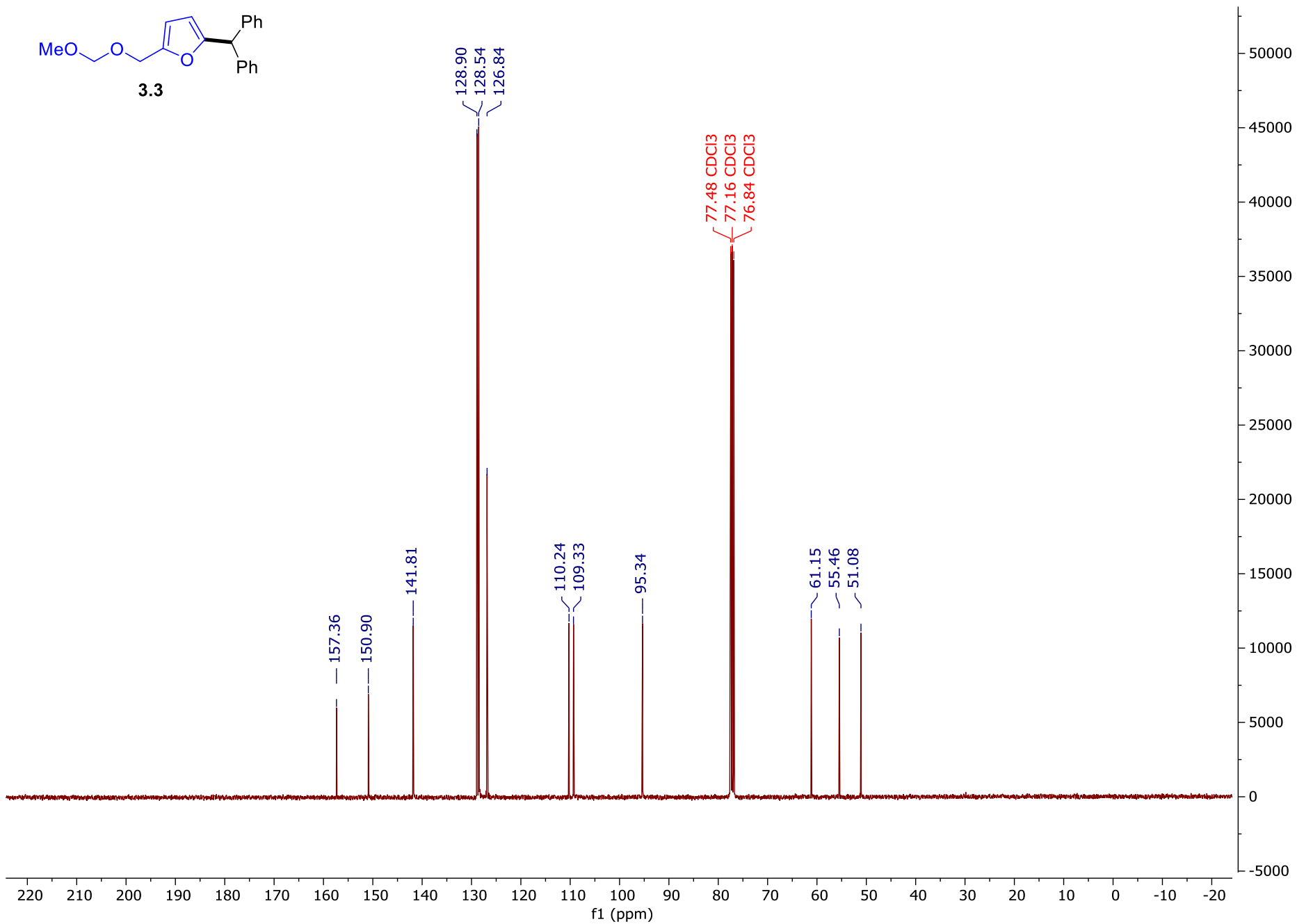


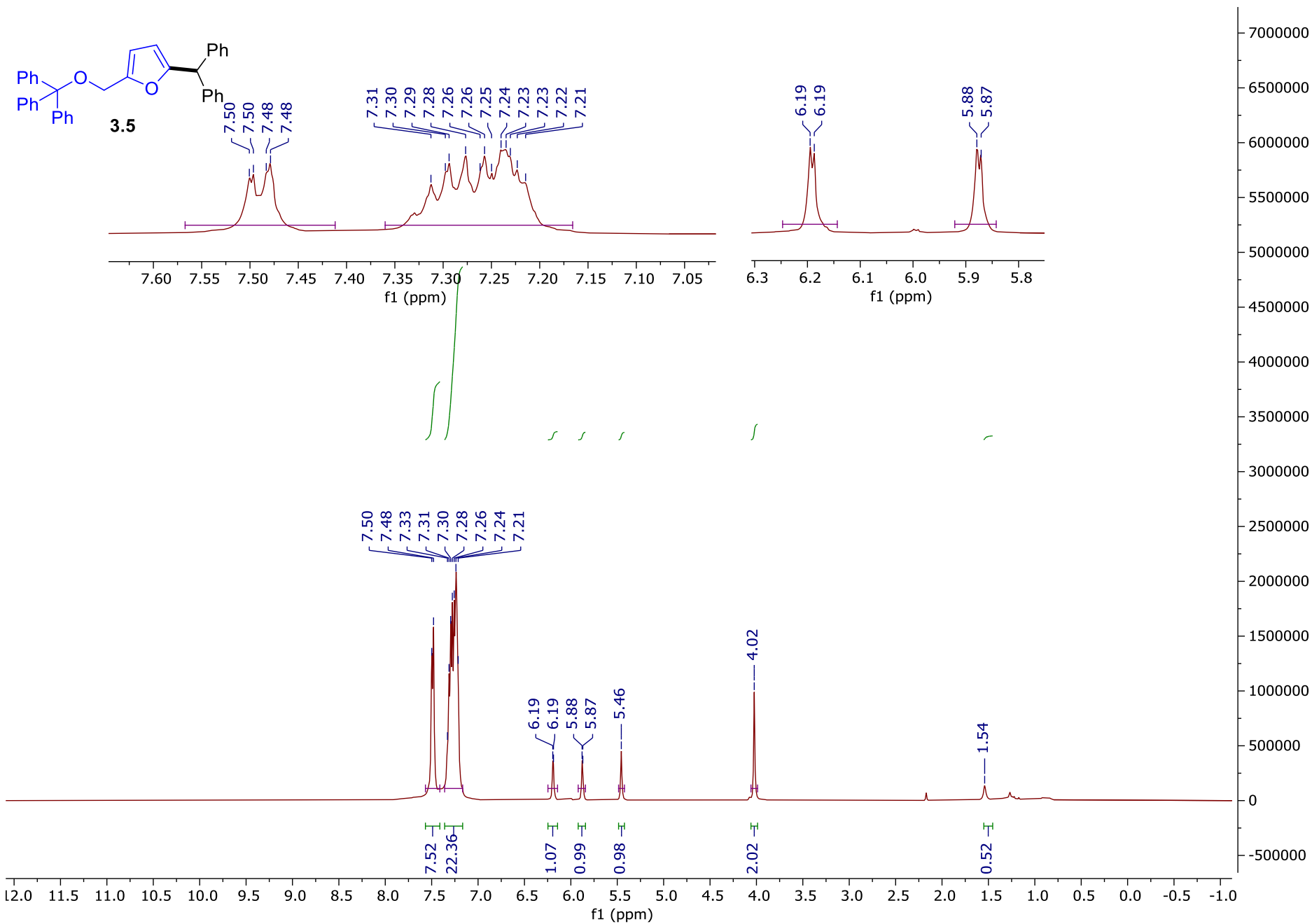
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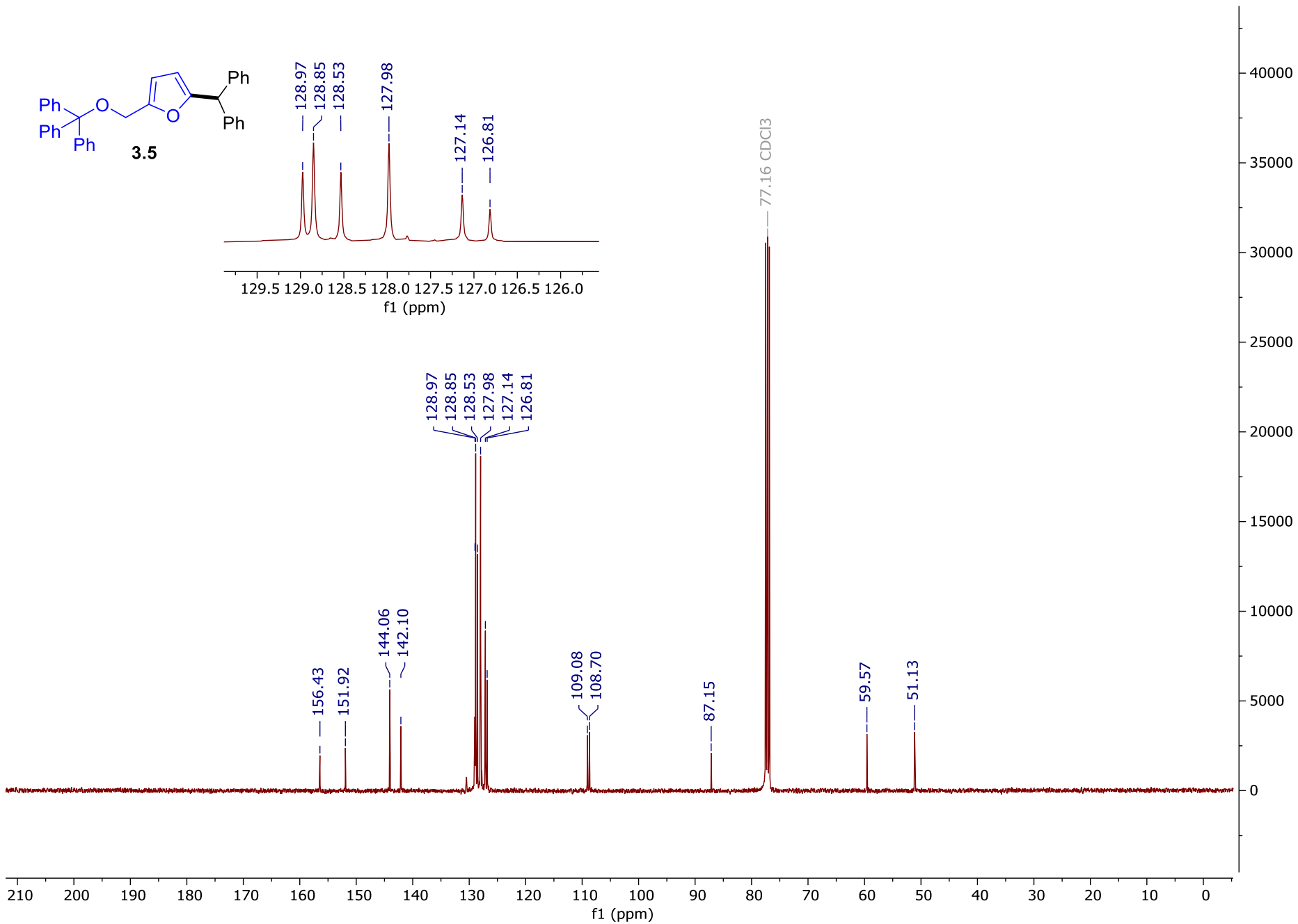


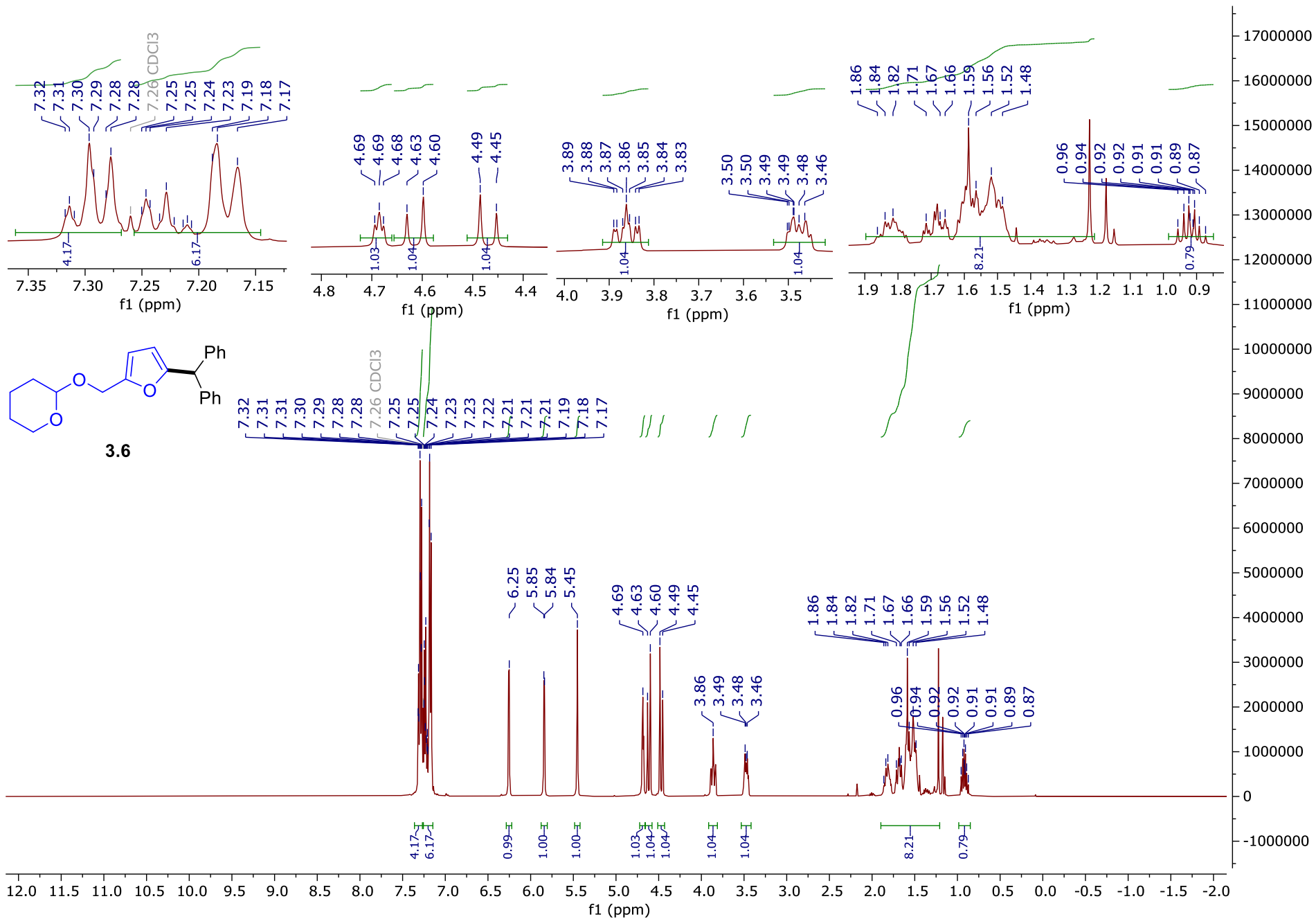


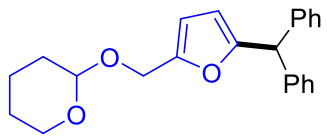
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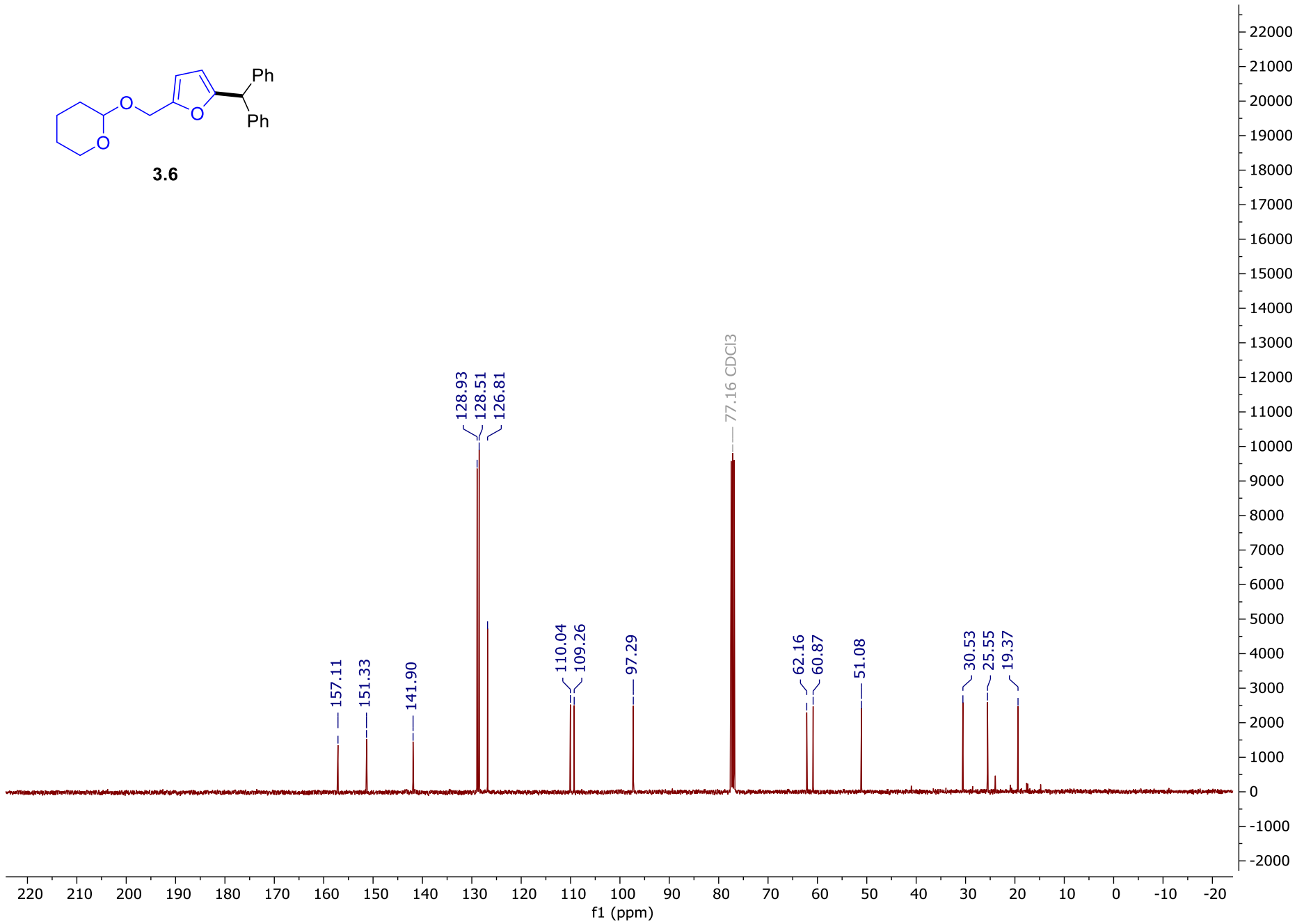


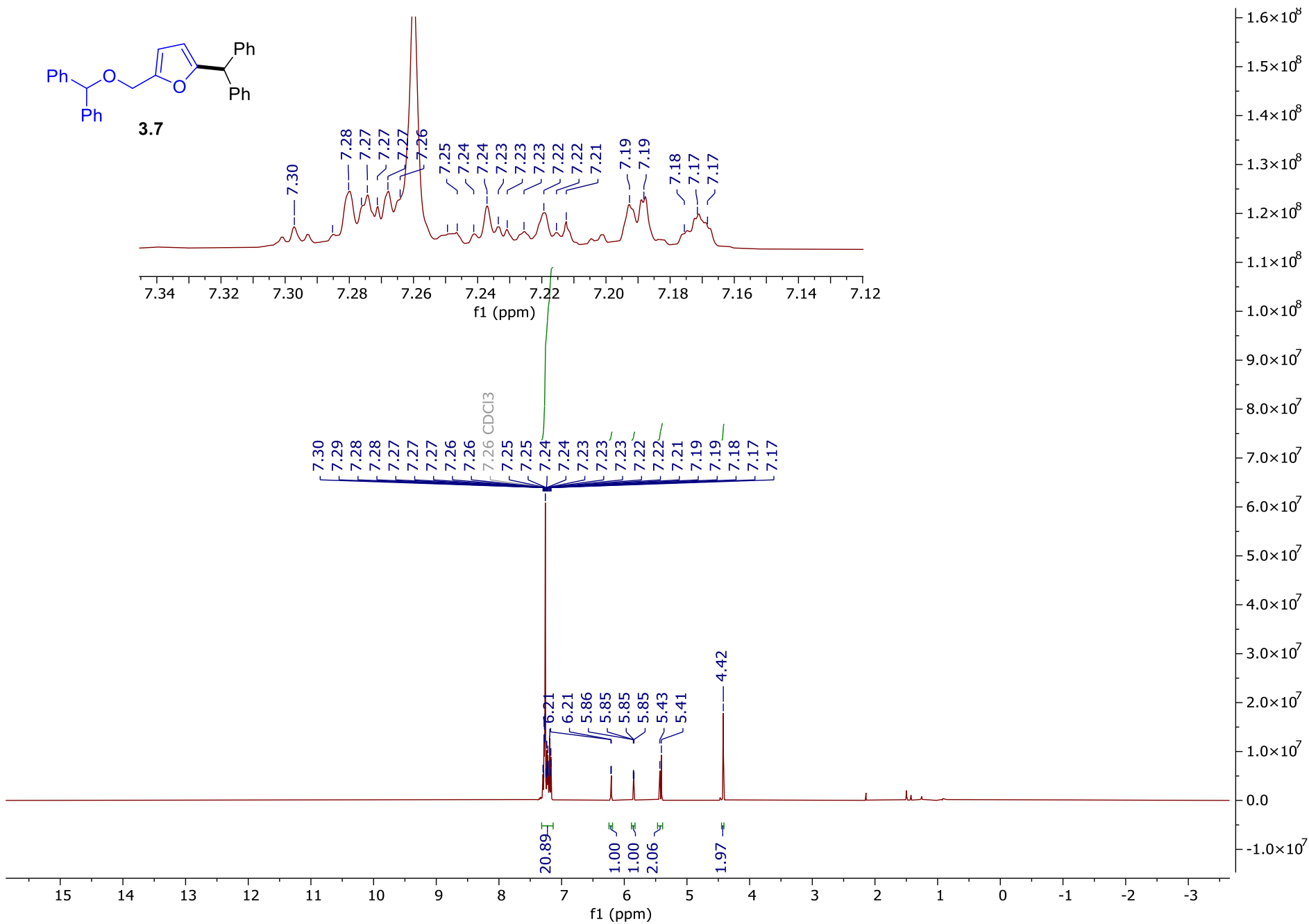
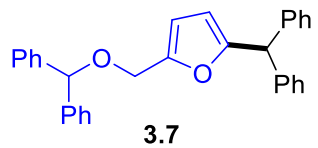


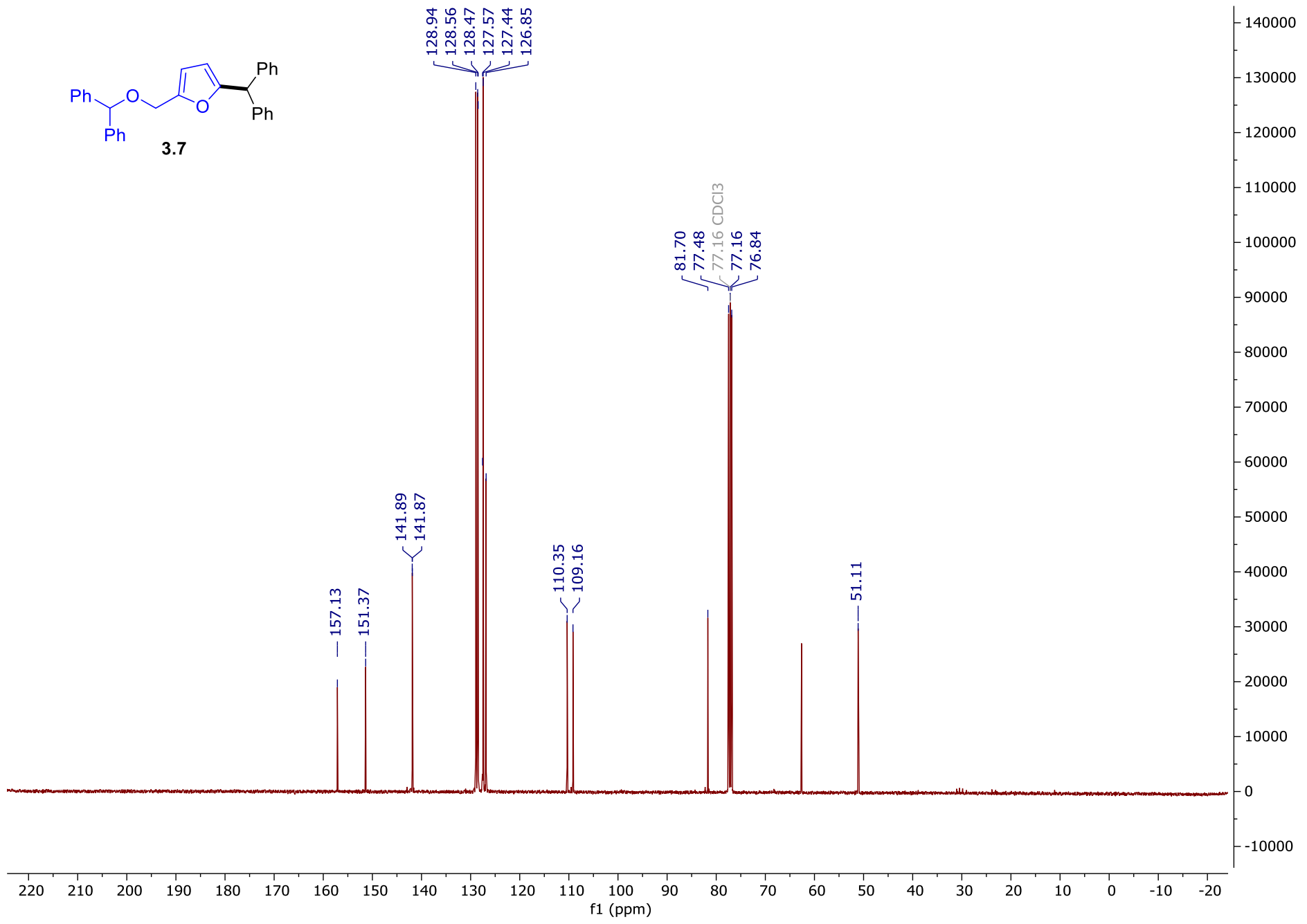
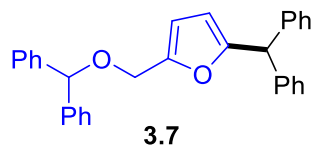


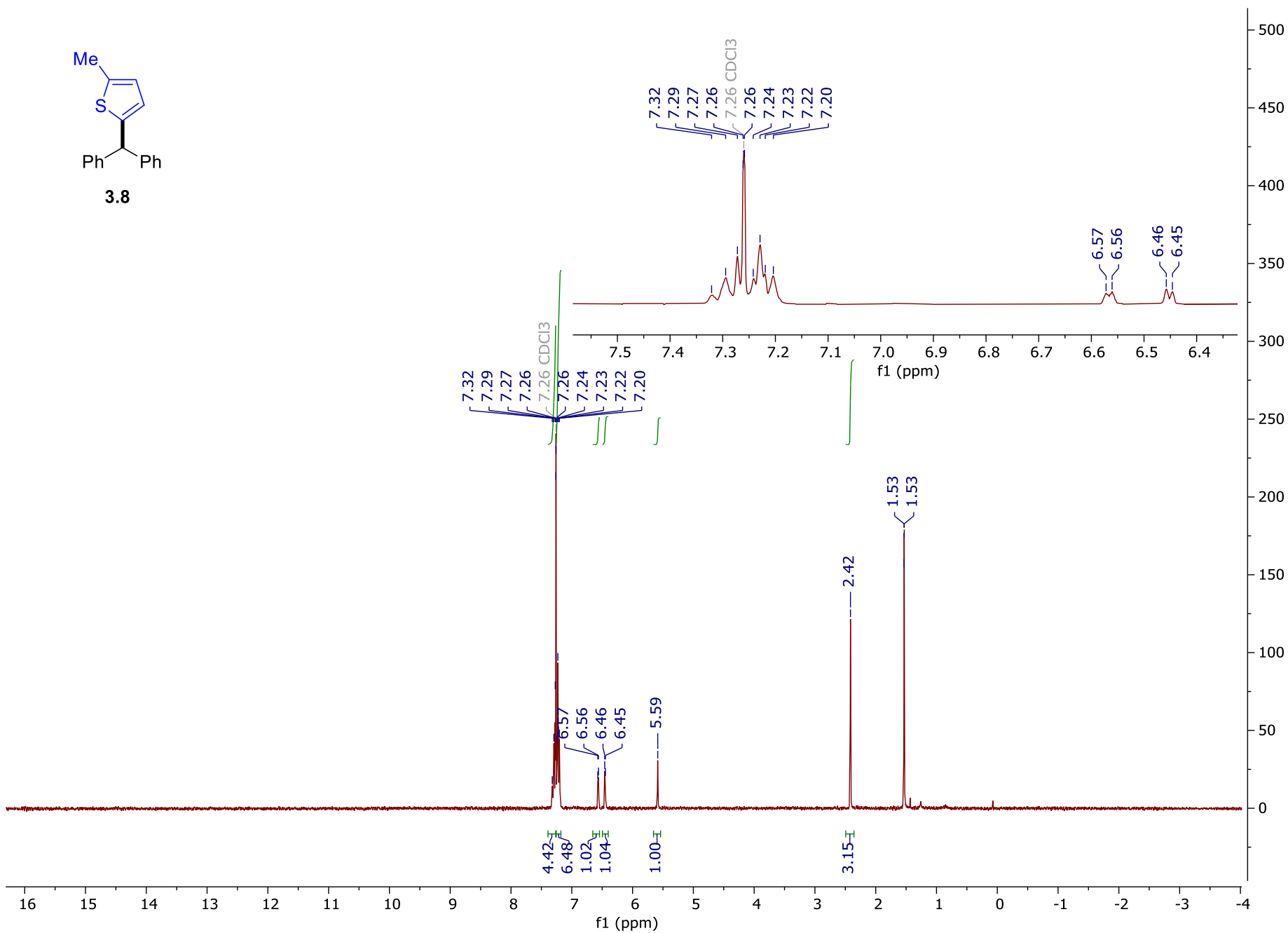
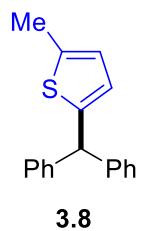


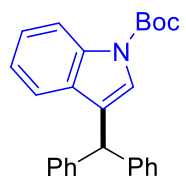
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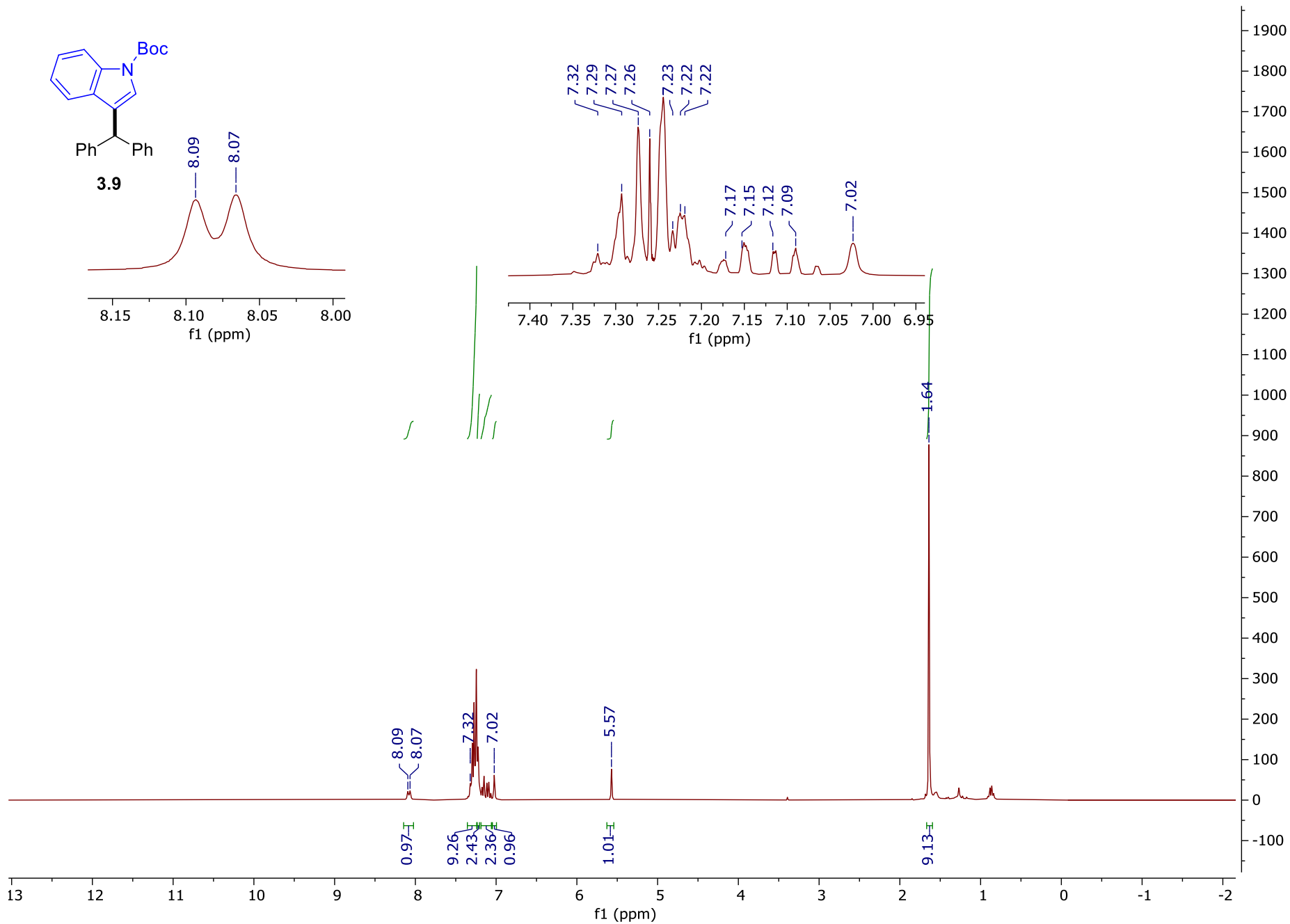
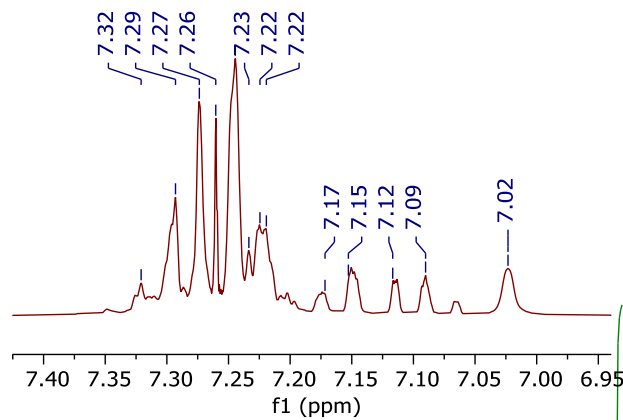
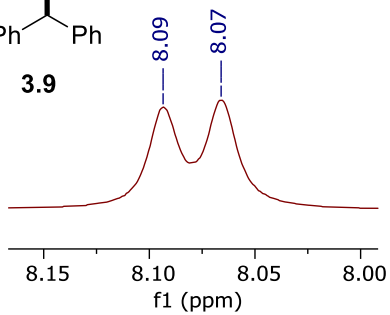


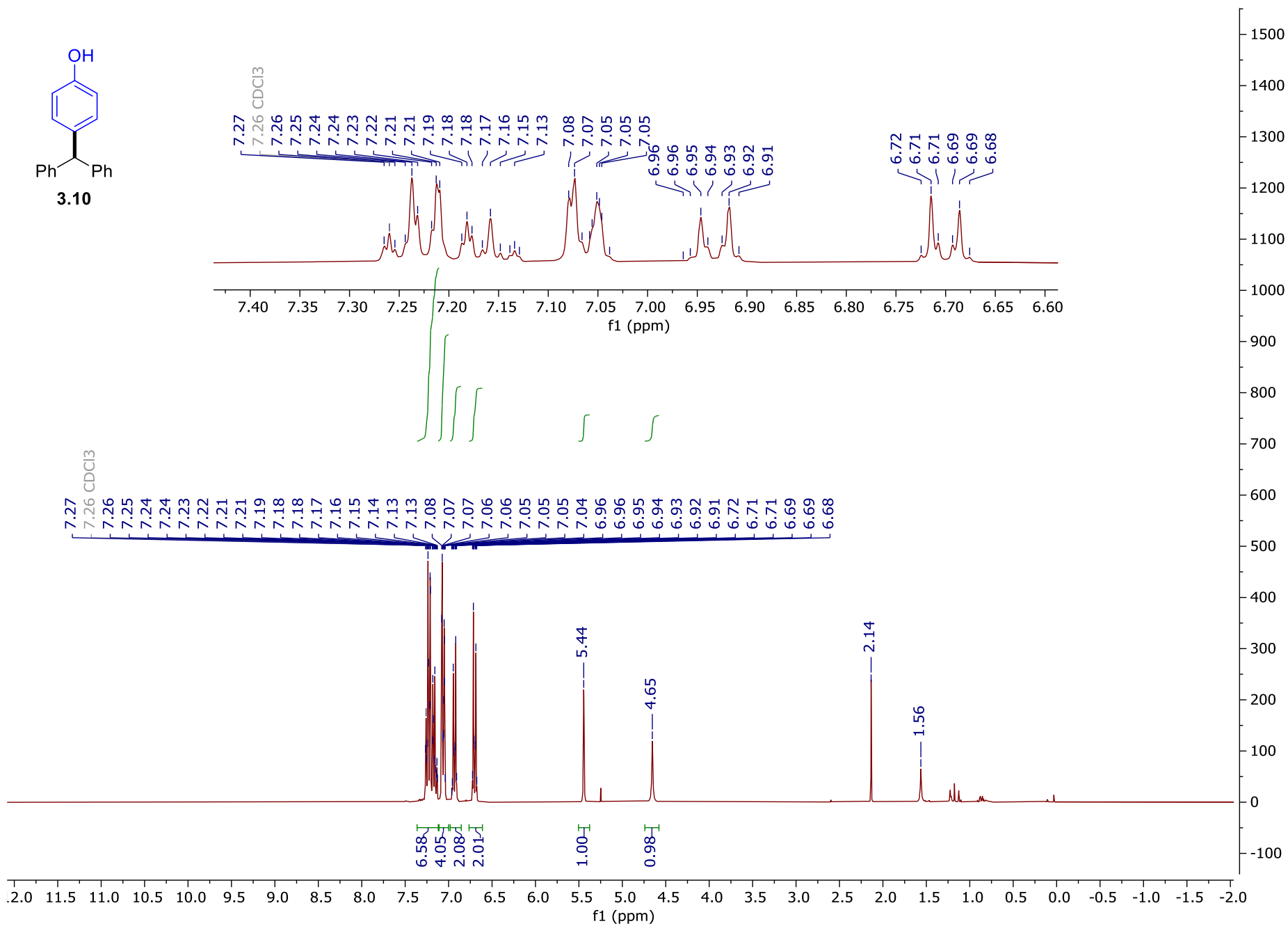
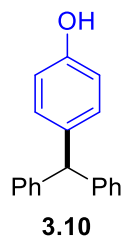


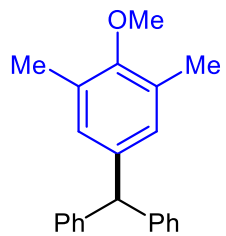




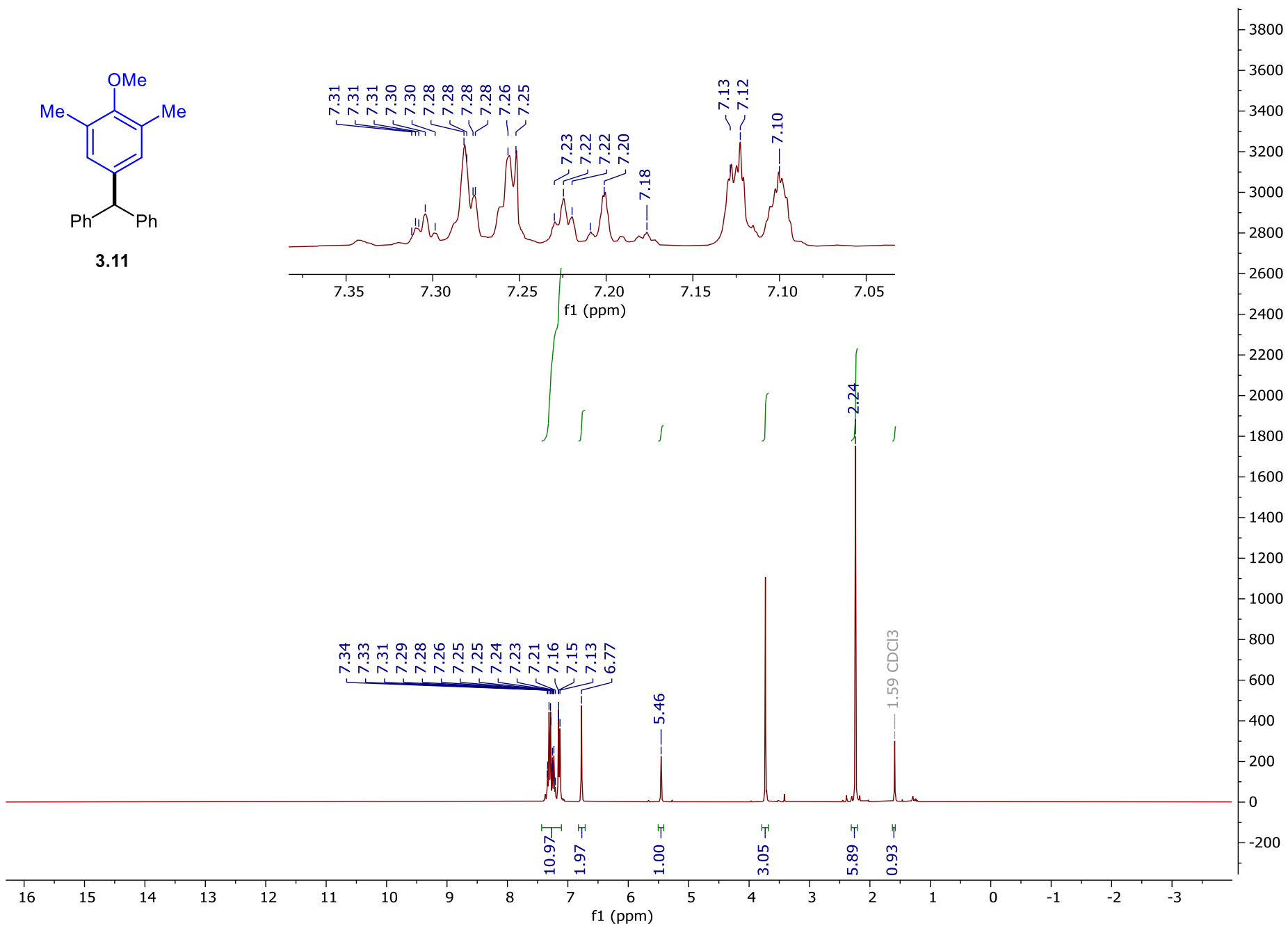
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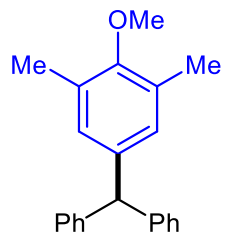




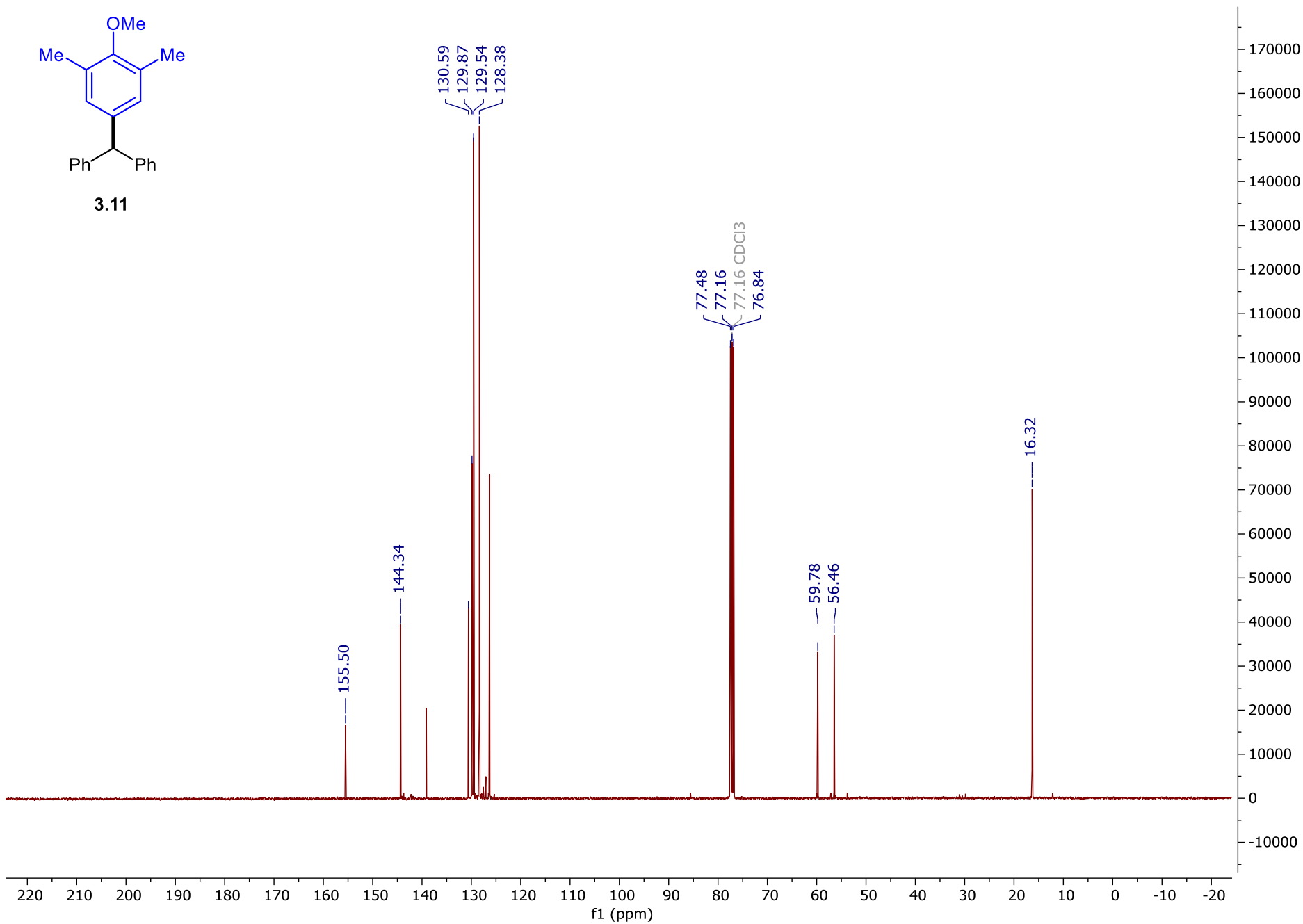


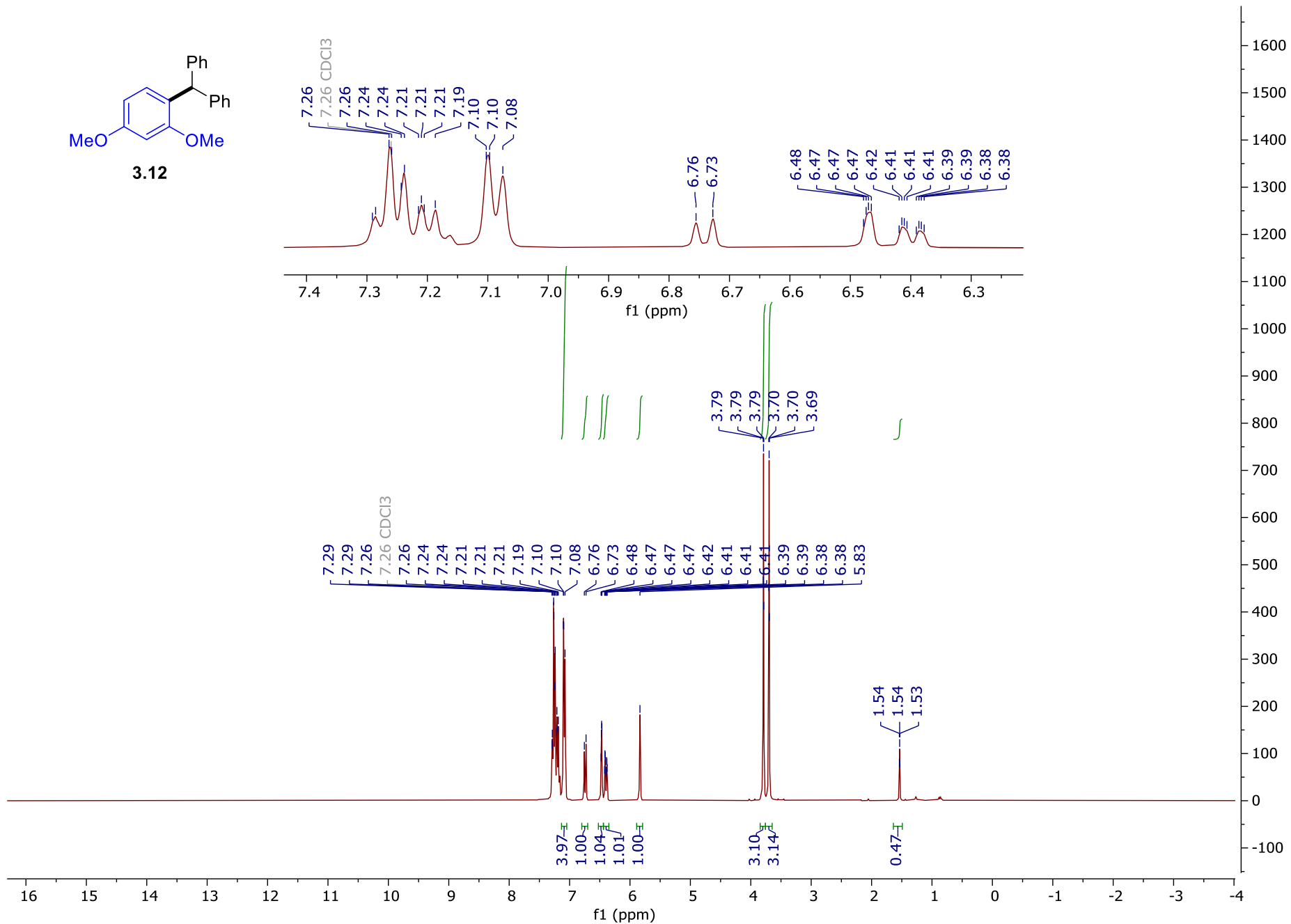
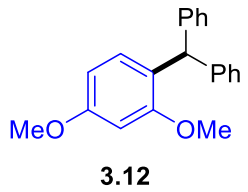
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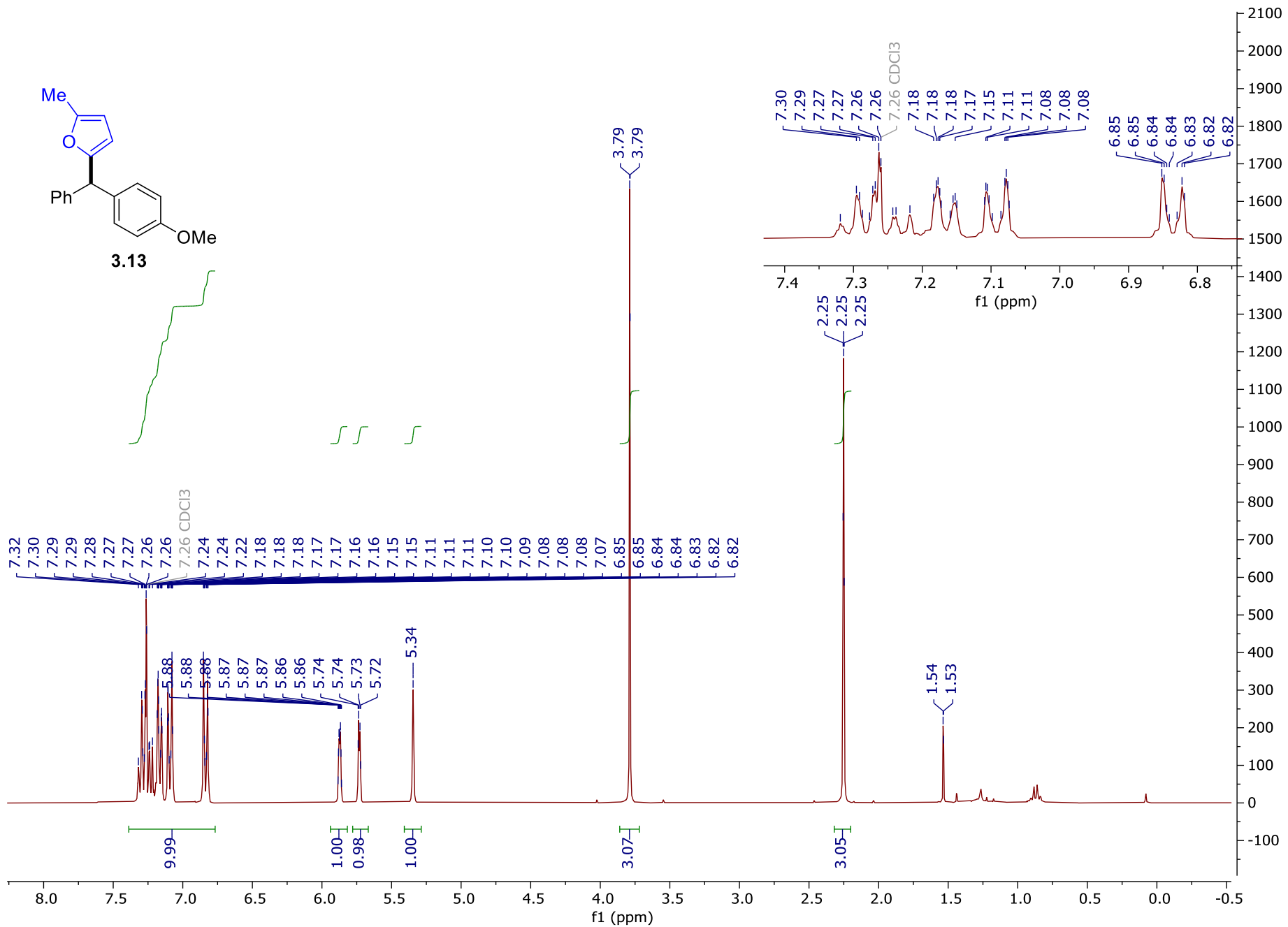


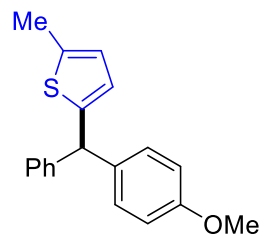


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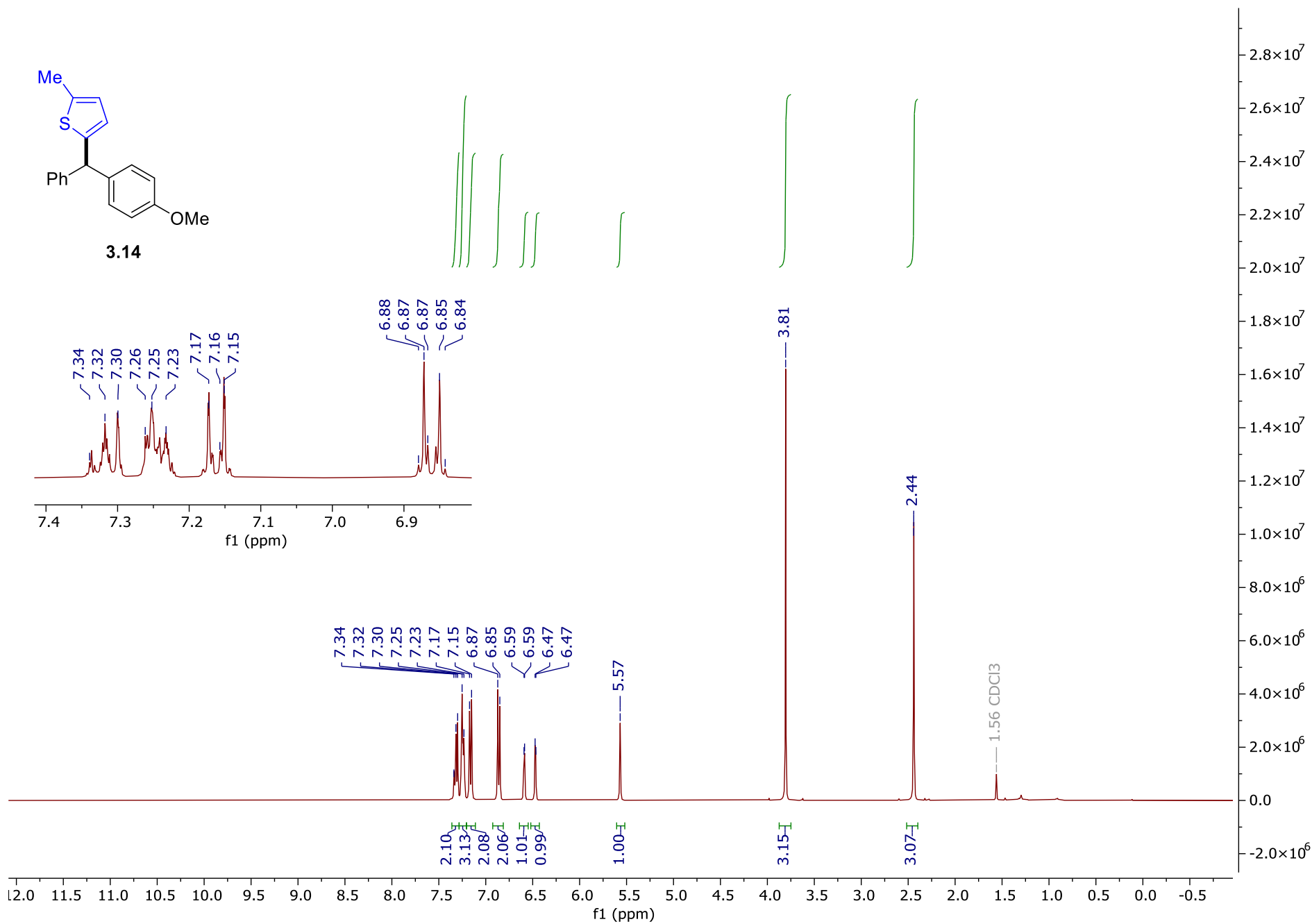


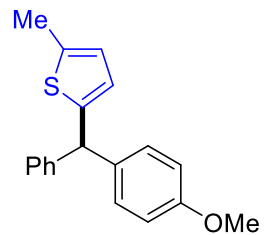




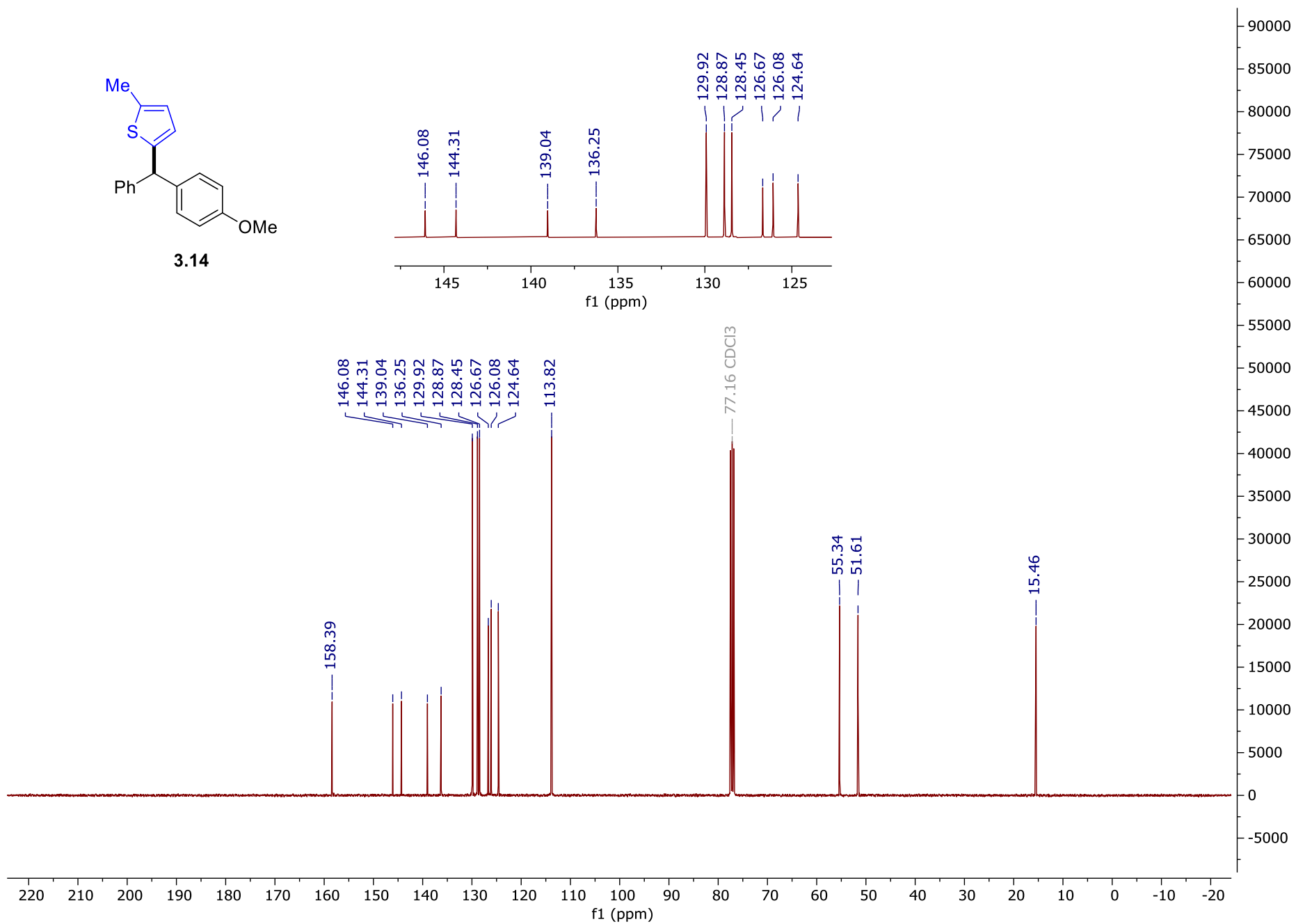


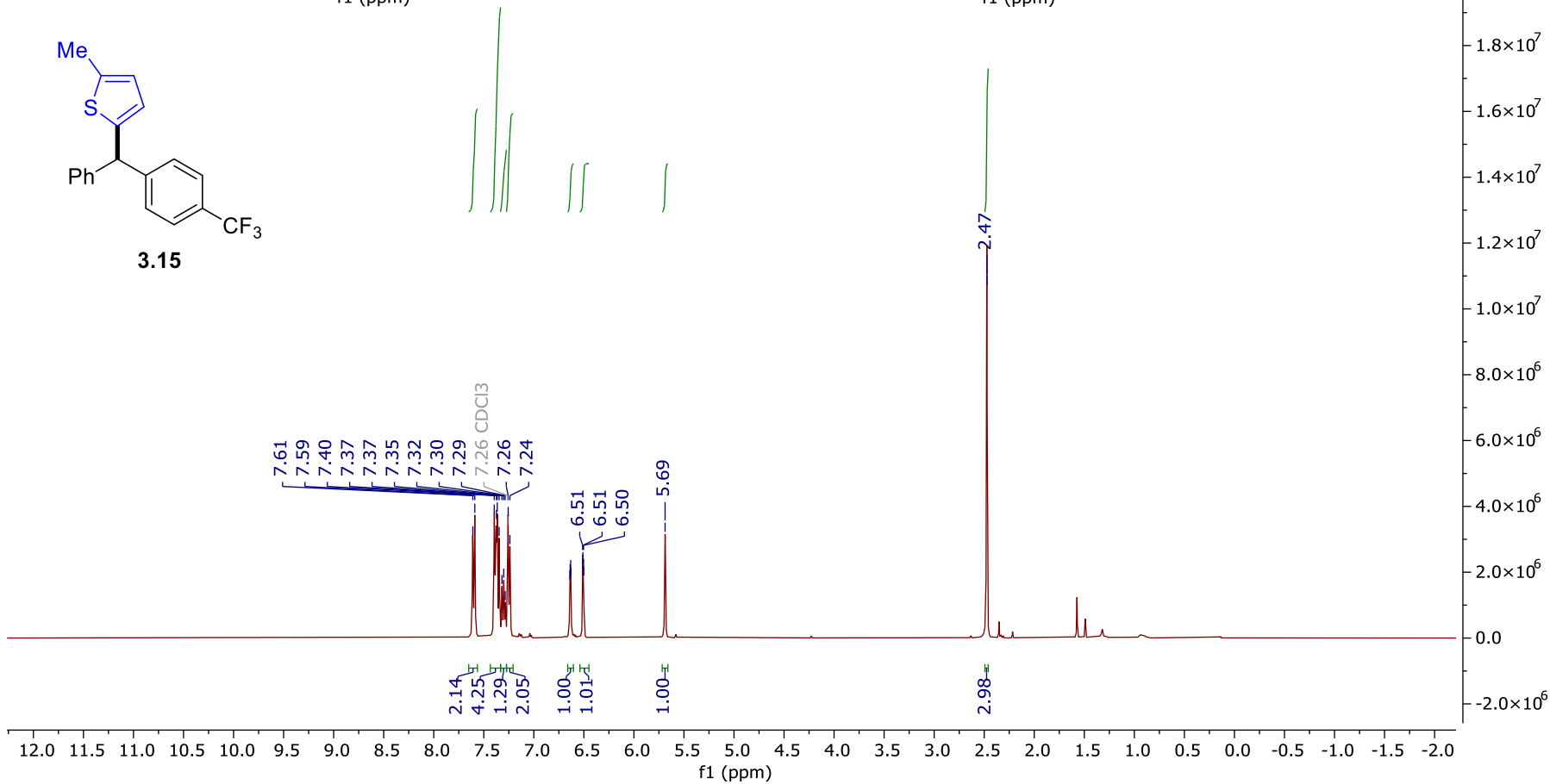
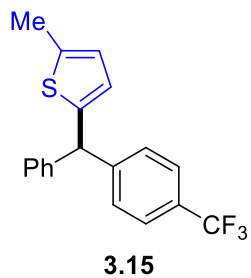
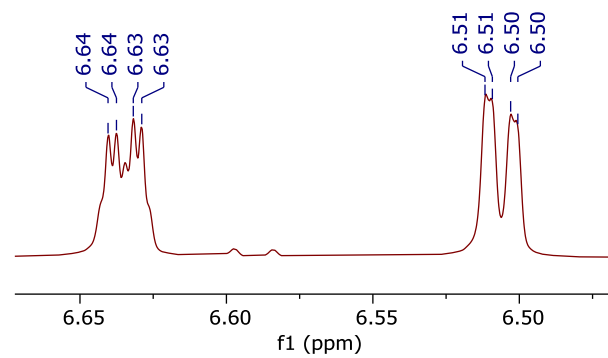
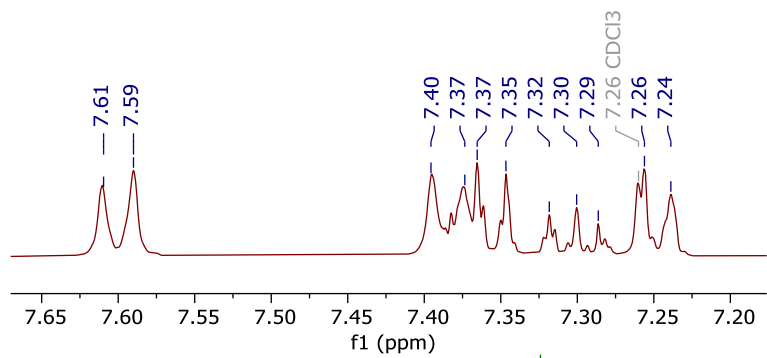
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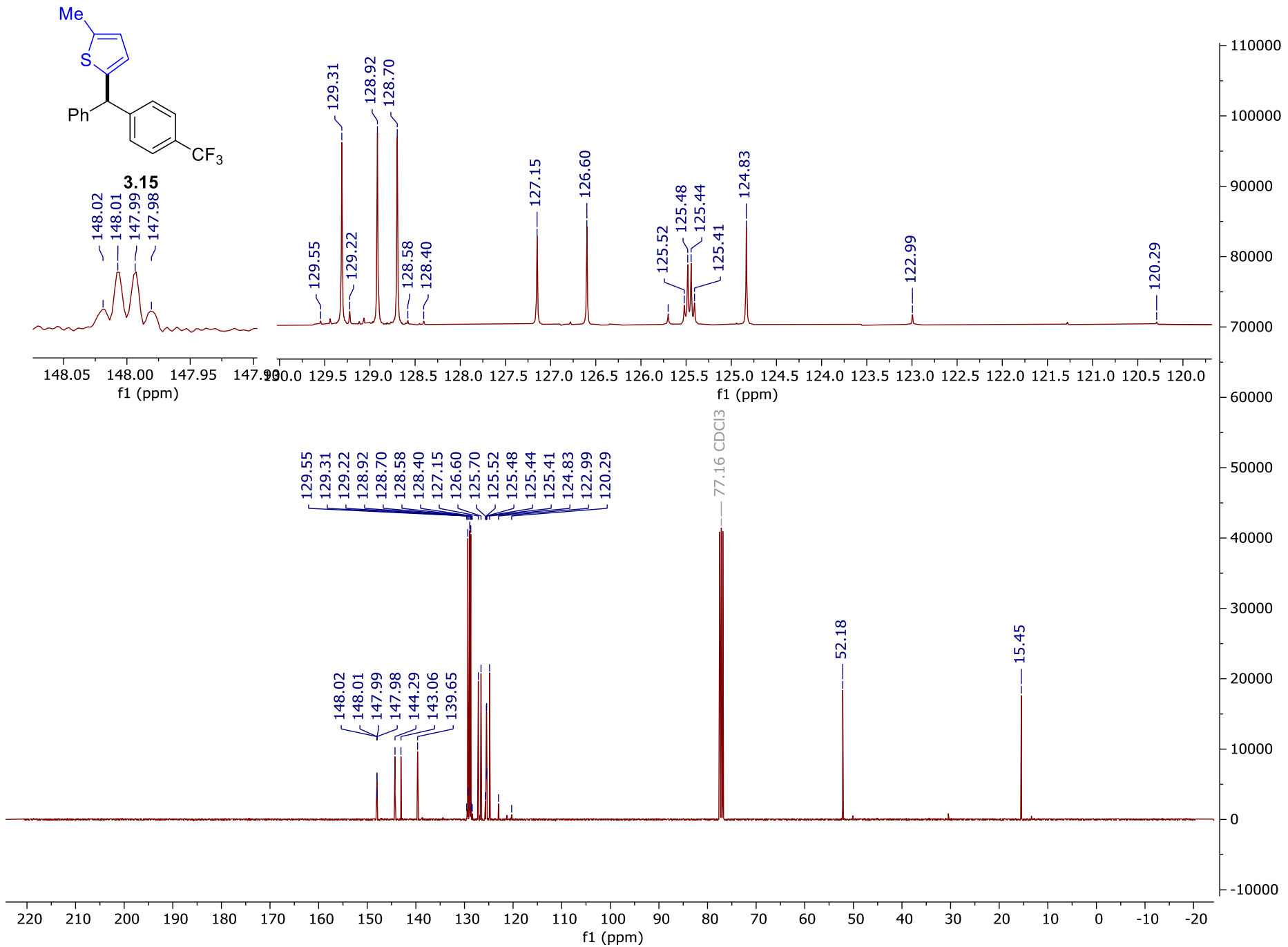


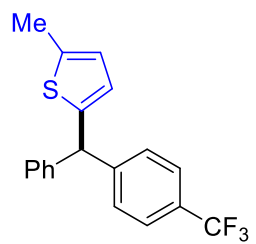


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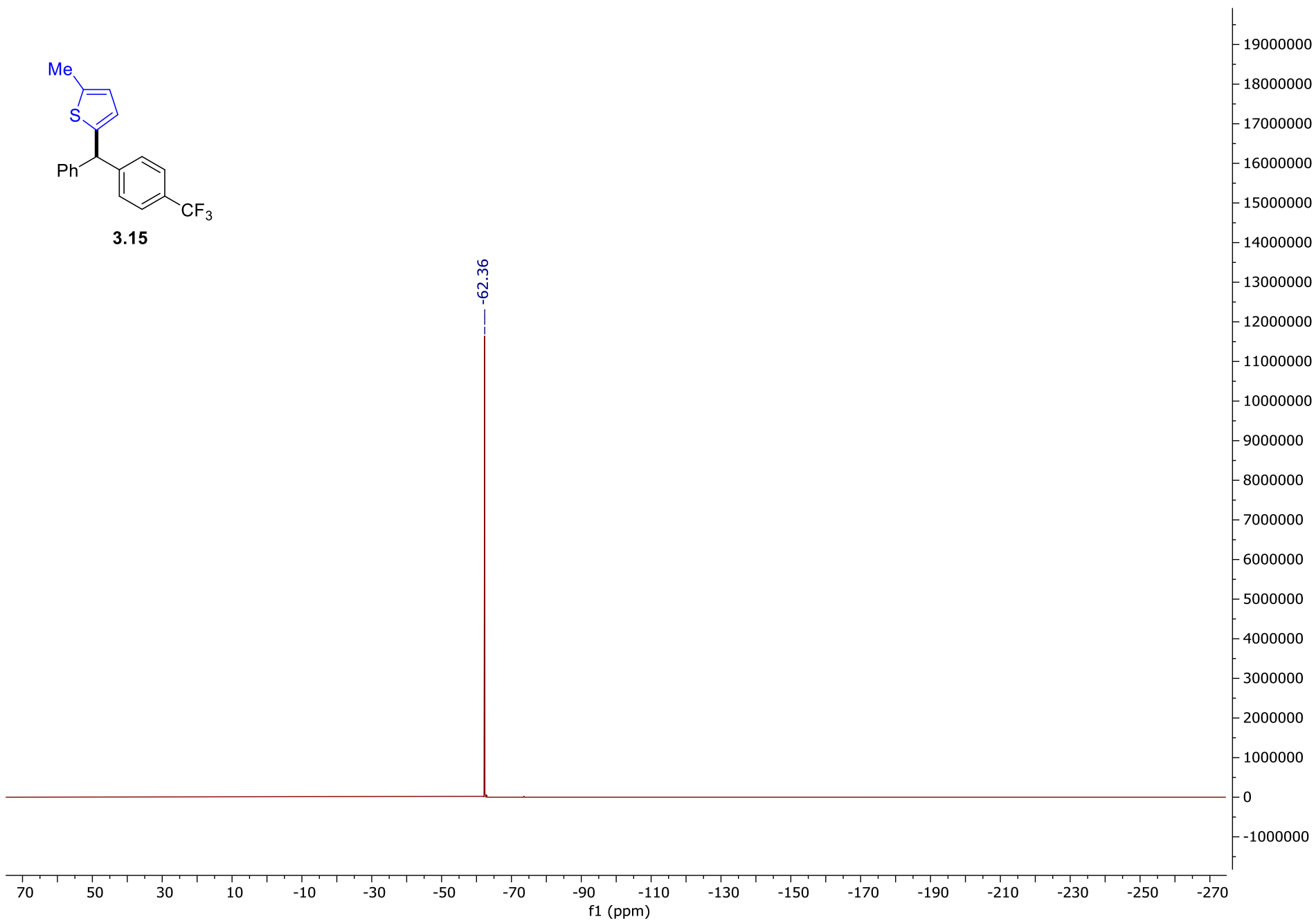


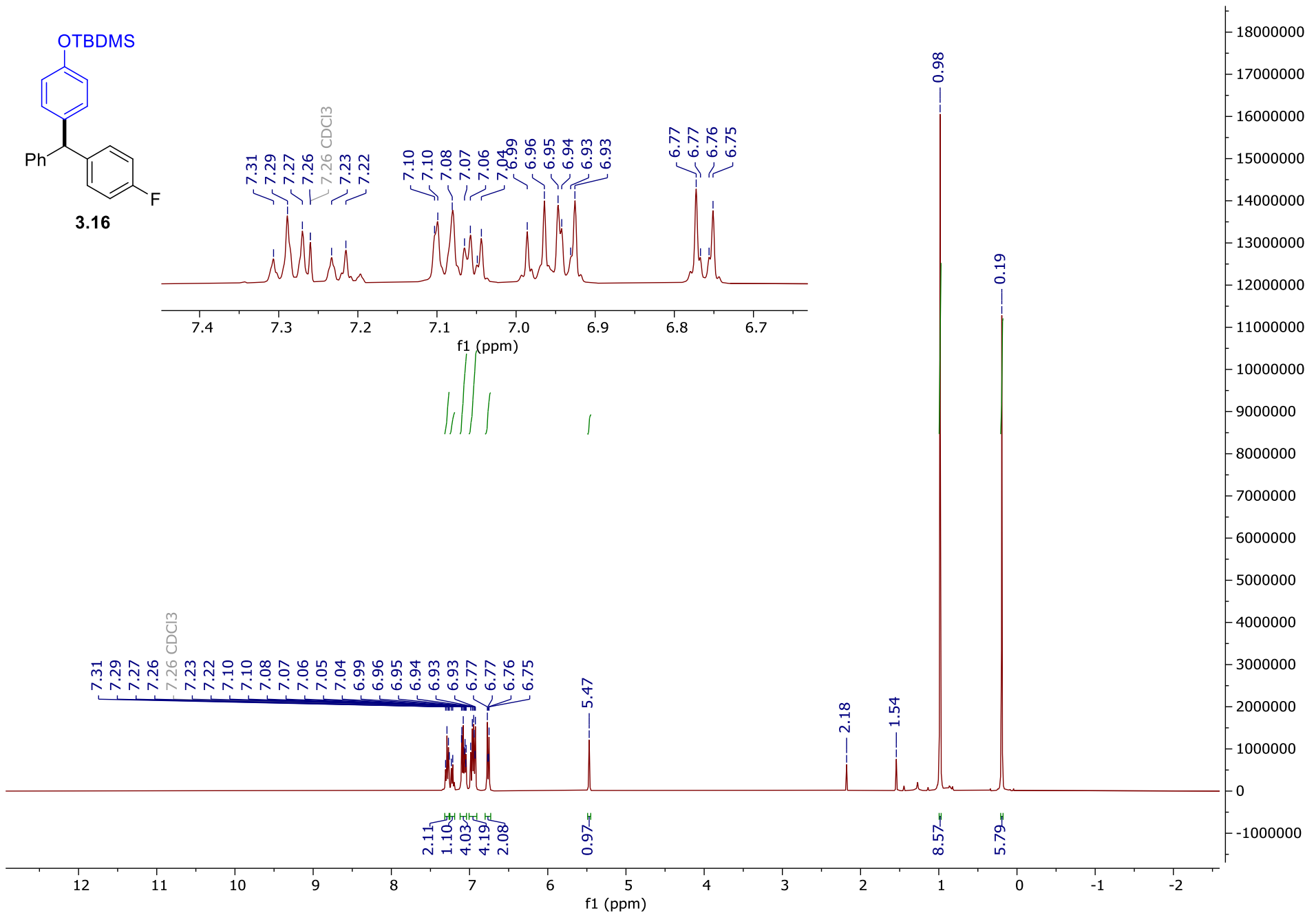


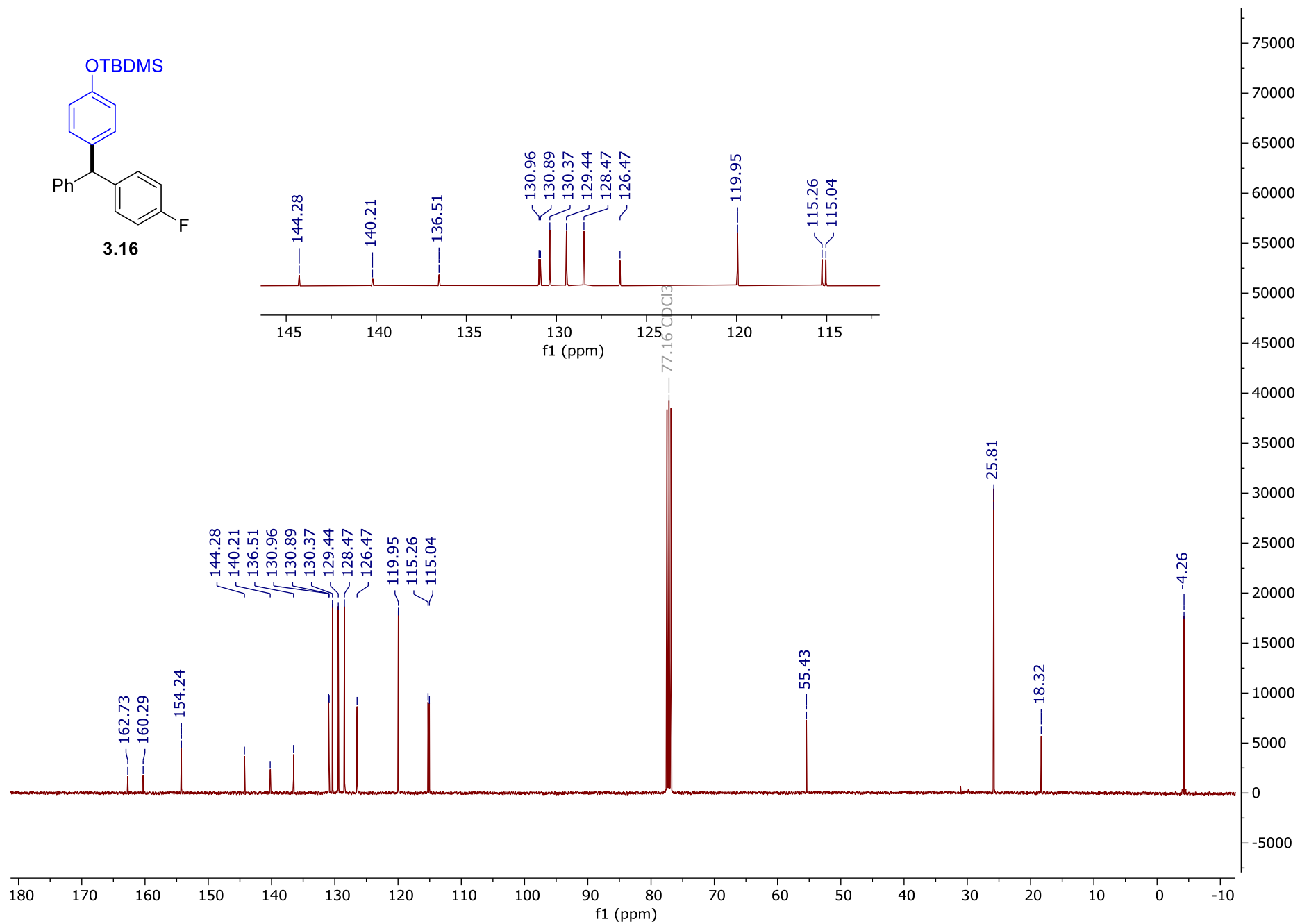
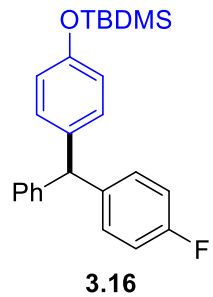


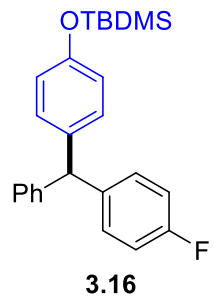


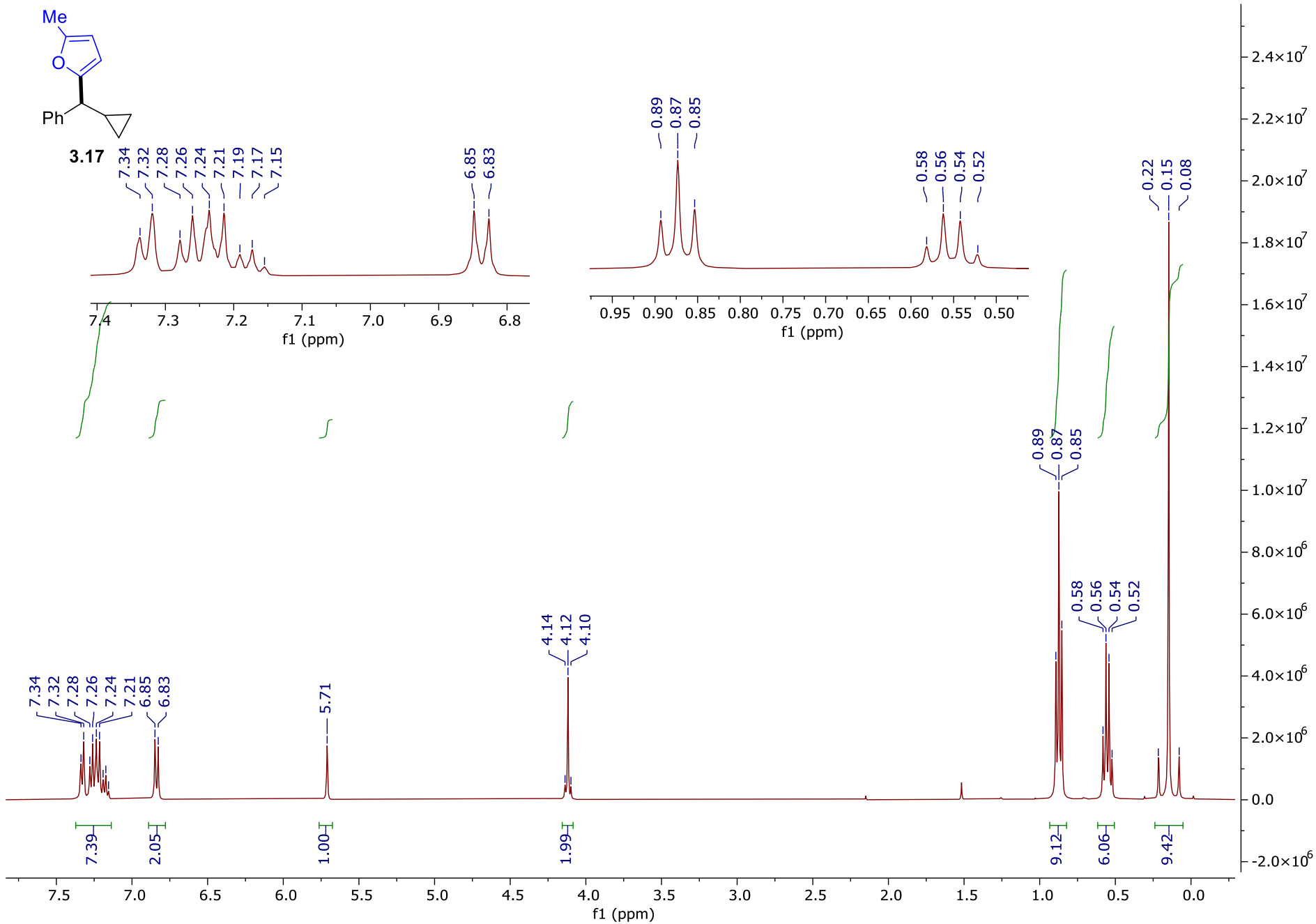
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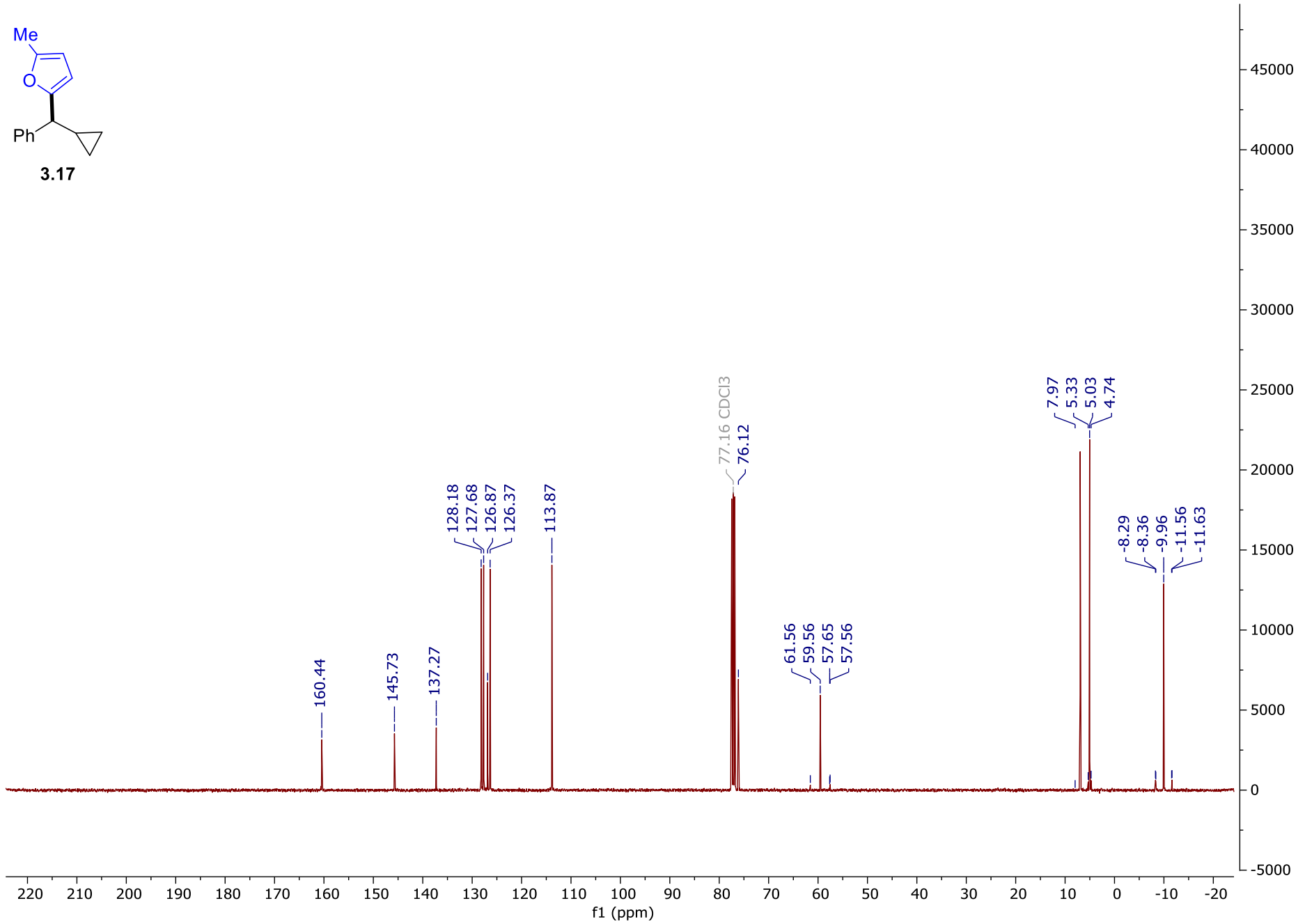
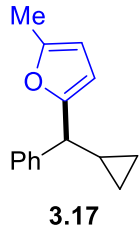


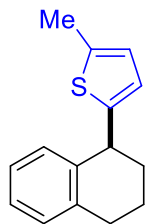




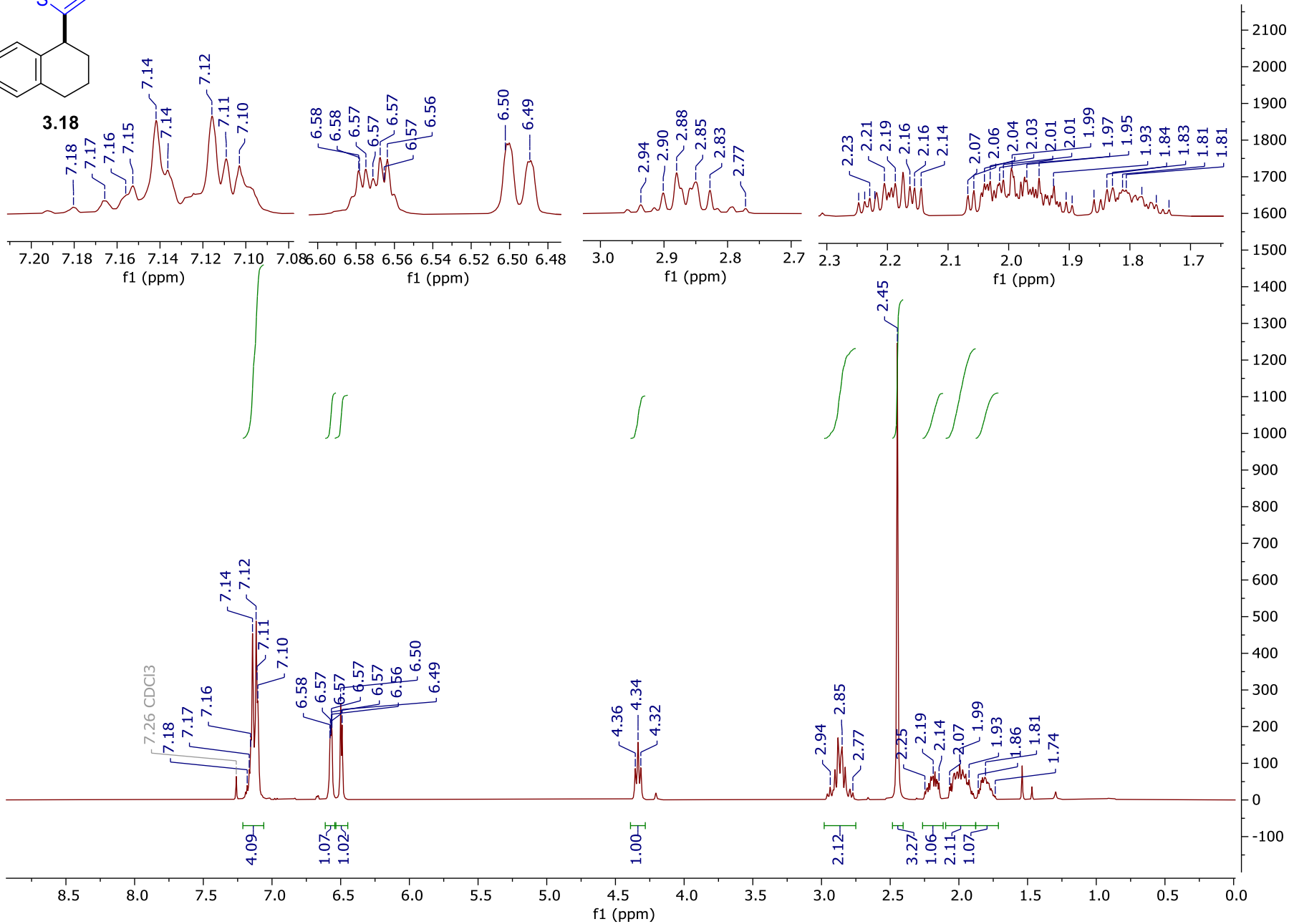


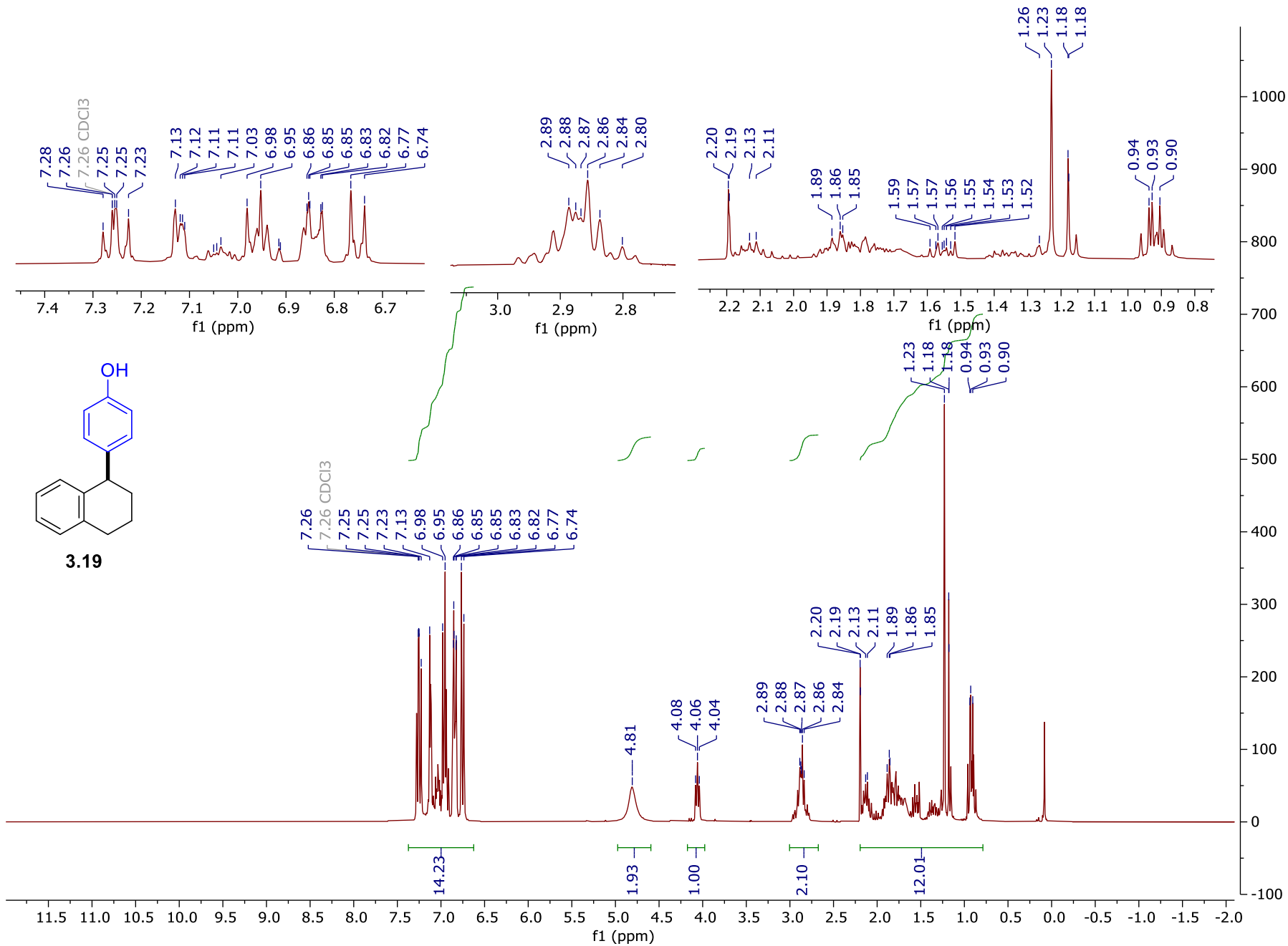


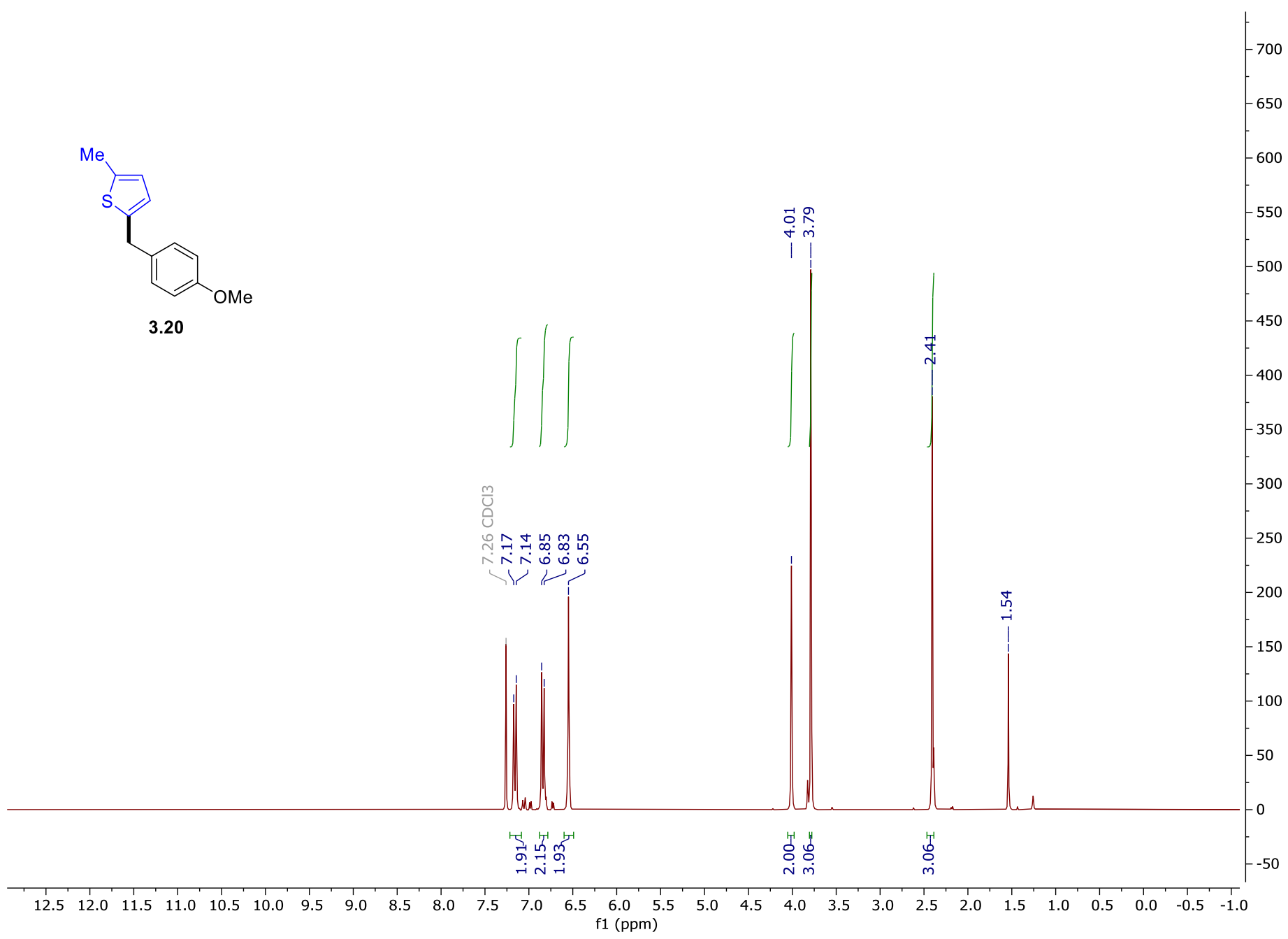
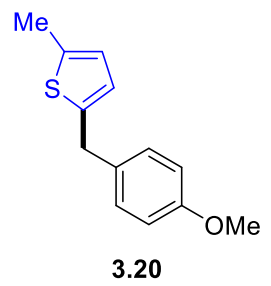


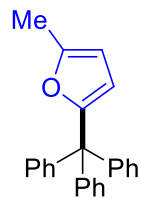


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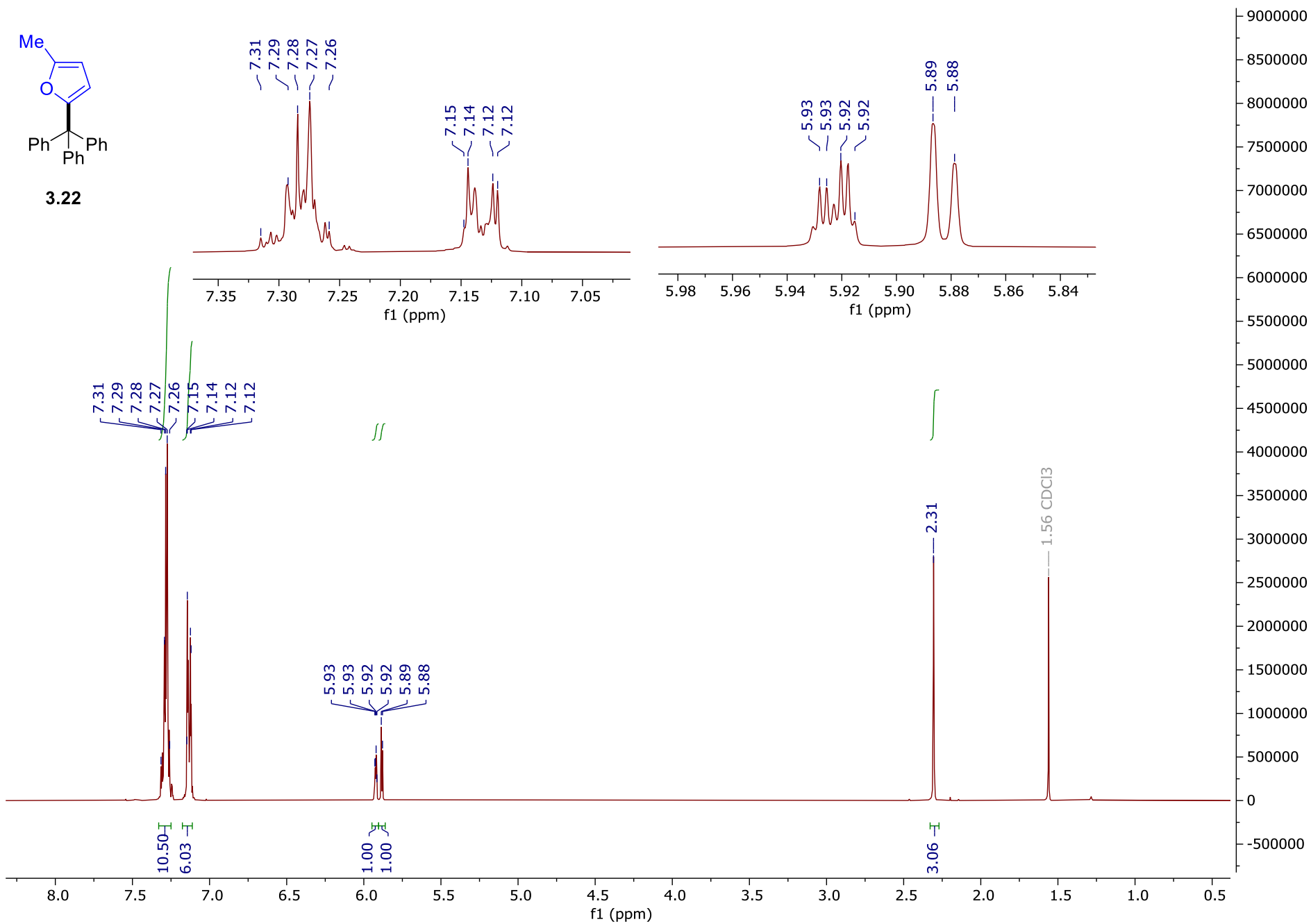


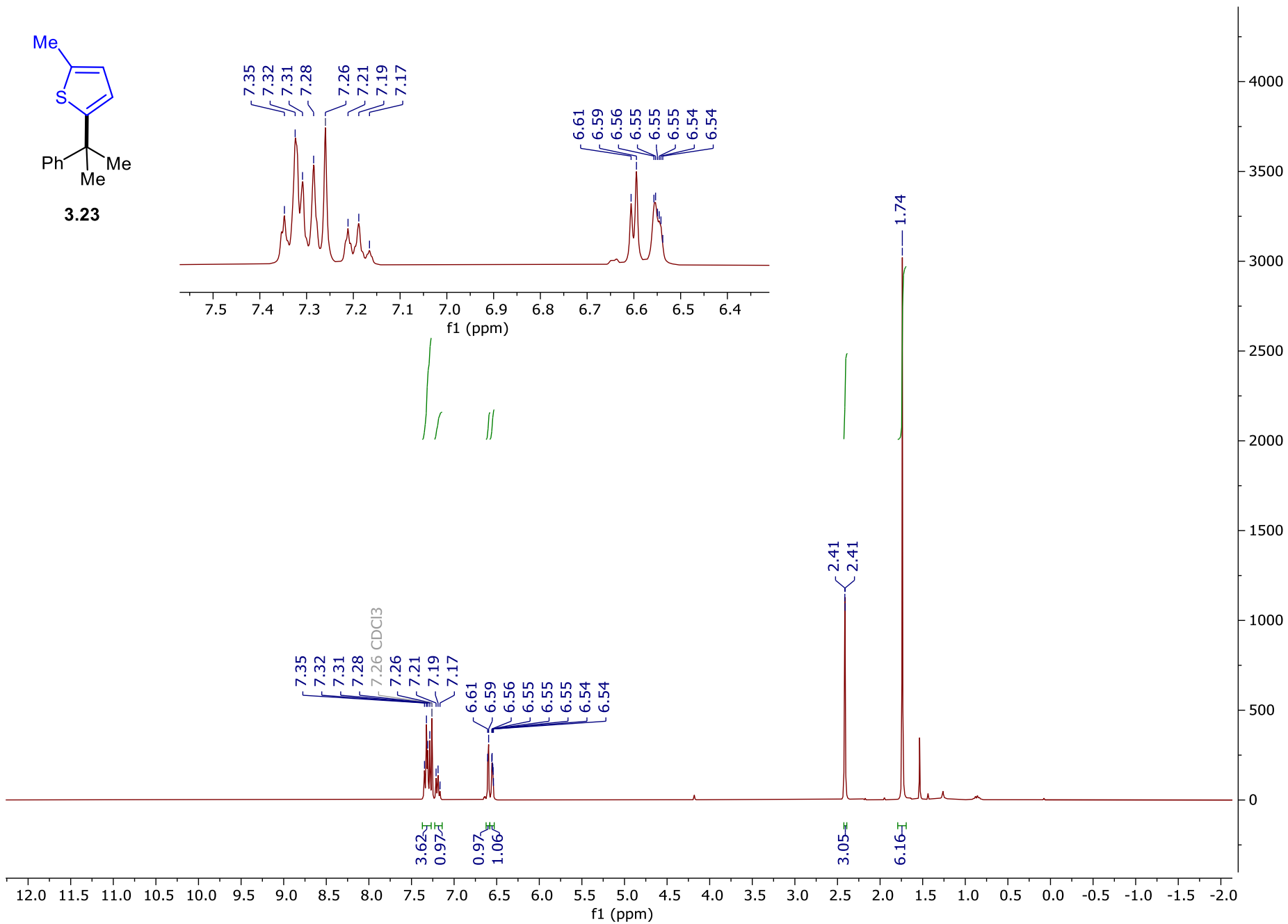
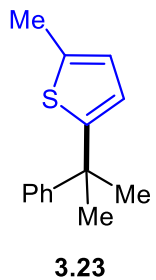


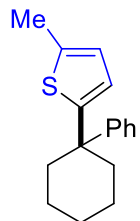
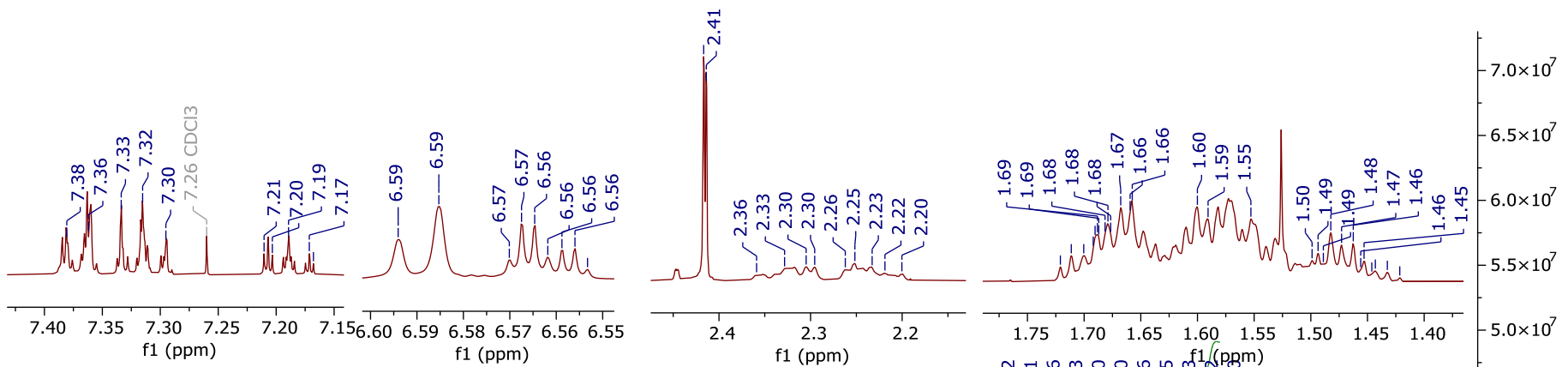




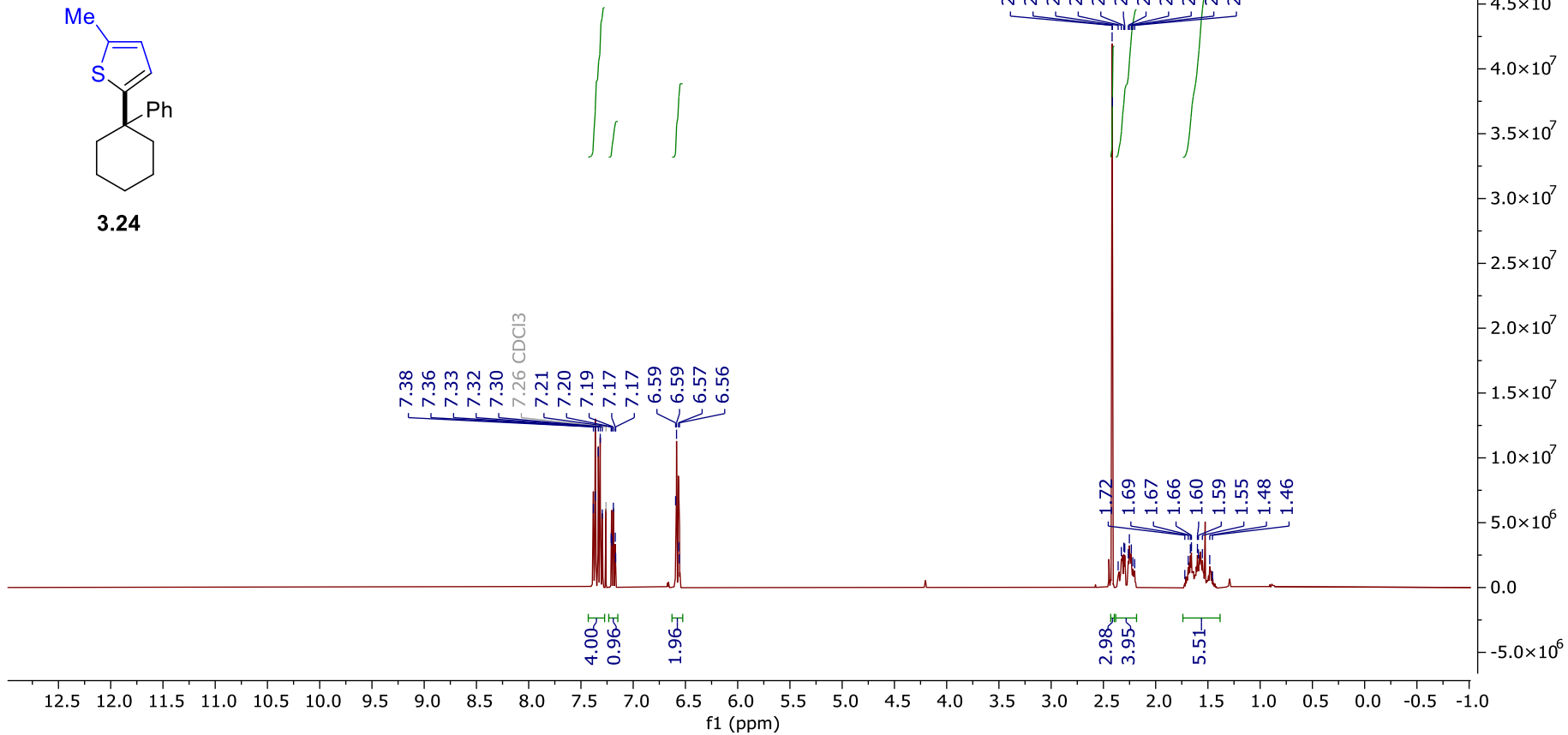
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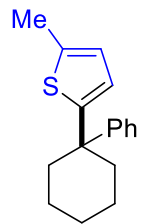




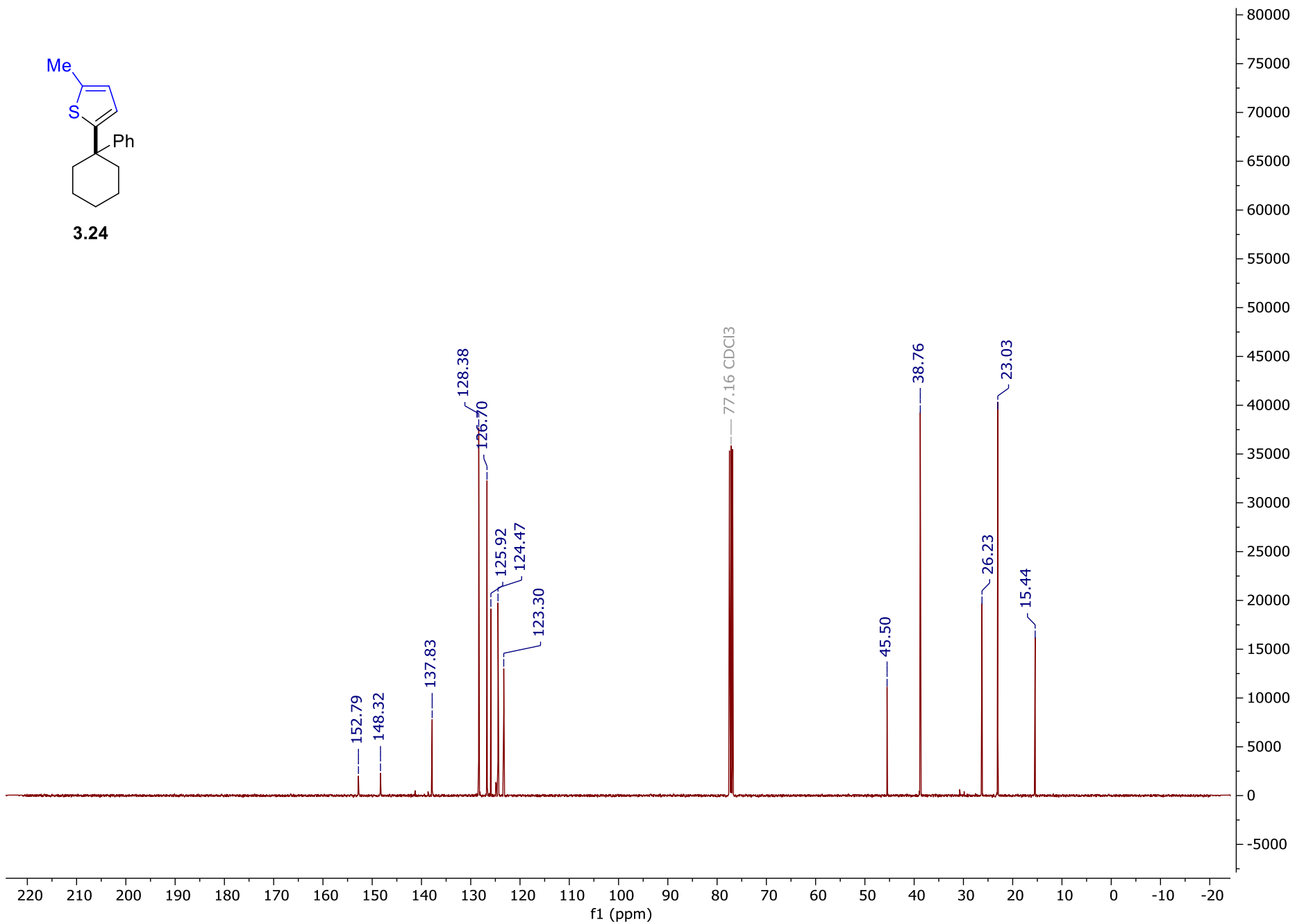


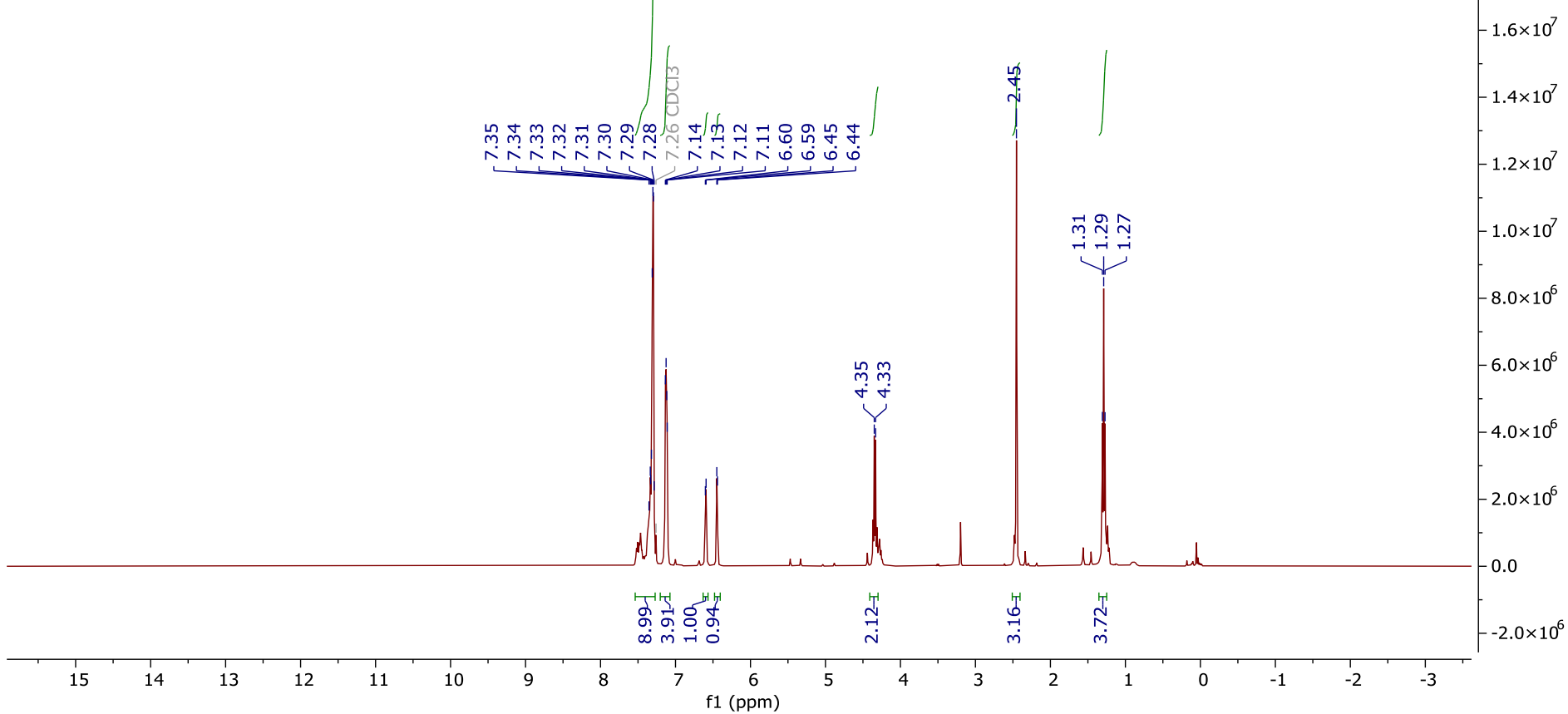
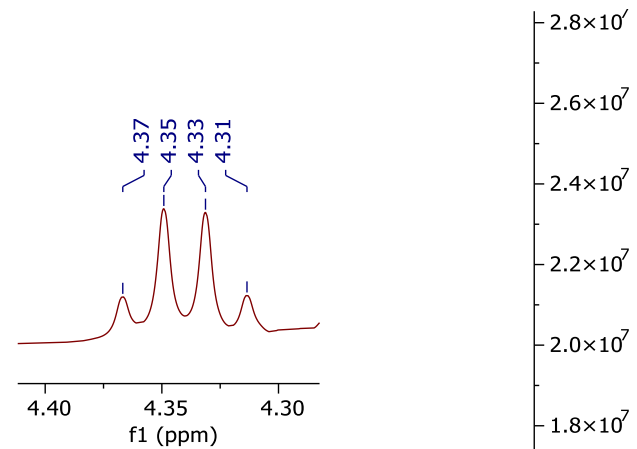
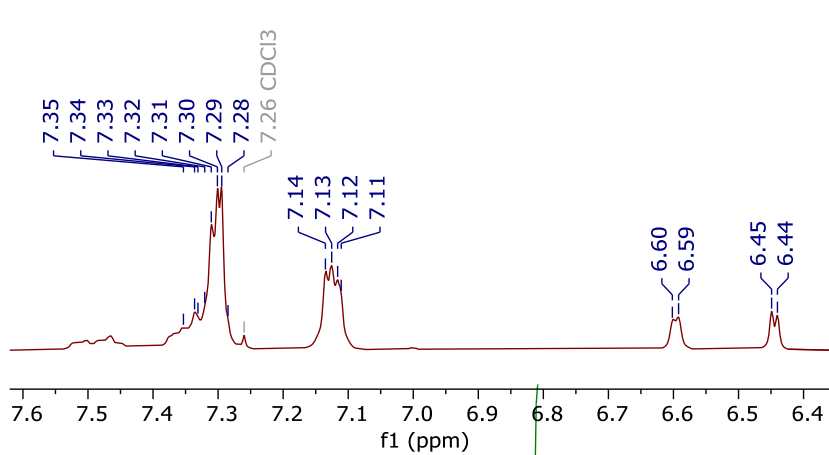
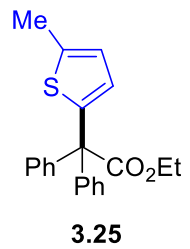
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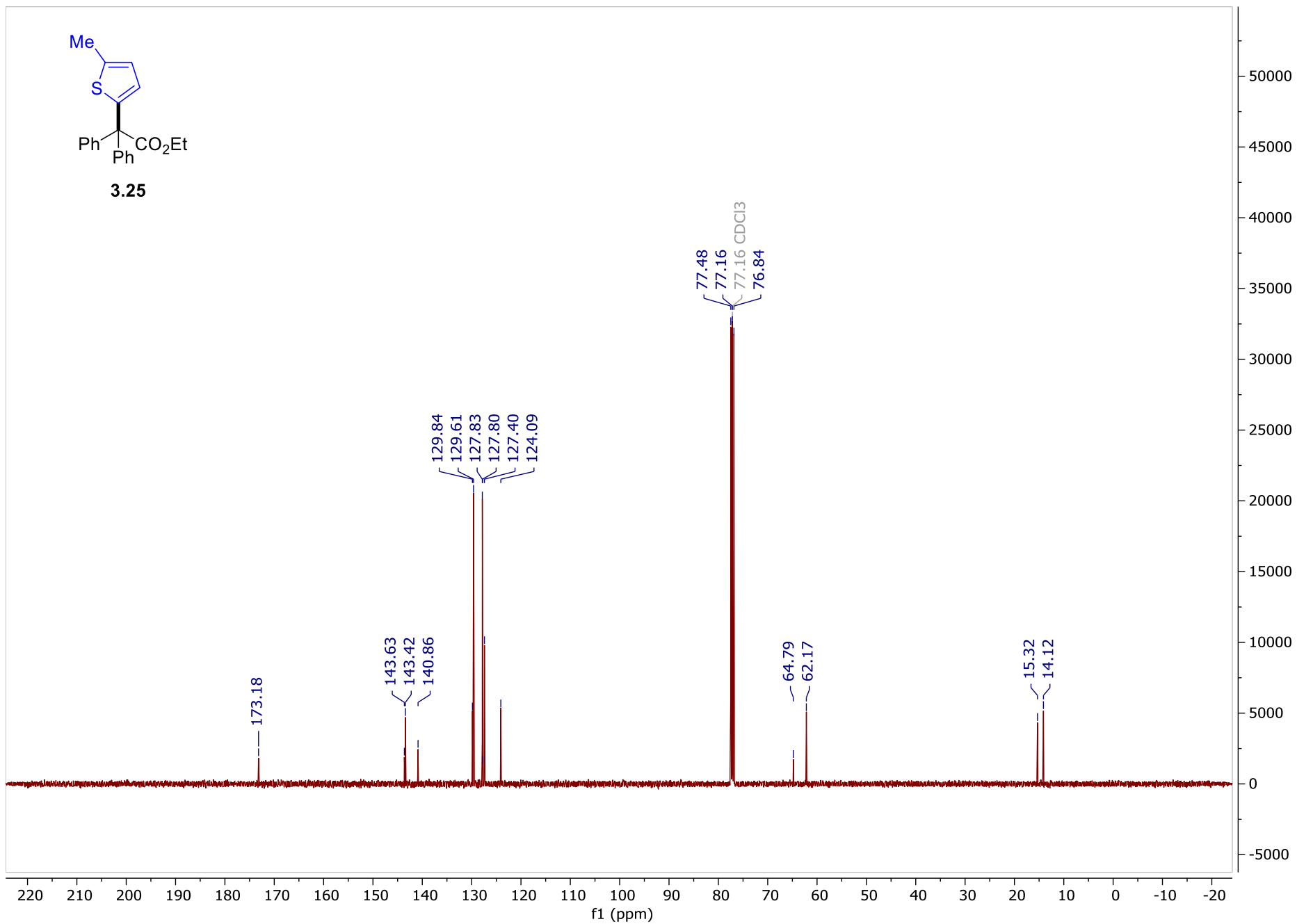
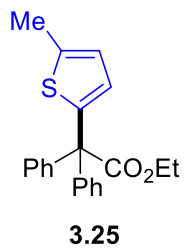


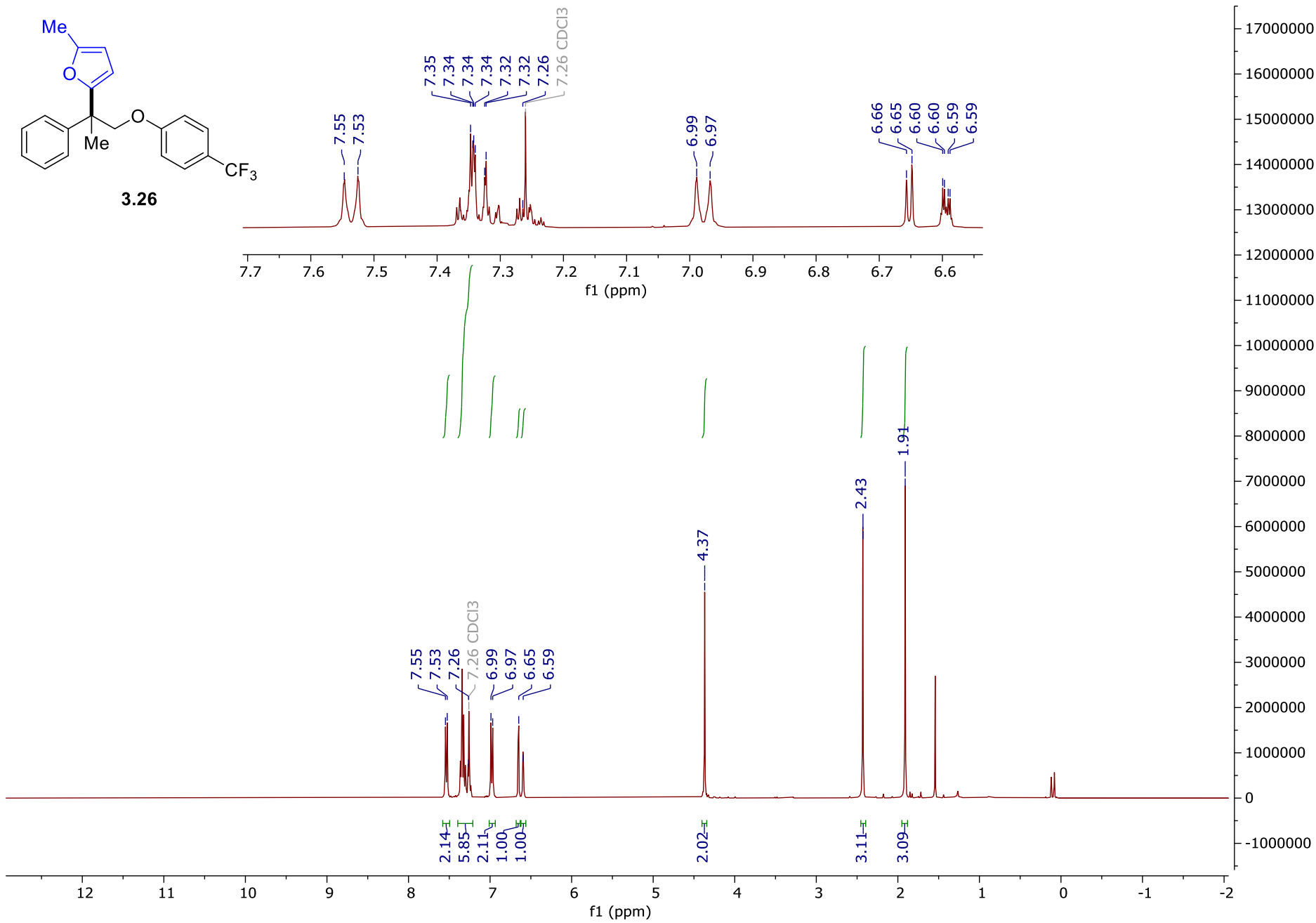


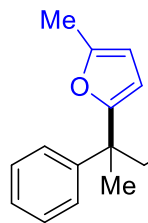
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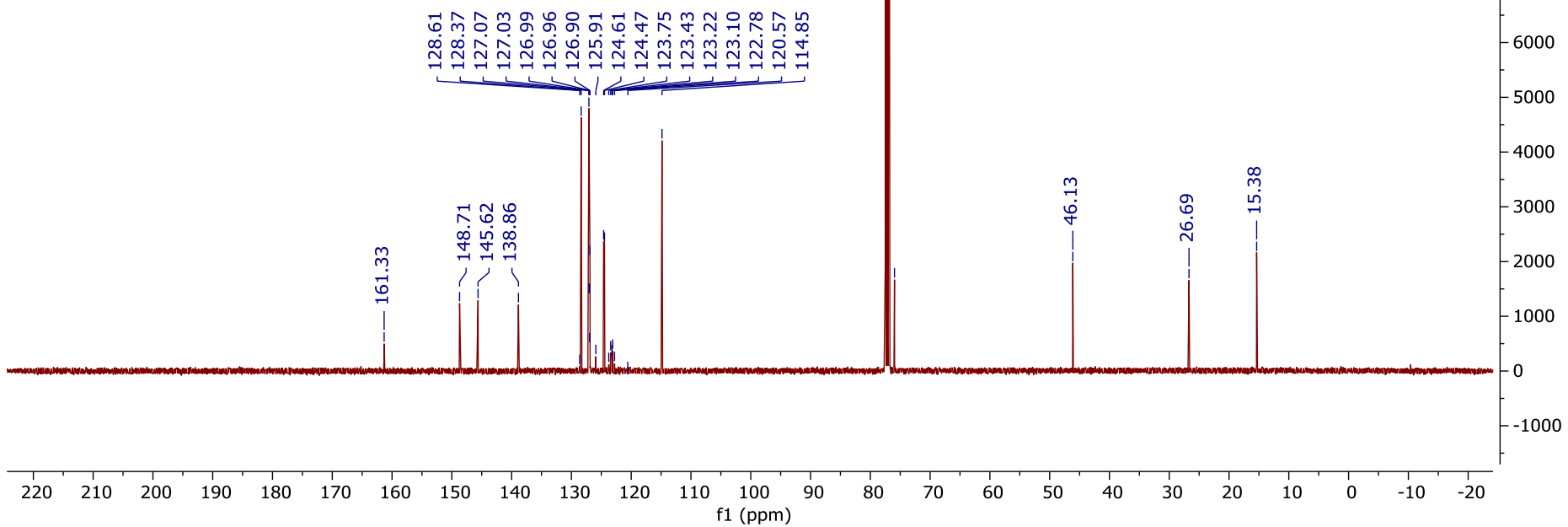
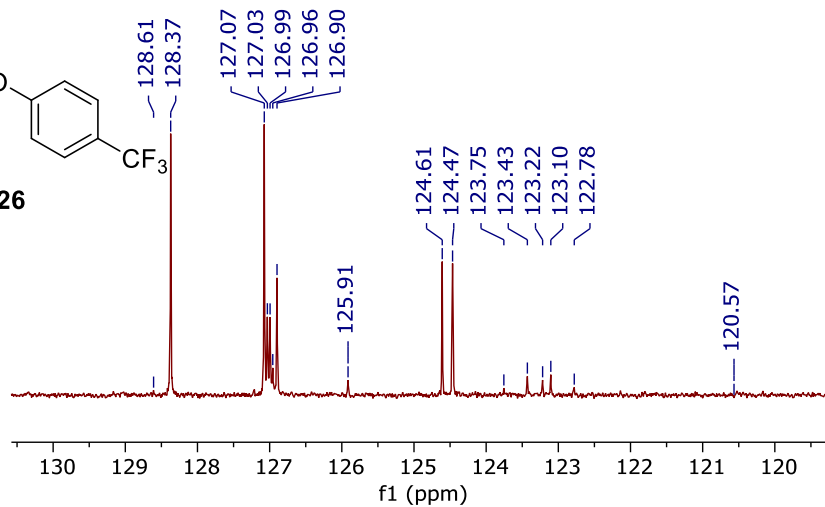


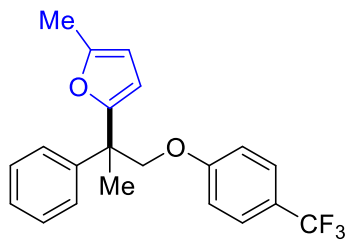




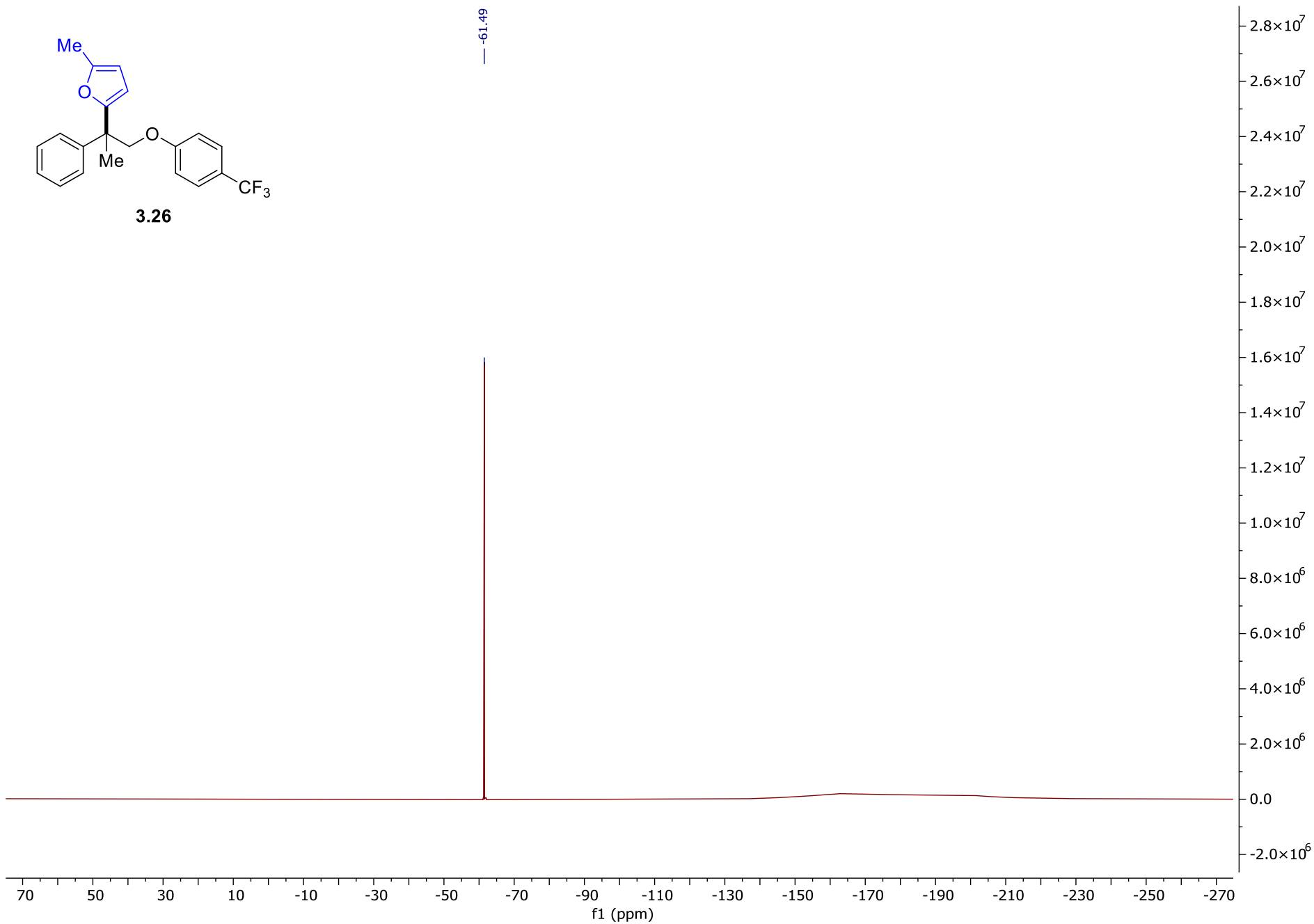


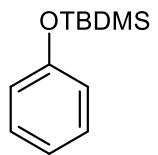
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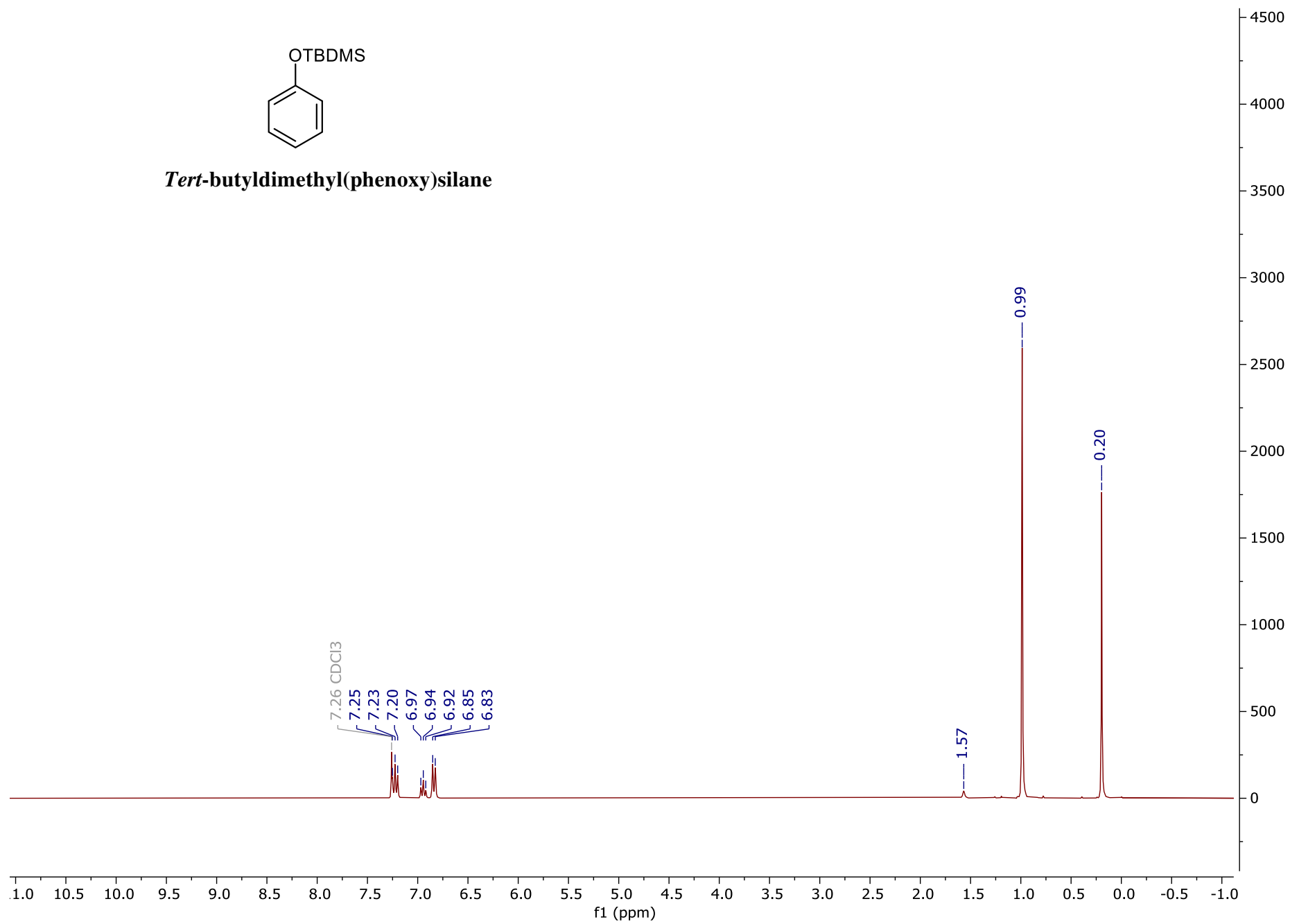


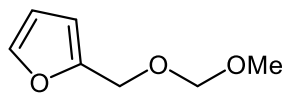
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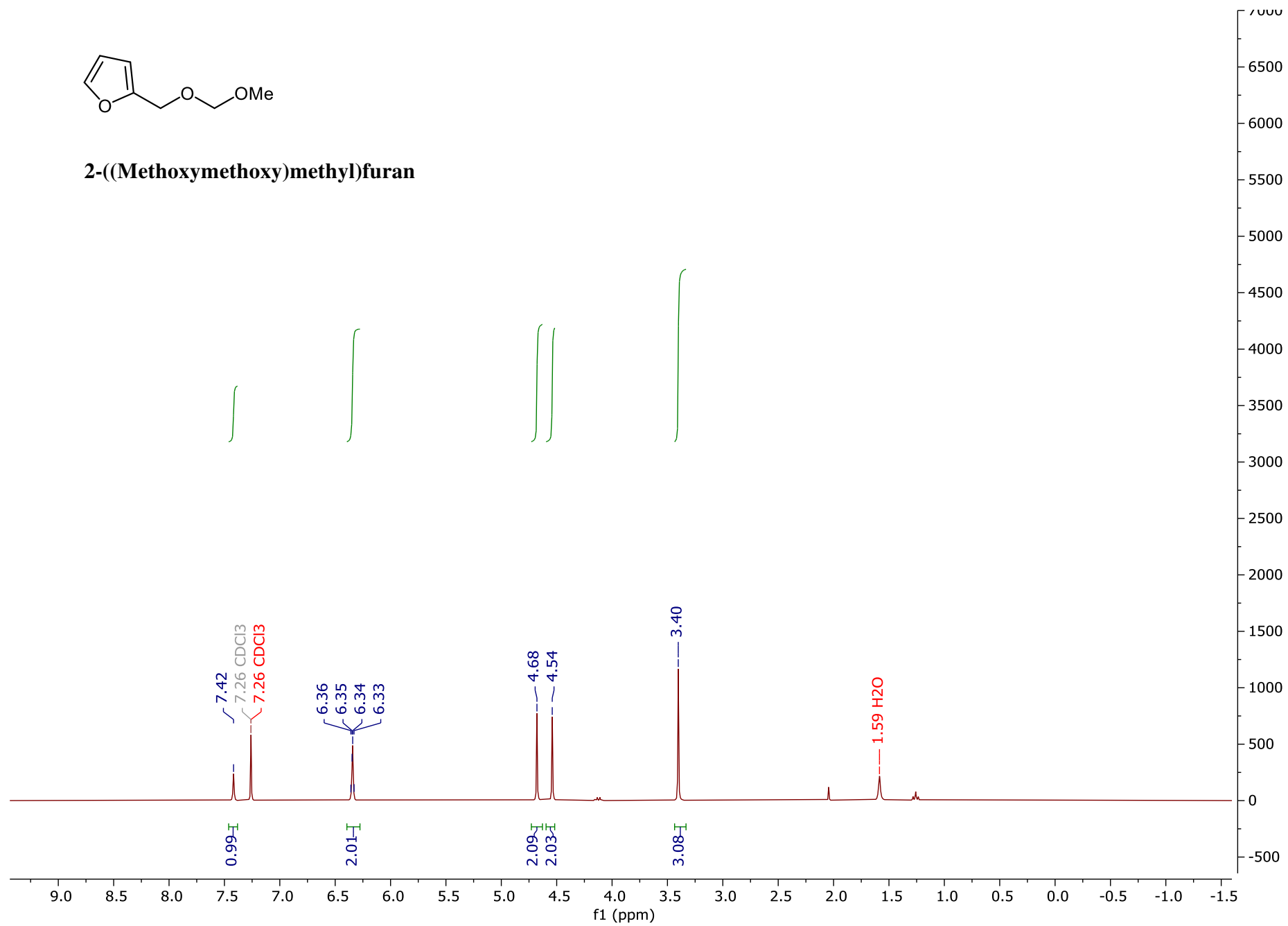


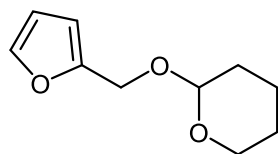
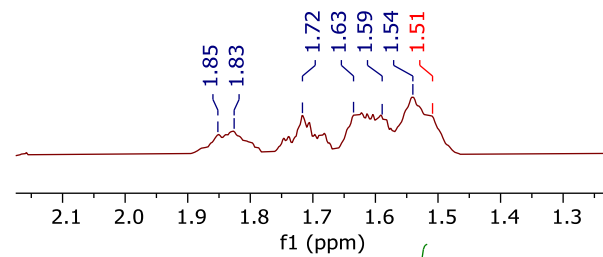
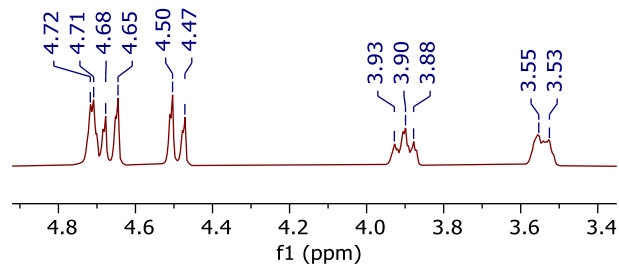
***Tert*-butyldimethyl(phenoxy)silane**



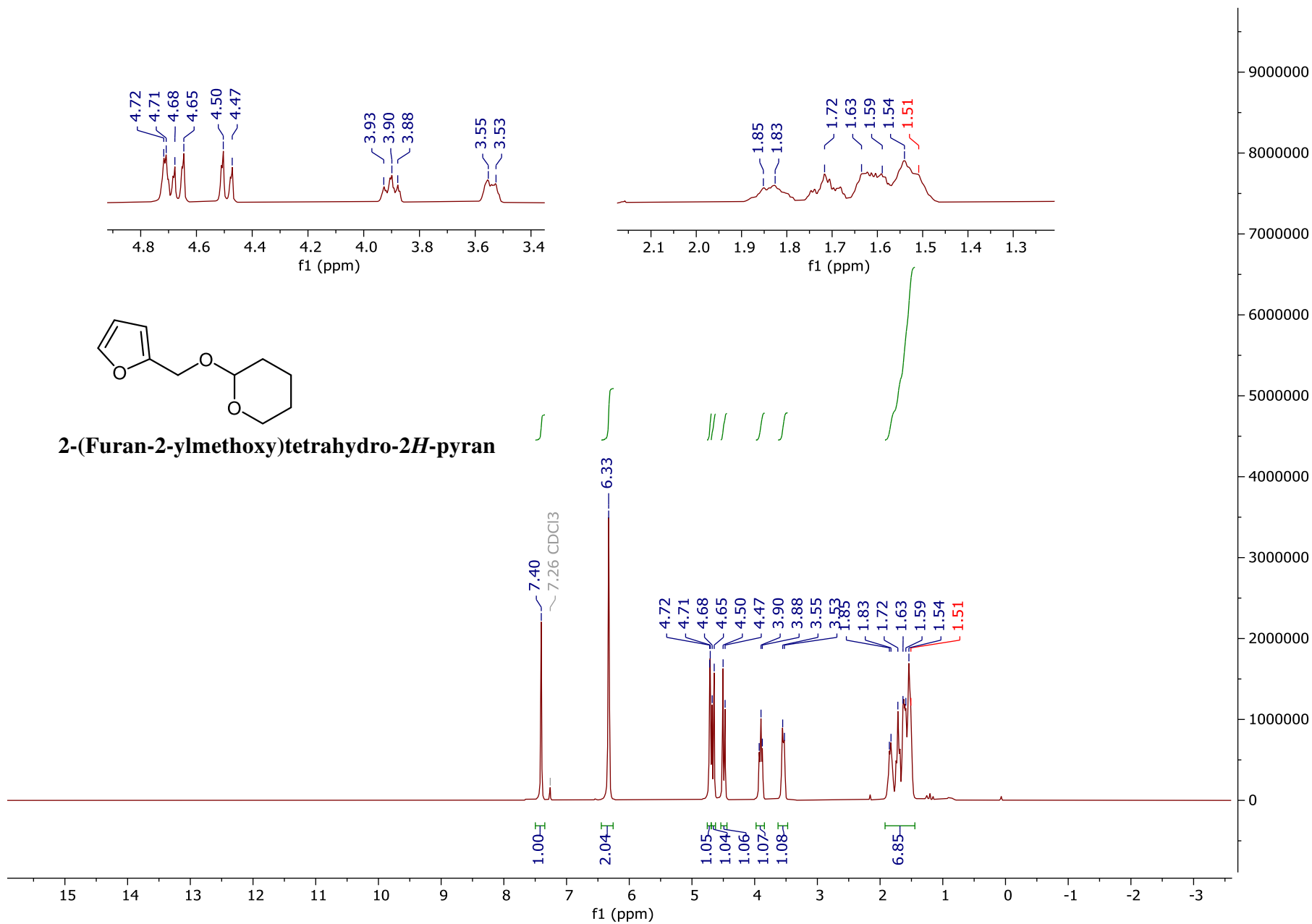


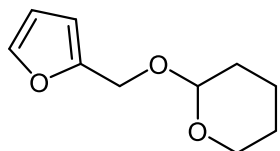
**2-((Methoxymethoxy)methyl)furan**



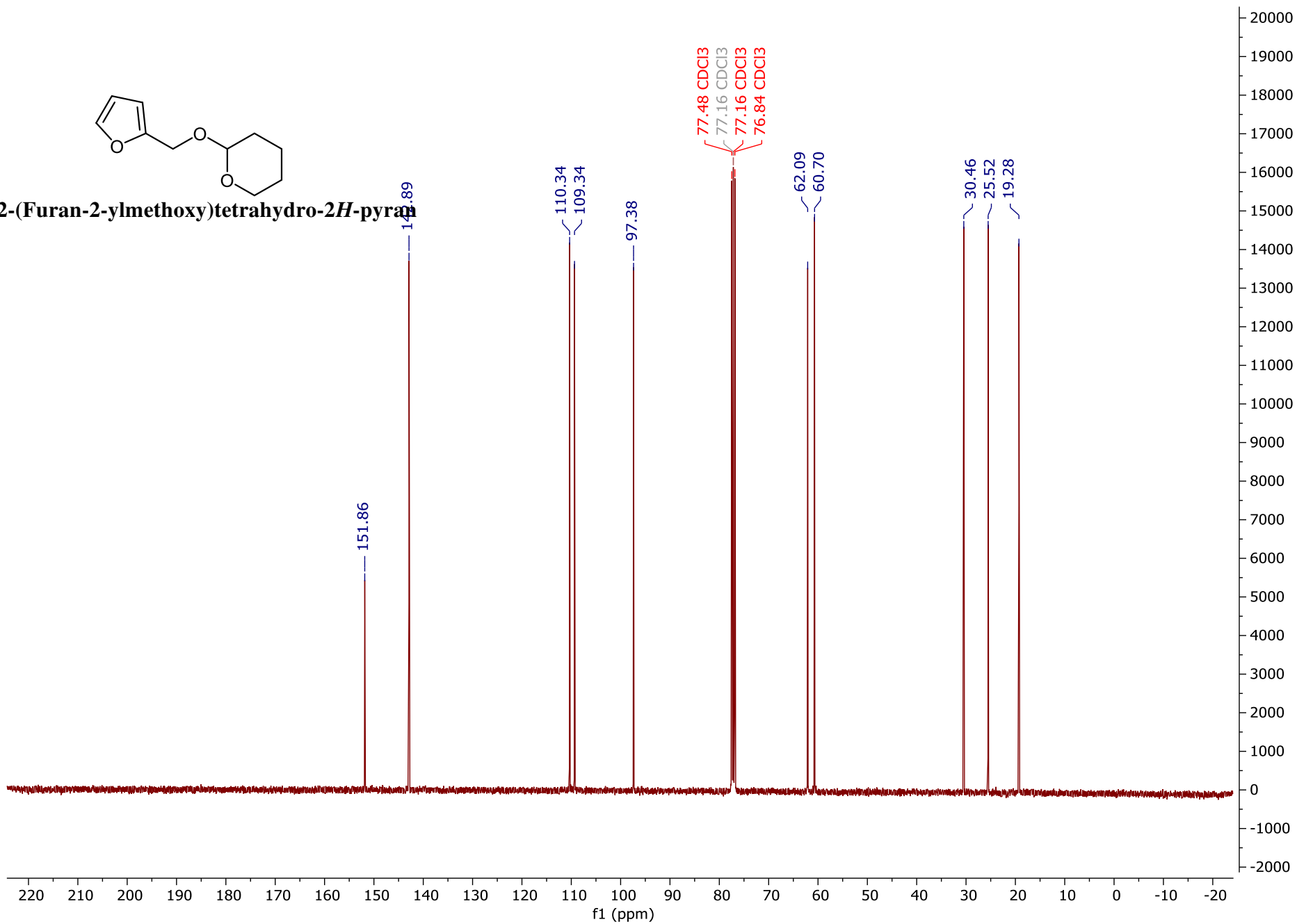


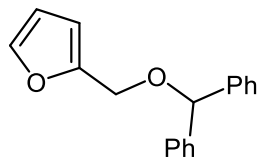
**2-(Furan-2-ylmethoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran**



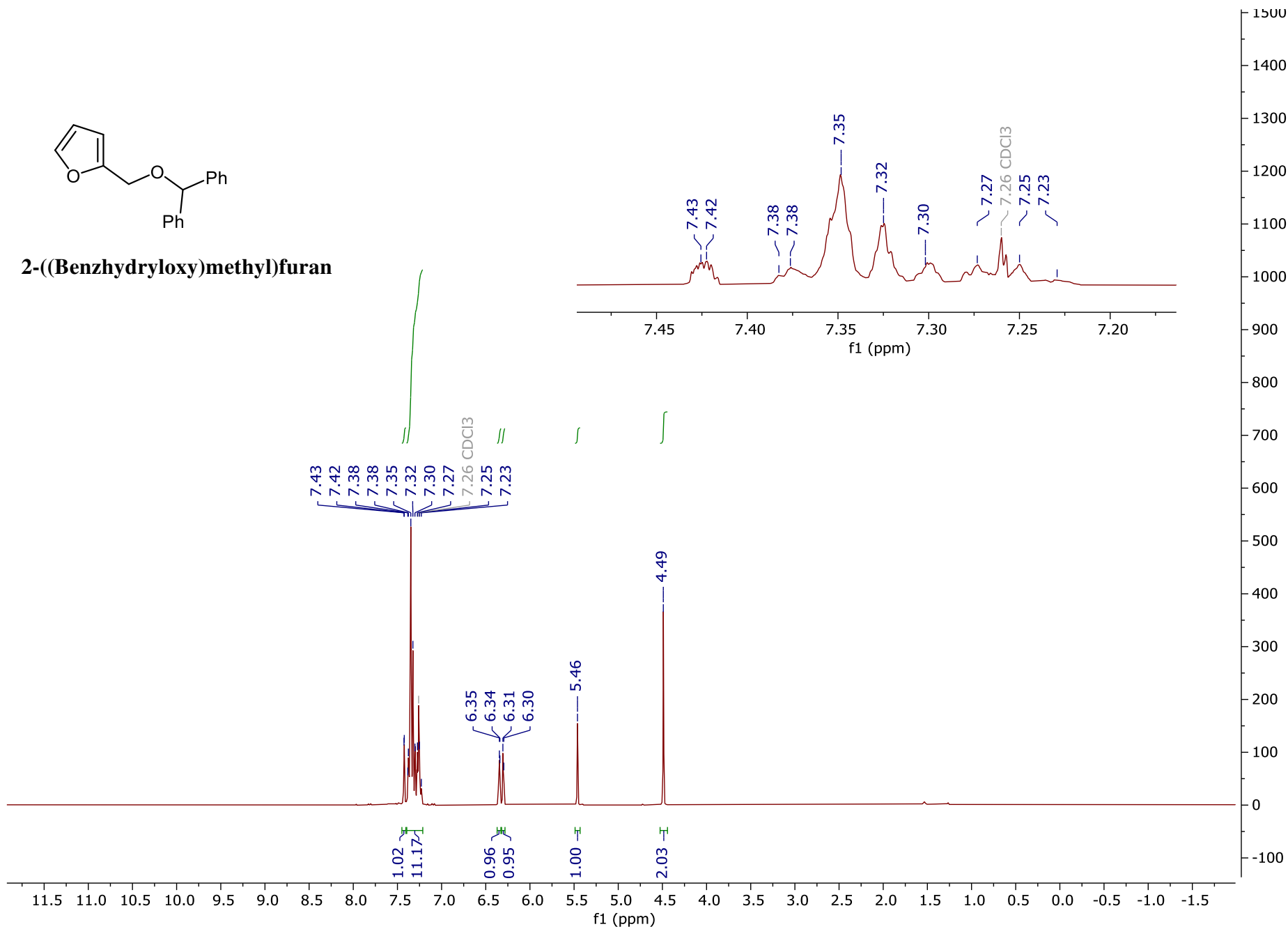


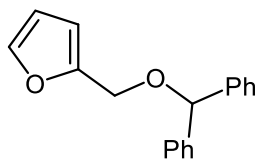
2-(Furan-2-ylmethoxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran



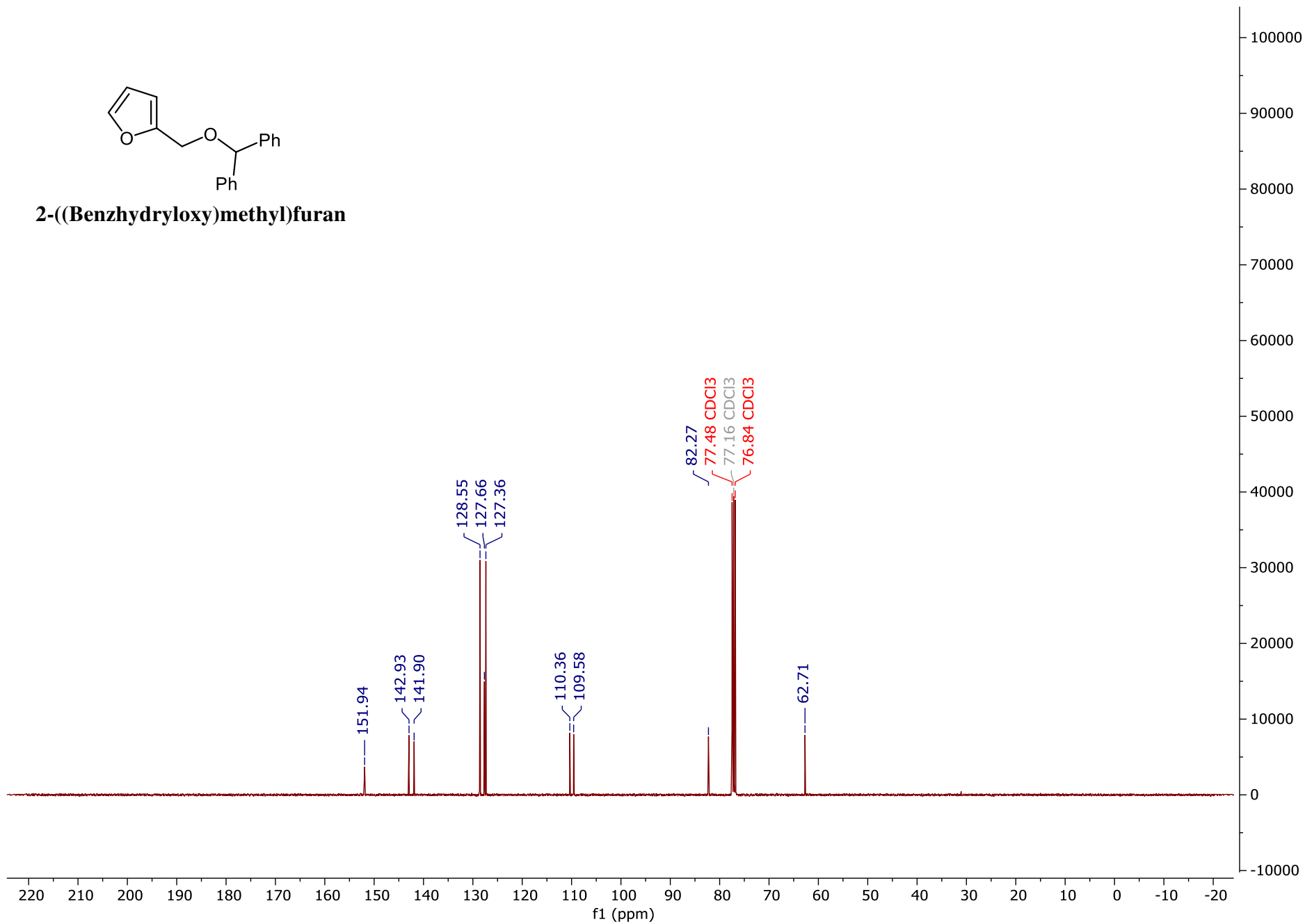


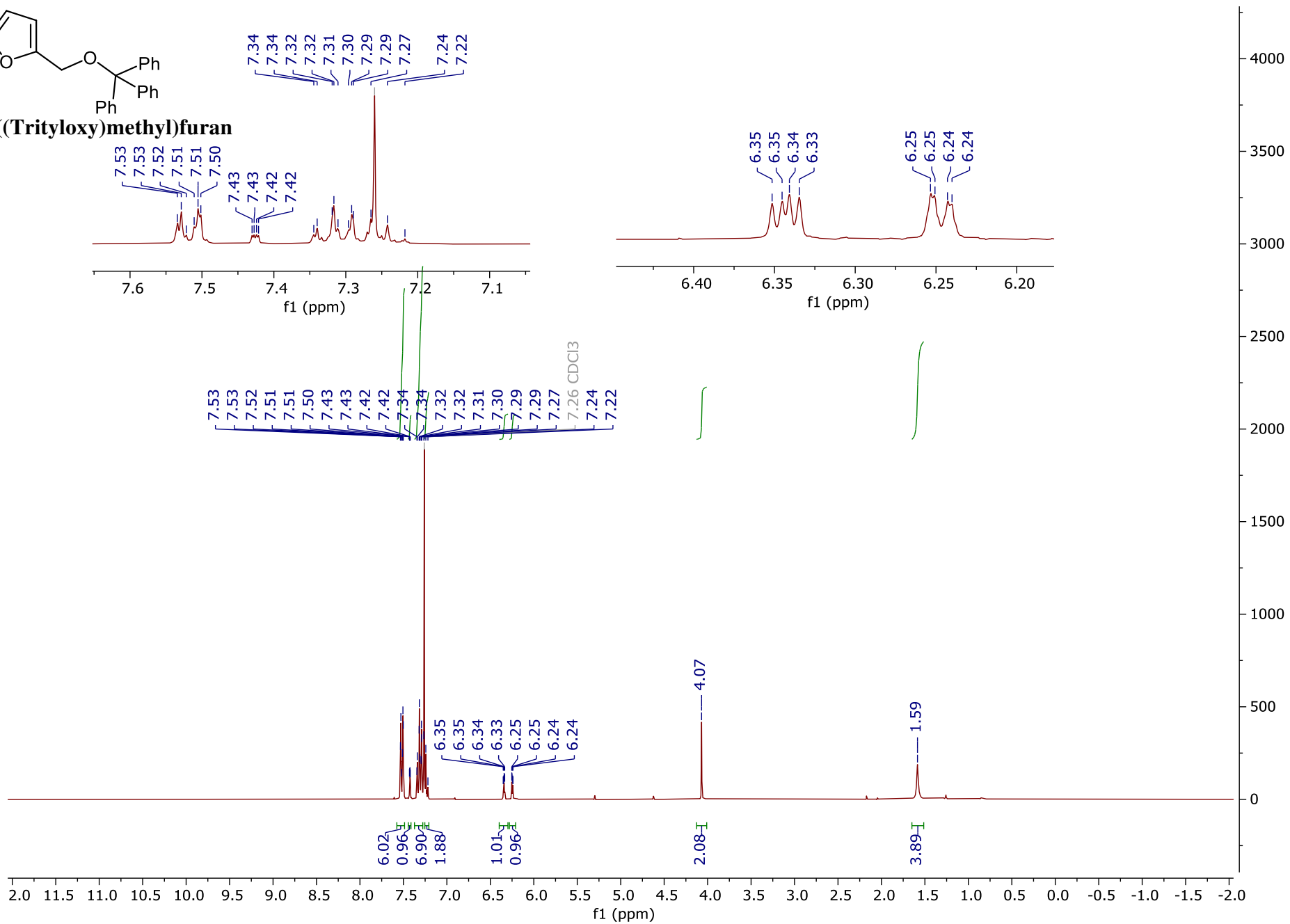
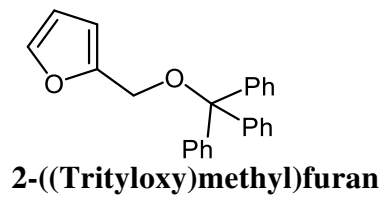
2-((Benzhydryloxy)methyl)furan

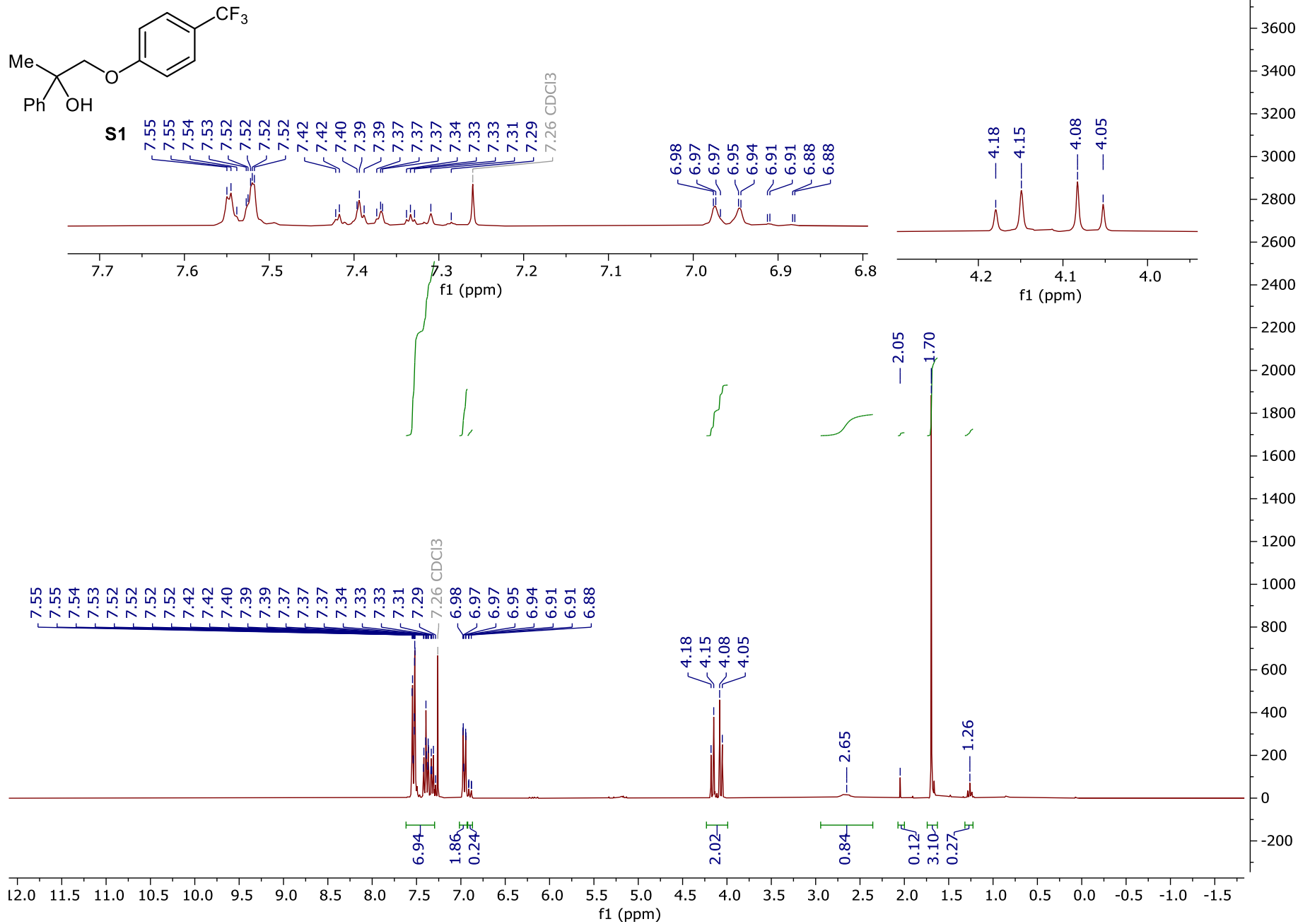


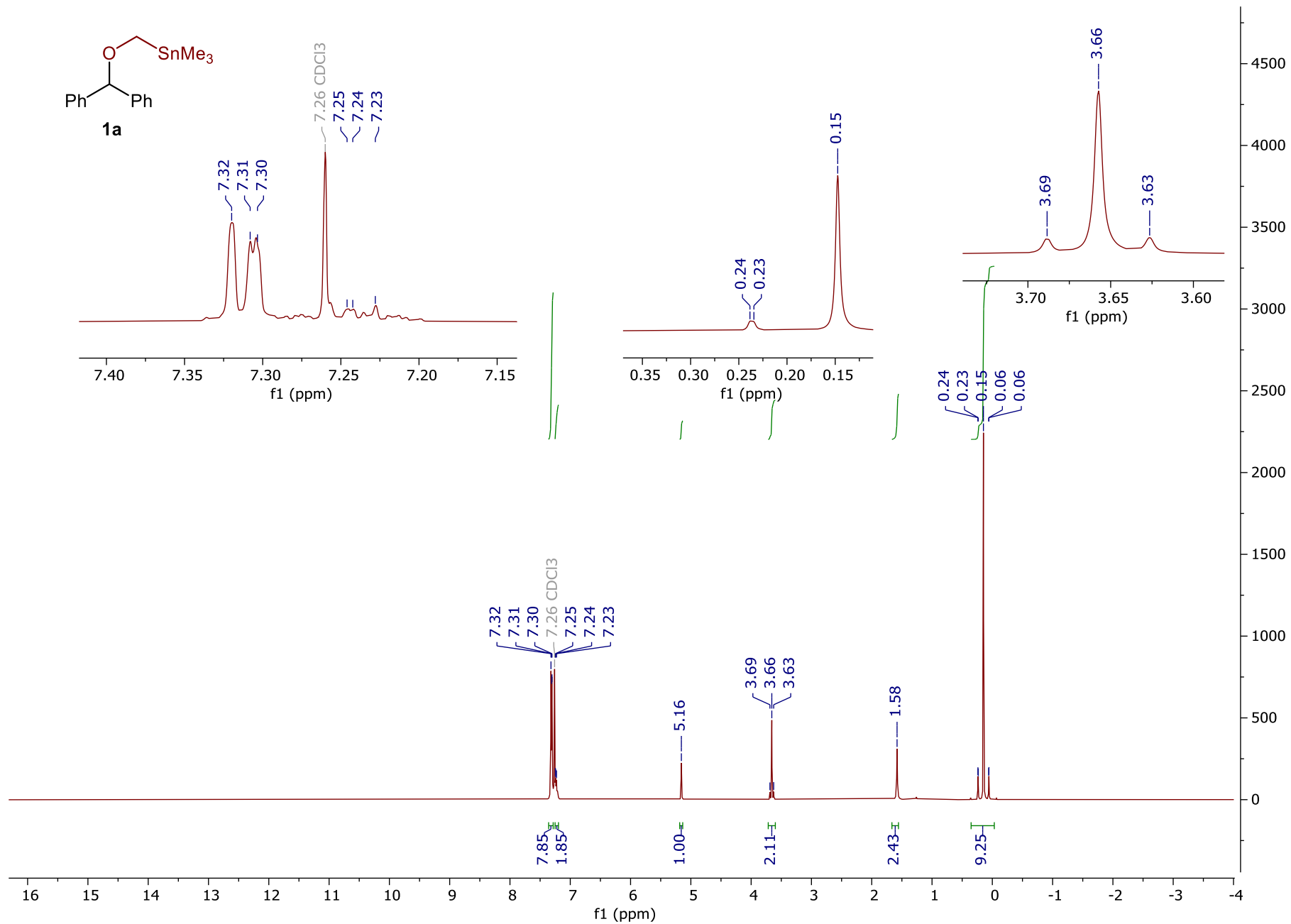


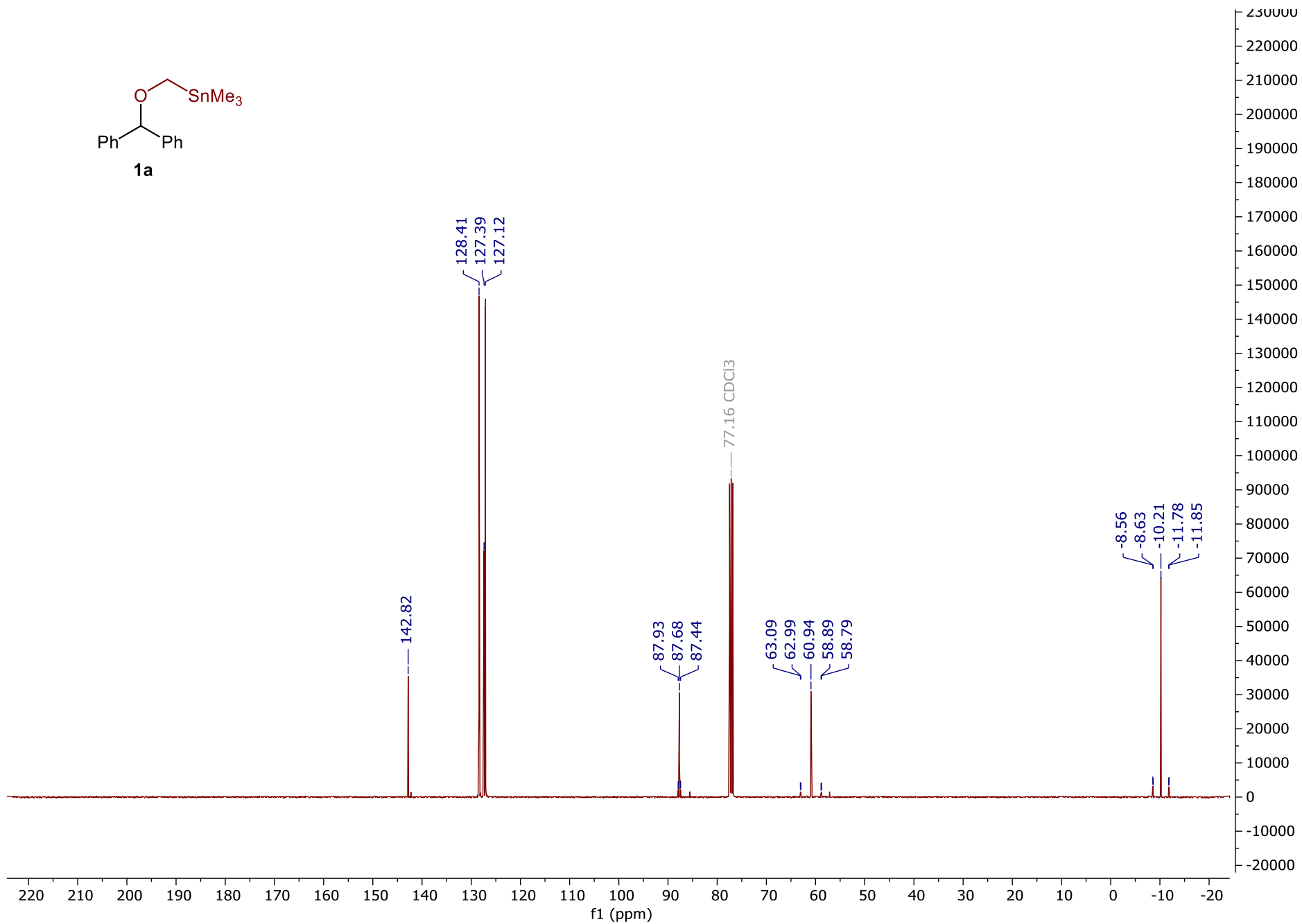
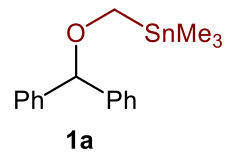
2-((Benzhydryloxy)methyl)furan

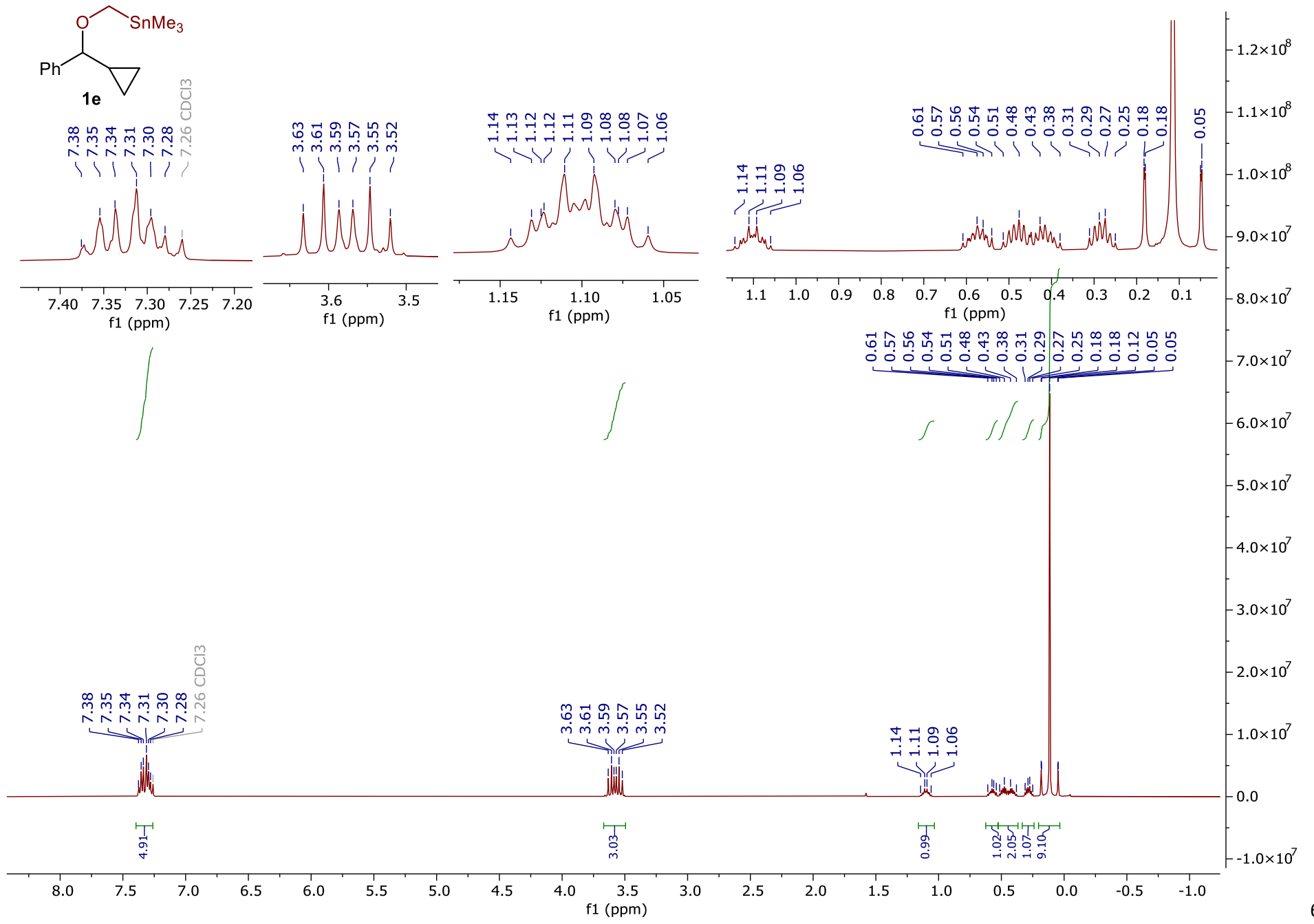


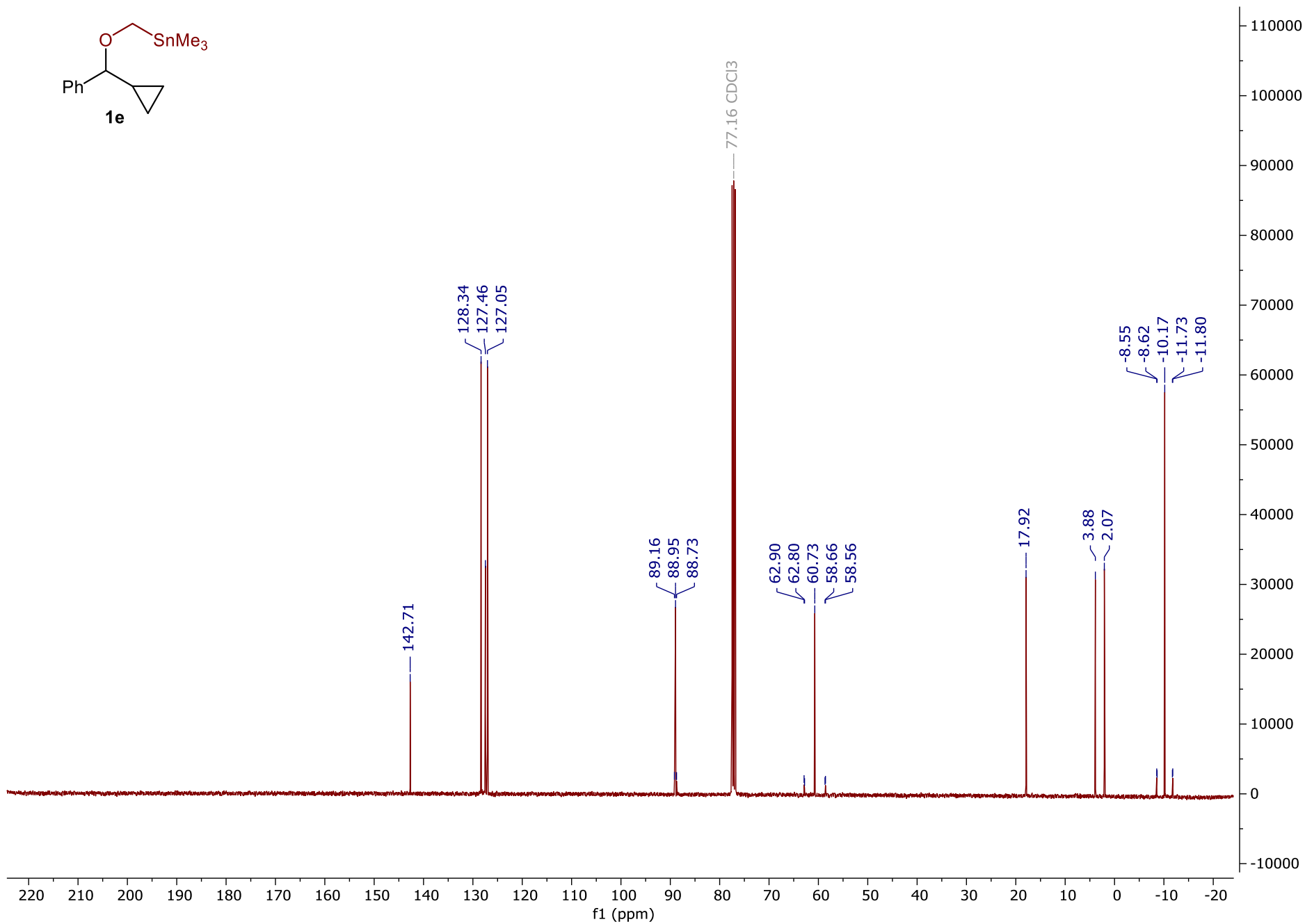
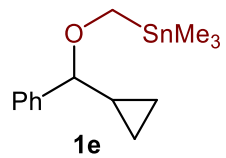


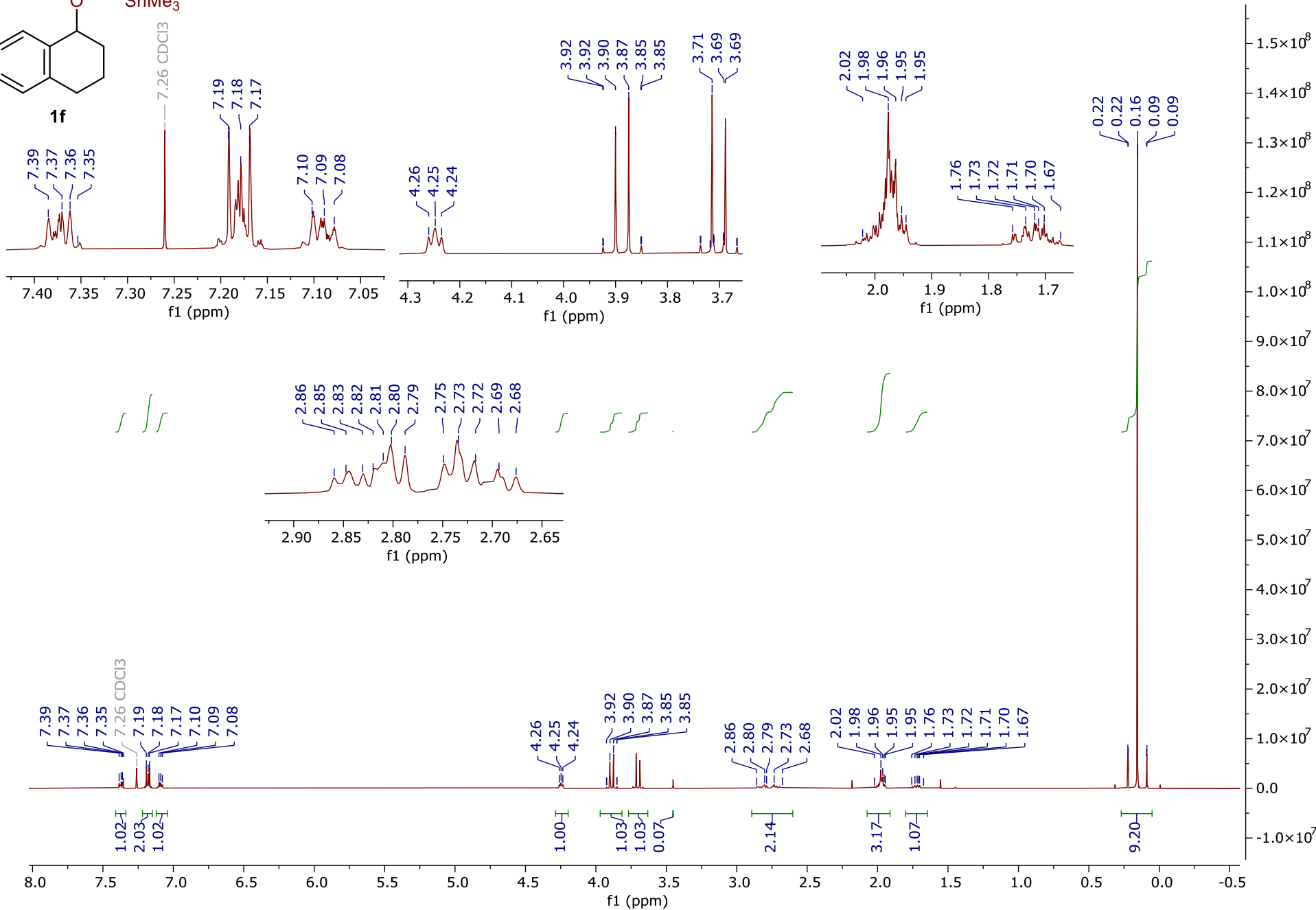
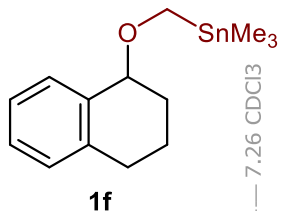


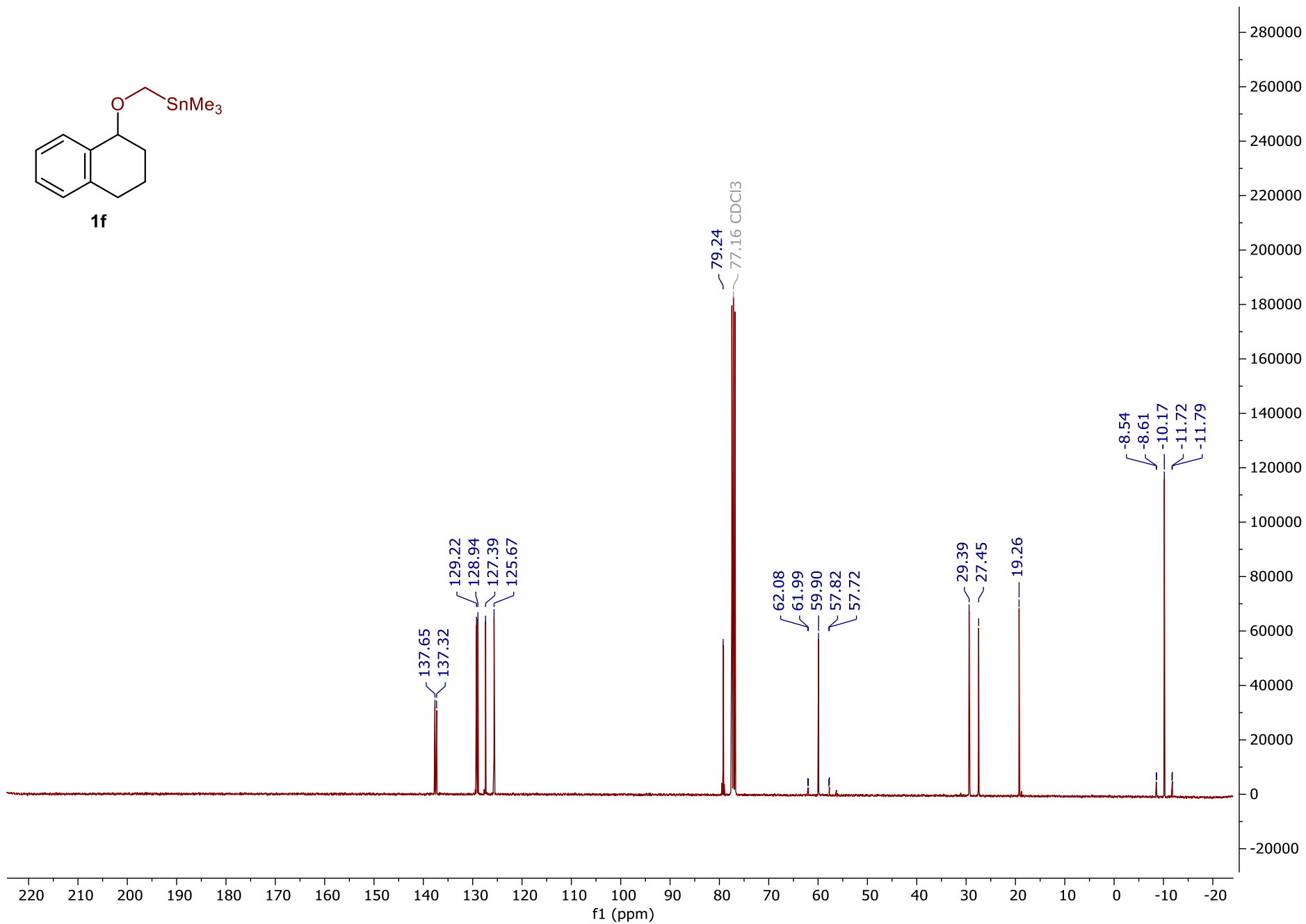
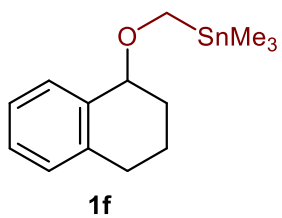


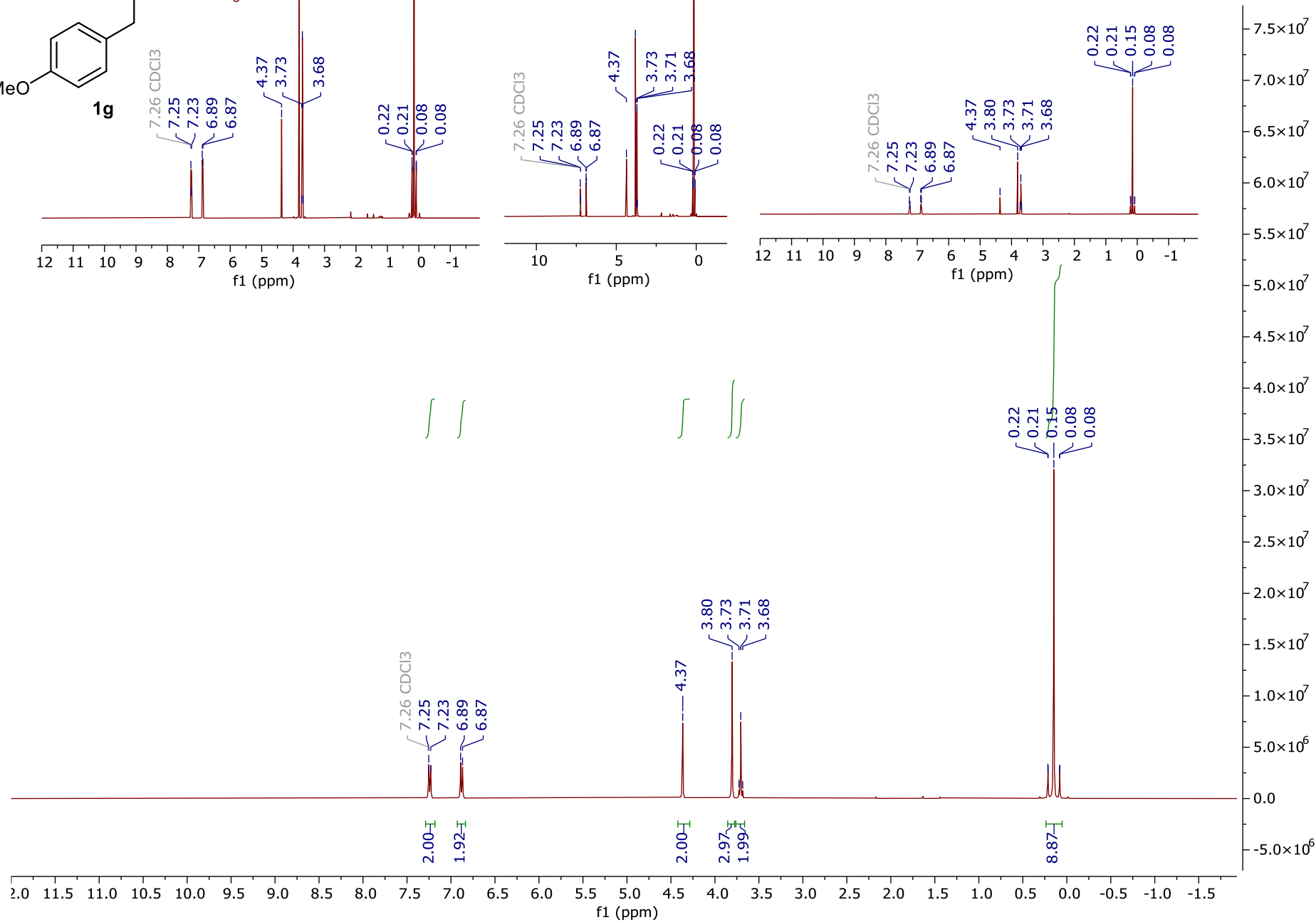
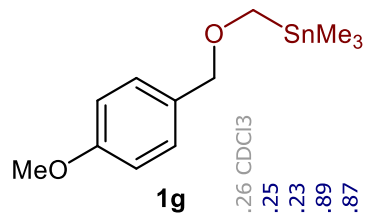


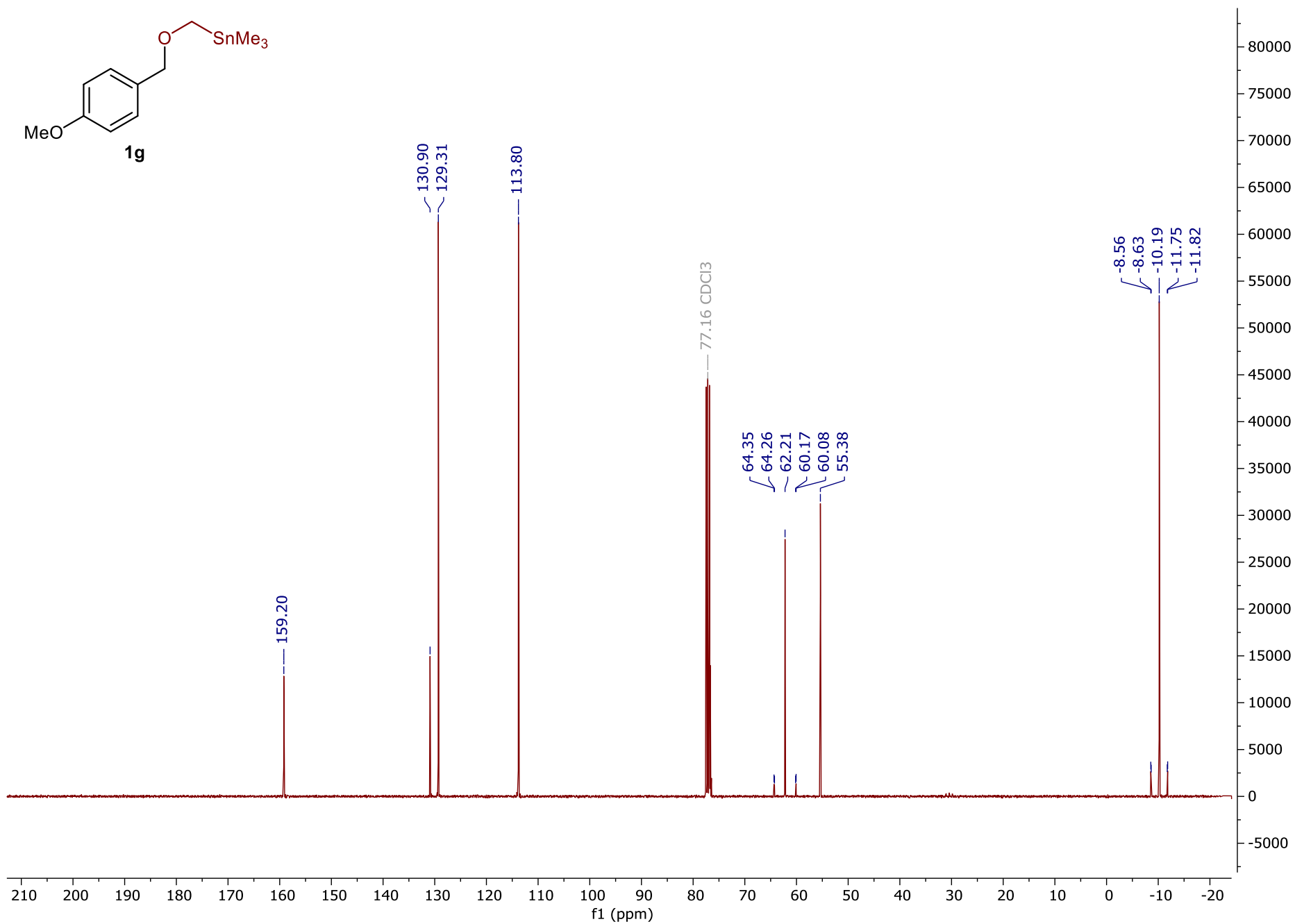
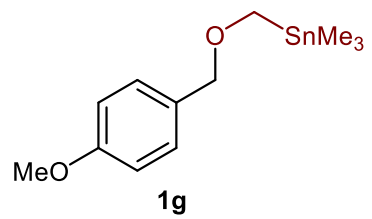


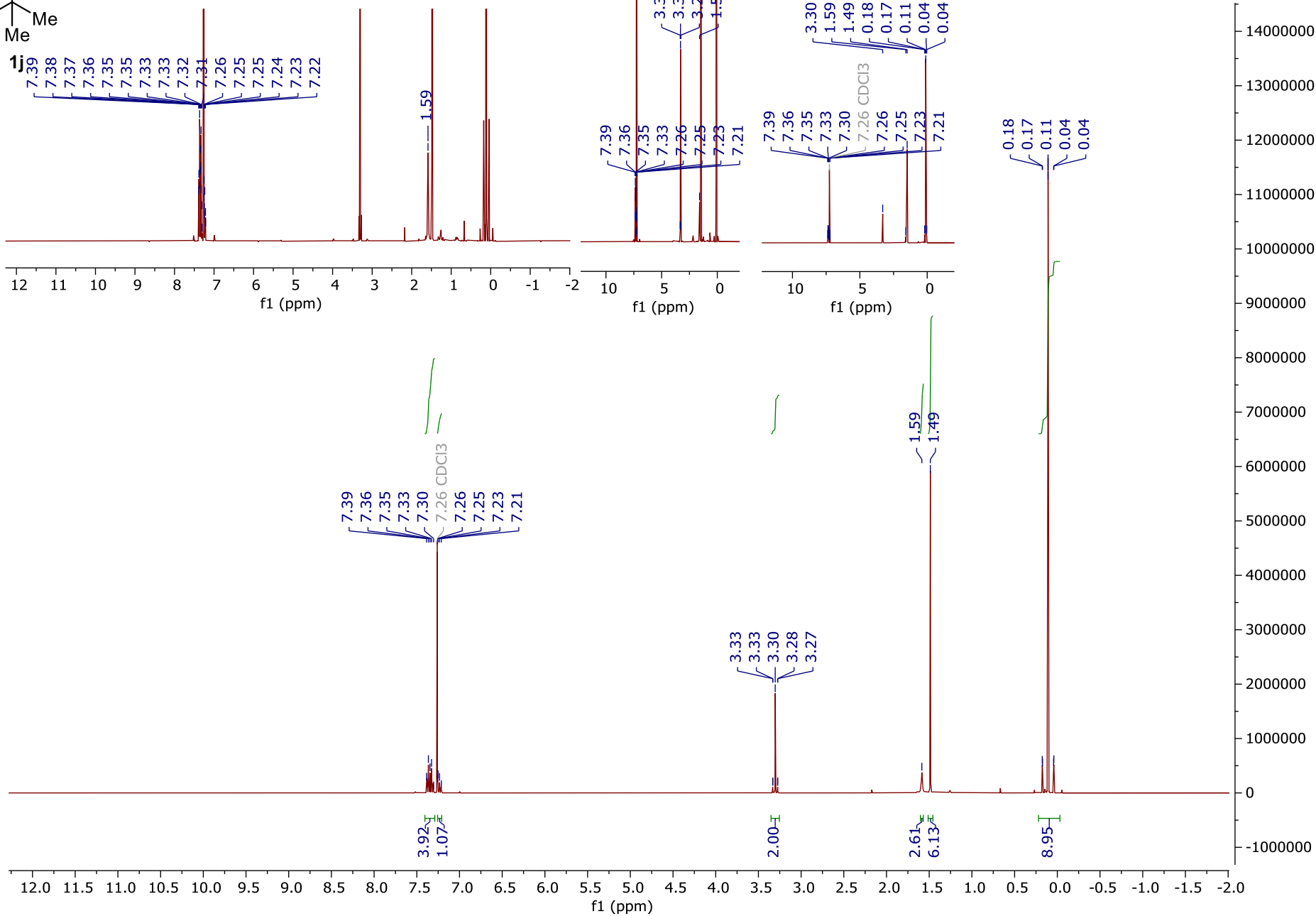
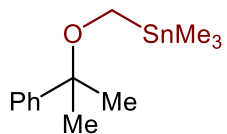


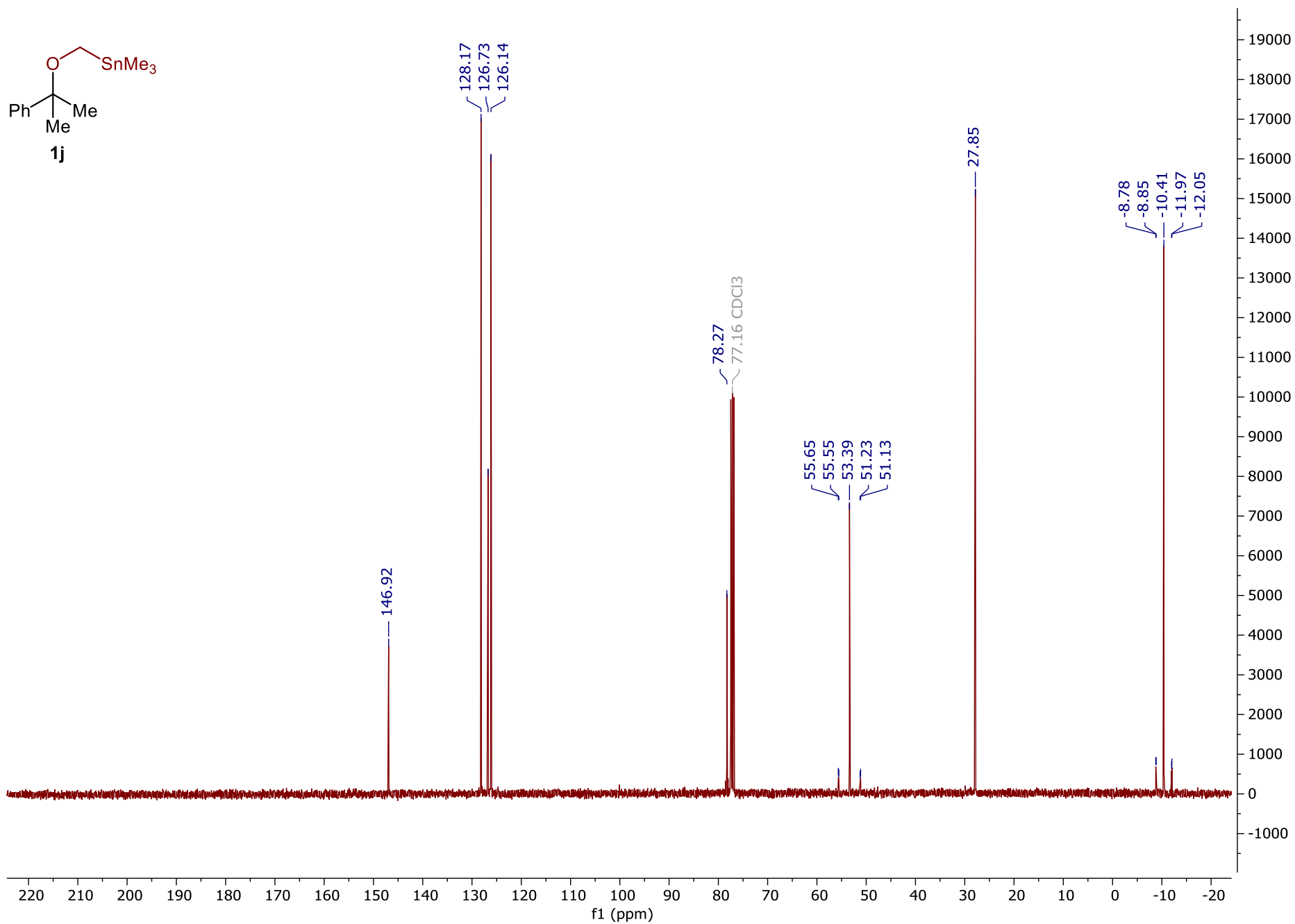
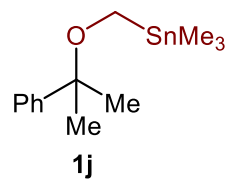


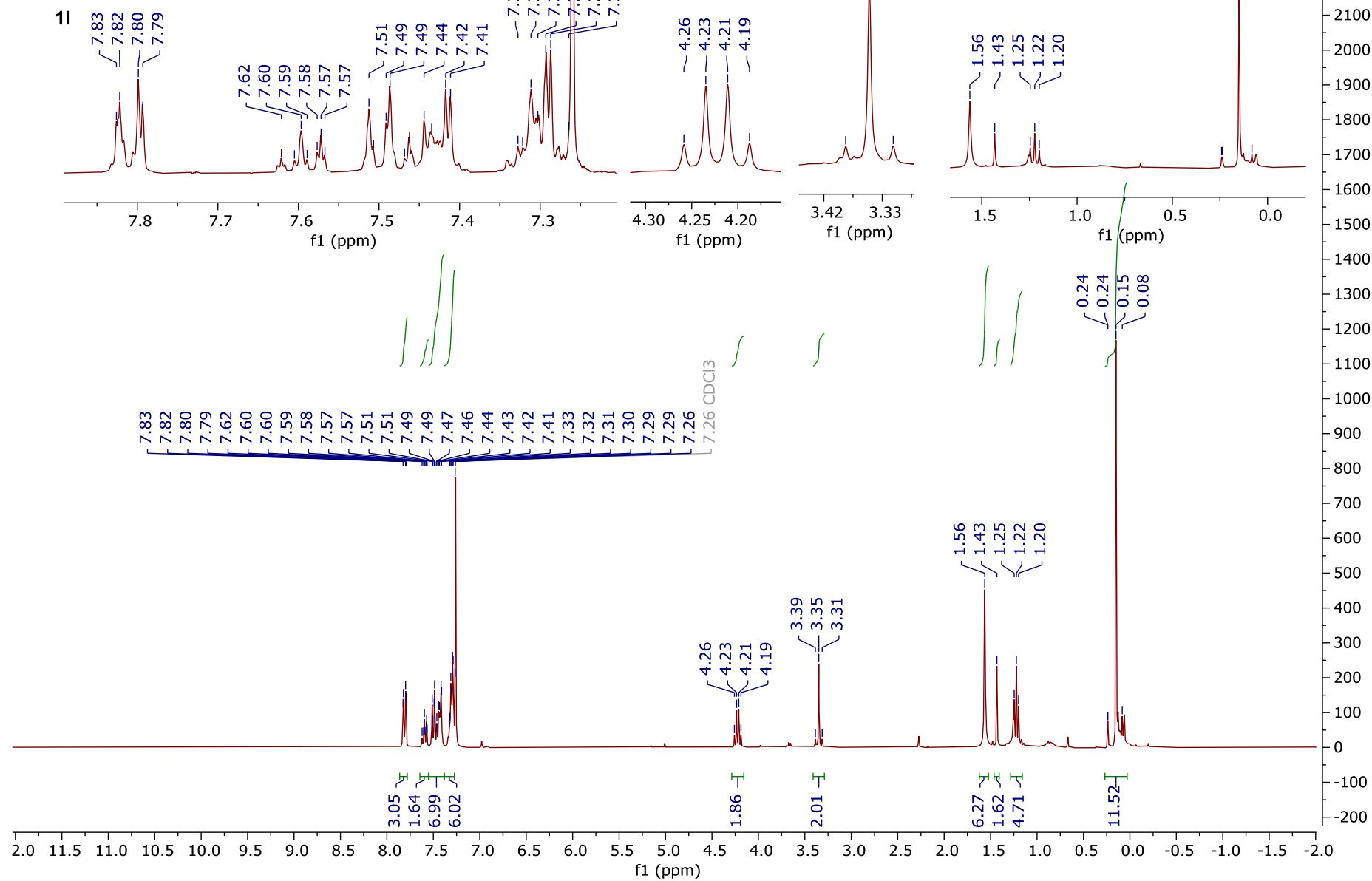
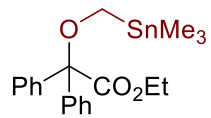




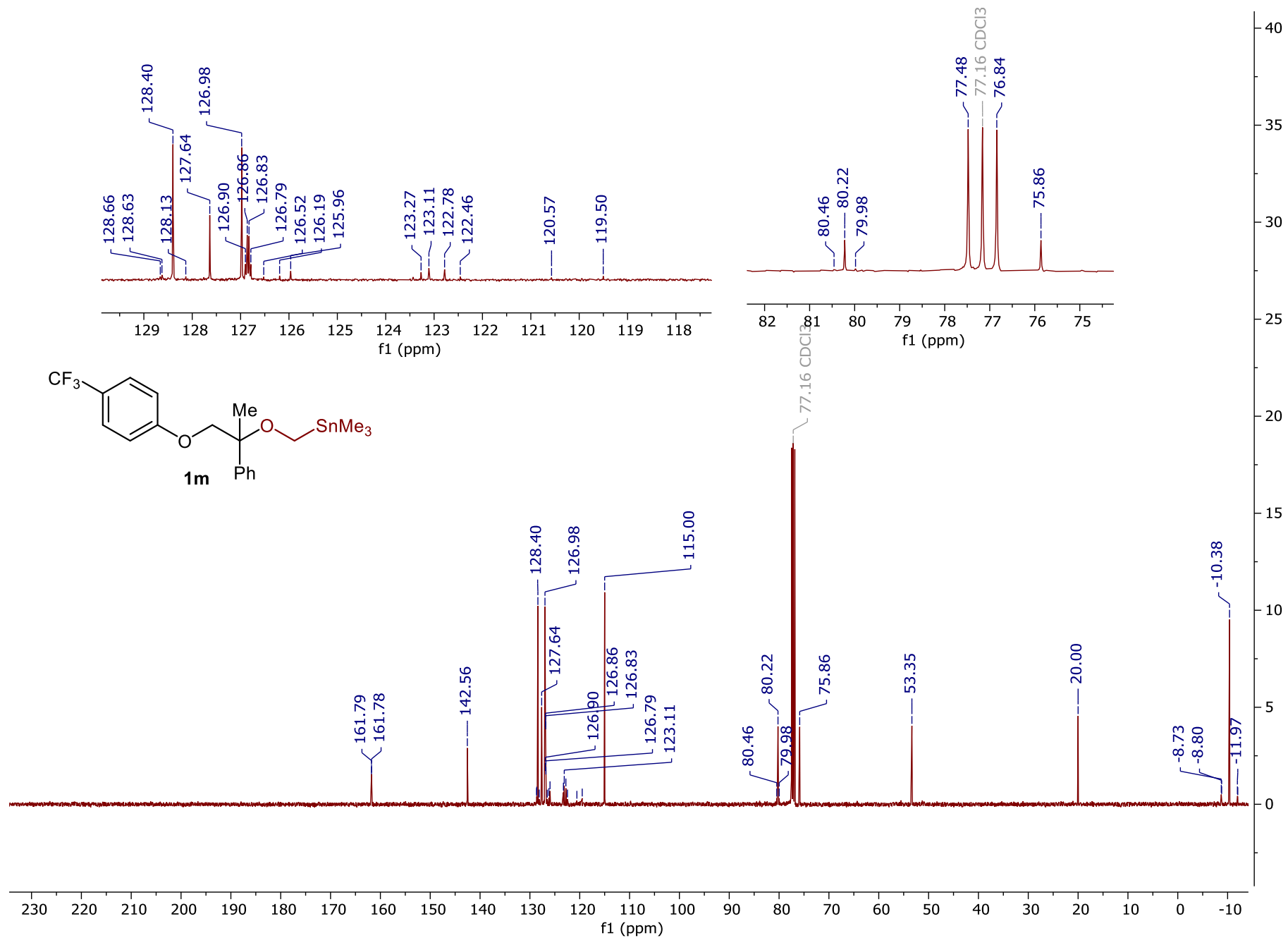


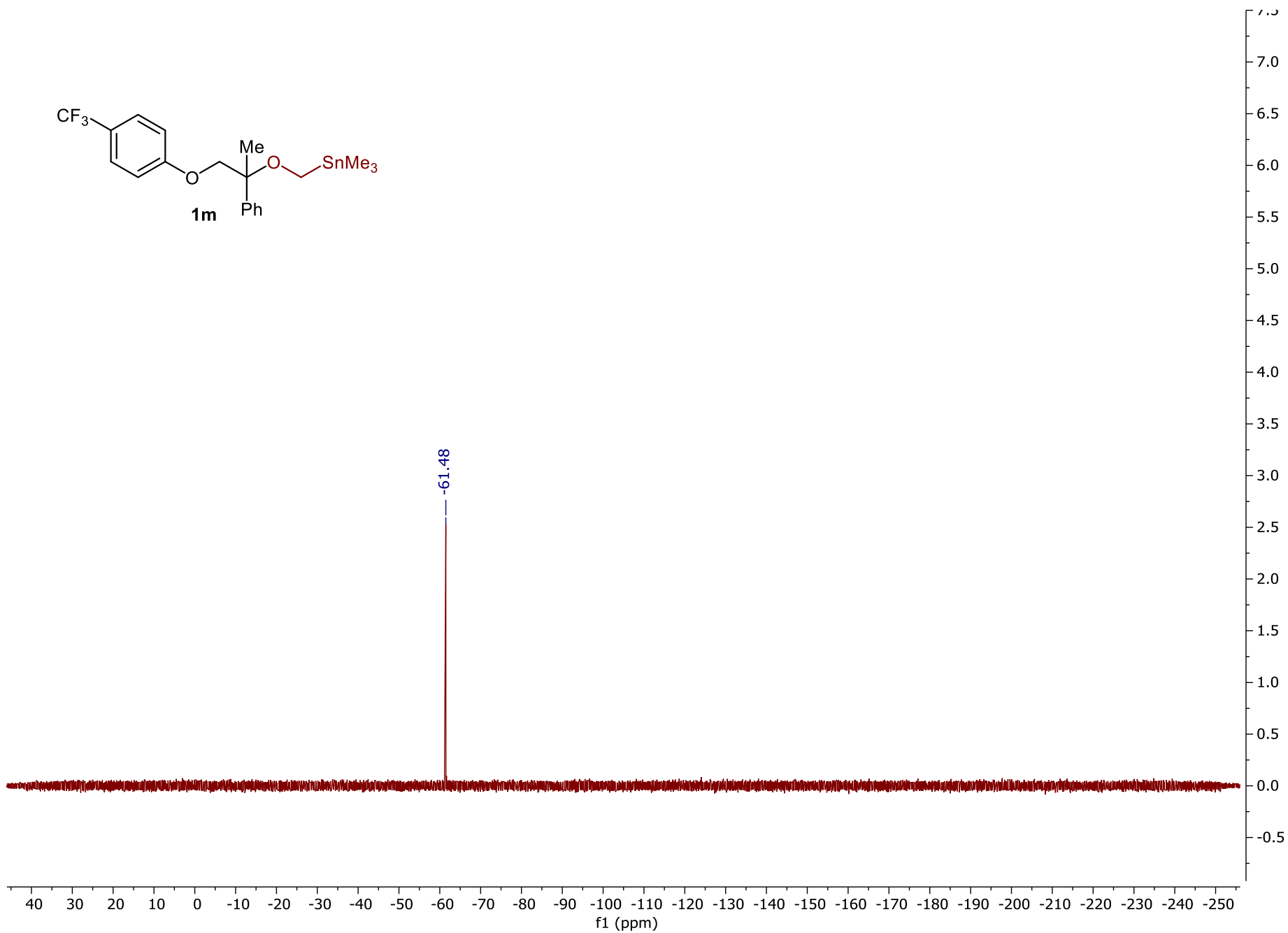
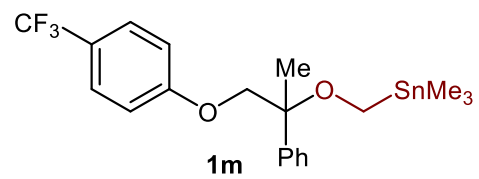


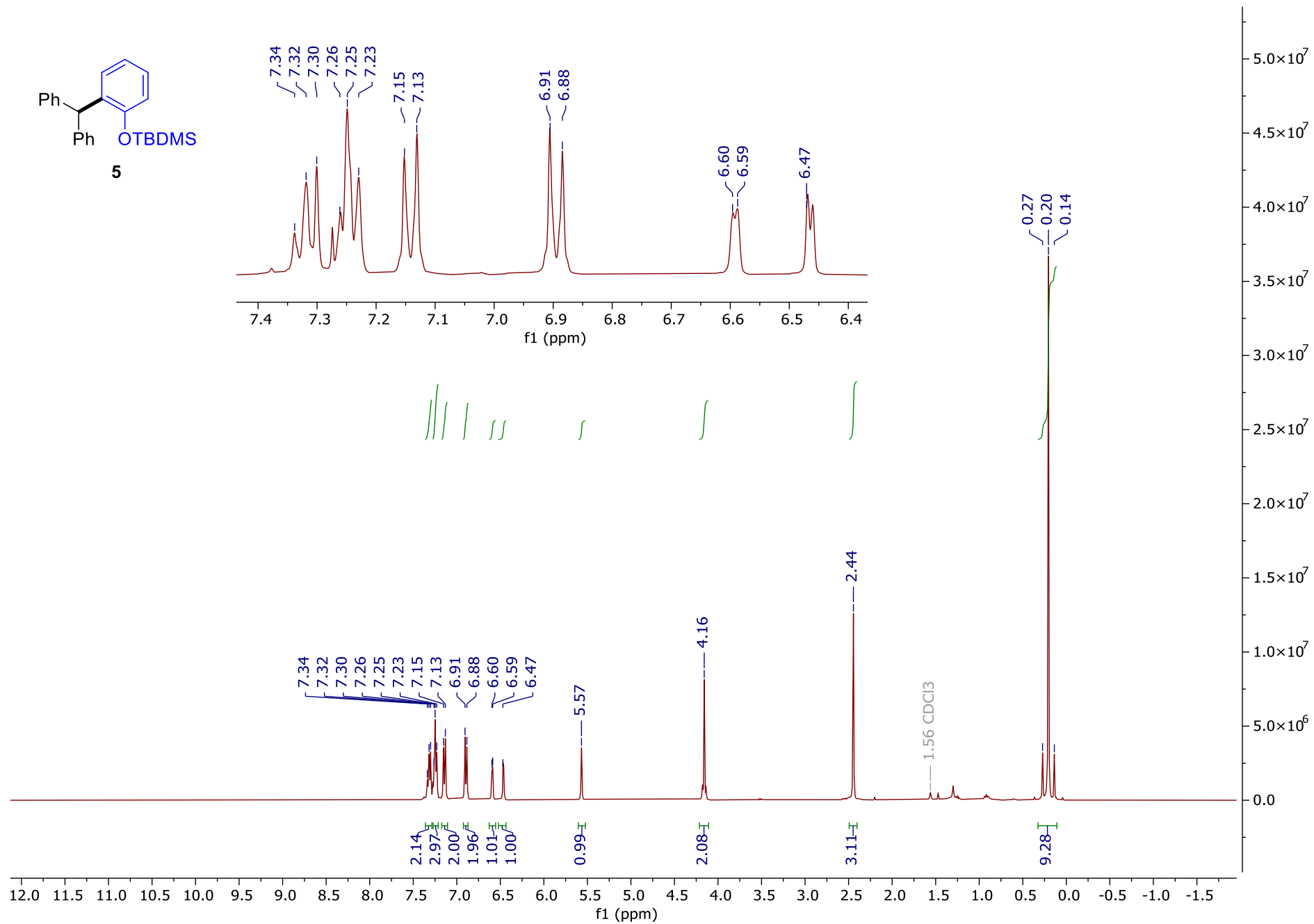
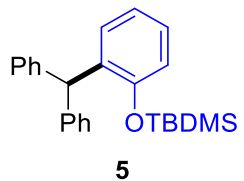


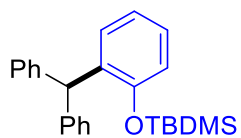












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